

Report from Cyprus on the monitoring of the implementation of Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (POPs Regulation)

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Introduction and background

Persistent organic pollutants (POPs) are organic substances that persist in the environment, accumulate in living organisms and pose a risk to our health and the environment. They can be transported by air, water or migratory species across international borders, reaching regions where they have never been produced or used. International agreements for the risk management of POPs have been established as no region can manage the risks posed by these substances alone.

POPs are regulated worldwide by the UNECE Protocol on POPs ("the Protocol"), adopted in 1998 in Aarhus as part of the Convention on Long Range Transboundary Air Pollution (CLRTAP) and by the Stockholm Convention on POPs, adopted in 2001 and entered into force in 2004 ("the Convention").

The Protocol and the Convention are implemented in the European Union by the Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (the POPs Regulation) which repealed the original Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on POPs. The POPs Regulation aims to protect human health and the environment with specific control measures that:

- prohibit or severely restrict the production, placing on the market and use of POPs;
- minimise the environmental release of POPs that are formed as industrial by-products;
- make sure that stockpiles of restricted POPs are safely managed; and
- ensure the environmentally sound disposal of waste consisting of, or contaminated by POPs.

POPs are listed in three Annexes to the Regulation (Annex I – banned, Annex II – restricted, Annex III – unintentionally released POPs).

POP subject to waste management provisions set out in Article 7 are listed in Annex IV.

[List of substances subject to the POPs Regulation](#)

For more information for the Stockholm Convention and the UNECE Protocol on POPs, see the following links:

[Stockholm Convention on POPs](#)

[The 1998 Aarhus Protocol on Persistent Organic Pollutants \(POPs\)](#)

Scope and period of time covered by the national reports

Article 13 of the POPs Regulation covers the reporting requirements for Member States and the European Chemicals Agency. The Member States are required to draw up and publish a report containing information specified in its Article 13(1) and give the Commission and ECHA access to the information contained in it. The information contained in this report has been compiled by ECHA on the basis of the information provided by the Member State to ECHA in accordance of Article 8(g) of the POPs Regulation. The report has been published by ECHA in its webpage with the agreement of the Member State Competent Authority on POPs.

The information contained in the national reports pertains the period from 2019 onwards. However, some Member States might have included information from previous years in their national reports for completeness. The national reports are updated annually, as far as new information becomes available to the Member States, or at least every three years.

Information from previous years is reported in accordance with the Article 12 of the Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 and is available in the following Synthesis Reports:

[The first synthesis report for the period 2004-2006](#) [Annex I](#) [Annex II](#)

[The second synthesis report for the period 2007-2009](#)

[Summary of the third synthesis report for the period 2010-2012](#) [Part I](#) [Part II](#)

Section 1. Control of manufacturing, placing on the market and use of POPs

In accordance with Article 3 of the POPs Regulation, the manufacturing, placing on the market and use of substances listed in Annex I to the POPs Regulation is prohibited, while substances listed in Annex II are subject to restriction. Currently no substances are listed in Annex II.

Specific exemptions to the prohibition on manufacturing, placing on the market and use for certain substances are specified in the relevant entries of Annex I. In addition, as specified in Article 4(1), the manufacturing, placing on the market and use of substances listed in Annex I and II and use is permitted: (a) for use for laboratory-scale research or as a reference standard; (b) when the substance is present as an unintentional trace contaminant, as specified in the relevant entries of Annex I or II, in substances, mixtures or articles.

In accordance with Article 4(2), for a substance added to Annex I or II after 15 July 2019, Article 3 shall not apply for a six-month period if that substance is present in articles produced before or on the date that this Regulation becomes applicable to that substance. Article 3 shall not apply in the case of a substance being present in articles already in use before or on the date that this Regulation or Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants became applicable to that substance, whichever date came first.

Table 1. List of substances included in Annex I to the POPs Regulation.

Substance/group of substances (Link to substance infocard page)	Uses	Specific exemptions for the manufacturing, placing on the market and use
Aldrin	Pesticide	No
Alkanes C10-C13, chloro (short-chain chlorinated paraffins) (SCCPs)	Industrial chemical	No
Bis(pentabromophenyl) ether (decabromodiphenyl ether; decaBDE)	Industrial chemical	Yes. See Annex I to the POPs Regulation
Chlordane	Pesticide	No
Chlordecone	Pesticide	No
DDT (1,1,1-trichloro-2,2-bis(4-chlorophenyl)ethane)	Pesticide	No
Dicofol	Pesticide	No
Dieldrin	Pesticide	No
Endosulfan and its isomers	Pesticide	No
Endrin	Pesticide	No
Heptabromodiphenyl ether	Industrial chemical	Yes. See Annex I to the POPs Regulation
Heptachlor	Pesticide	No
Hexabromo-1,1'-biphenyl	Industrial chemical	No
Hexabromocyclododecane (HBCDD)	Industrial chemical	No
Hexabromodiphenyl ether	Industrial chemical	Yes. See Annex I to the POPs Regulation
Hexachlorobenzene	Industrial chemical and pesticide	No

Substance/group of substances (Link to substance infocard page)	Uses	Specific exemptions for the manufacturing, placing on the market and use
Hexachlorobuta-1,3-diene	Industrial chemical and pesticide	No
Hexachlorocyclohexanes, including lindane	Pesticide	No
Mirex	Pesticide	No
Pentabromodiphenyl ether	Industrial chemical	Yes. See Annex I to the POPs Regulation
Pentachlorobenzene	Industrial chemical and pesticide	No
Pentachlorophenol and its salts and esters	Pesticide	No
Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid and its derivatives (PFOS) C ₈ F ₁₇ SO ₂ X, (X = OH, Metal salt (O-M ⁺), halide, amide, and other derivatives including polymers)	Industrial chemical and pesticide	Yes. See Annex I to the POPs Regulation
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA), its salts and PFOA-related substances	Industrial chemical	Yes. See Annex I to the POPs Regulation
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)	Industrial chemical	No
Polychlorinated naphthalenes	Industrial chemical	No
Tetrabromodiphenyl ether	Industrial chemical	Yes. See Annex I to the POPs Regulation
Toxaphene	Industrial chemical	No

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Section 1.1. Manufacturing and placing on the market of substances listed in Annex I and II of POPs Regulation

Production, import or placing on the market of substances listed in the Annex I or II to the POPs Regulation has not taken place in Cyprus based on the information available to the national competent authority.

Section 1.2 Quantities manufactured and placed on the market per specific use

Production, import or placing on the market of substances listed in the Annex I or II to the POPs Regulation has not taken place in Cyprus based on the information available to the national competent authority.

Section 2. Stockpiles notified in accordance with Article 5(2)

In accordance with Article 5(2) of Regulation (EU) No 2019/1021, the holder of a stockpile greater than 50 kg, consisting of or containing any substance listed in Annex I or II, and the use of which is permitted shall provide the competent authority of the Member State in which the stockpile is established with information concerning the nature and size of that stockpile. Such information shall be provided within 12 months of the date that this Regulation or Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 became applicable to that substance, whichever date came first for the holder, and of relevant amendments to Annex I or II and annually thereafter until the deadline specified in Annex I or II for the restricted use.

The POPs Regulation defines 'Stockpile' as substances, mixtures or articles accumulated by the holder that consist of or contain any substance listed in Annex I or II.

In addition, Cyprus has provided information from their national PCB inventories, which is included in the table below. The Member States are required establish and maintain inventories of equipment with PCB volumes of more than 5 dm³ in accordance to the Directive 96/59/EC on the disposal of PCB/PCT and to send summaries of those inventories to the Commission. More information on the stockpile notifications reported by Cyprus is available in the Appendix A.

Table 2. Number of stockpile notifications.

Substance/ Group of substances	Year of notification	Stockpile type	Number of Notified Stockpiles	Total quantity of the stockpiles(tonnes)*
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)	2015	mixture	11	2.324
	2017	mixture	1	0.755

* The total quantity of the stockpile for mixtures and articles is calculated as the sum of the total weight of the mixtures or articles consisting of or containing the substance. The total quantity of the POP substances cannot be calculated as the concentration of the substance in the articles or mixtures is not always reported.

Section 3. Releases to the environment of unintentionally produced POPs

In line with the Protocol and the Convention, releases of POPs which are unintentional by-products of industrial and other anthropogenic thermal processes (e.g. residential combustion) should be identified and reduced as soon as possible, with the ultimate aim of eliminating the emissions, where feasible.

As set out in Article 6 of the POPs Regulation, the Member States draw up and maintain inventories for the substances listed in Annex III (see below) released into air, water and land, in accordance with their obligations under the Convention and the Protocol. Member States report on their action plans for reducing emissions of unintentionally formed POPs in their national implementation plans (see section 8).

ANNEX III - List of substances subject to release reduction provisions

Polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins and dibenzofurans (PCDD/PCDF)
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)
Hexachlorobenzene (HCB) (CAS No 118-74-1)
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)
Pentachlorobenzene (CAS No 608-93-5)
Hexachlorobutadiene (CAS No 87-68-3)
Polychlorinated naphthalenes (CAS No 70776-03-3 and others)

The reporting obligations for releases of unintentionally produced POPs is, in addition to the POPs Regulation, governed by other international, EU and national policy frameworks. Consequently, Member States and the industry sector report data on releases to various institutions, and the data is published in different databases and websites.

In the sections below, it is described which releases are reported where, and by whom and links are provided to the relevant data and reports.

The information on releases provided by the Member States to ECHA, and included in their national reports, does not include inventories which are reported in accordance with the Protocol and/or the European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (E-PRTR) in publicly available databases (see below for more detail).

Estimates on releases to air reported by Cyprus under the Protocol.

The European Union and its Member States report estimates of PCDD/PCDF, PCB, HCB and PAHs released to air to the European Environmental Agency (EEA) and the European Monitoring and Evaluation Programme - Centre on Emission Inventories and Projection (EMEP-CEIP) in accordance with the obligations under the Protocol.

Emission time trends in Europe of HCB, PCB, PCDD/PCDF and PAHs to air can be found as interactive graphs and tables in the EEA webpage below:

<https://www.eea.europa.eu/data-and-maps/indicators/eea32-persistent-organic-pollutant-pop-emissions-1/assessment-10>

“Persistent organic pollutants emissions in Europe” is an EEA indicator. The EEA publishes information about emission reduction of POPs to air in the EU, as well as in individual Member States, which can be accessed here:

<http://www.eea.europa.eu/ims/persistent-organic-pollutant-emissions-in-europe>

Emission data for Cyprus displayed as a time trend for the substances below can also be found from the respective links to the EMEP-CEIP Data viewer.

[PCCD/PCDF](#) [PAHs](#) [PCB](#) [HCB](#)

Additional reports, as well as information on the review process of emission inventories under LRTAP Convention can be found in the CEIP webpage (<https://www.ceip.at/>).

The annual emission data reported by the Member States and the EU under the Protocol (Inventory files NFR), as well as the informative inventory reports (IIRs) can be downloaded from the EMEP-CEIP webpage (see annual submissions at the top of the page to view the overview table). The IIRs provide detailed information about the reported data, including explanations of pollutant trends and key sources of emission. In addition to POPs, emission data on other air pollutants covered by the different Protocols to the CLRTAP, such as heavy metals, nitrogen oxides and sulphur oxides, are also reported

<https://www.ceip.at/status-of-reporting-and-review-results>

The database (mdb file) of annual emission data for the EU Member States can also be downloaded from the EEA webpage:

<https://www.eea.europa.eu/data-and-maps/data/national-emissions-reported-to-the-convention-on-long-range-transboundary-air-pollution-lrtap-convention-15>

The EMEP/EEA air pollutant emission inventory guidebook provides guidance on estimating emissions of POPs and other air pollutants from both anthropogenic and natural emission sources and is designed to facilitate reporting of comparable and consistent air pollutant emissions inventory data.

<https://www.eea.europa.eu/publications/emep-eea-guidebook-2019>

Estimates on releases to air reported by Cyprus under the Convention

The Member States report data on unintentional releases to air water and land to the Convention. In order to assist the preparation of the inventories on releases, the Convention has developed The Toolkit for Identification and Quantification of Releases of Dioxins, Furans and Other Unintentional POPs. The data on emissions reported to the Convention can be accessed through the Convention Reporting Dashboard and the national report database.

http://ers.pops.int/eRSodataReports2/ReportSC_DashBoard.html

<http://chm.pops.int/Countries/Reporting/NationalReports/tabid/3668/Default.aspx>

Additional information on emissions of POPs reported by industrial facilities under the E-PRTR

The Regulation (EC) No 166/2006 on the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (the E-PRTR Regulation) has established a publicly accessible electronic database containing key environmental data from industrial facilities in Europe. The European Industrial Emissions Portal provides easily accessible data on emissions reported under the E-PRTR. The portal replaced the E-PRTR website in June 2021.

<https://industry.eea.europa.eu/>

All Annex III POPs are covered by the E-PRTR, for a list of pollutants with their description, characteristics and reporting thresholds visit the Pollutants page of the European Industrial Emissions Portal. The legal reporting requirements are defined in the Regulation (EC) No 166/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 January 2006 concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register and amending Council Directives 91/689/EEC and 96/61/EC.

Additional data on on emissions of POPs:

No further data on emission of substances listed in Annex III to the POPs Regulation is available in Cyprus.

Section 4. Monitoring data on POPs available in IPCHEM

The CA on POPs from Cyprus has not indicated in their report whether environmental monitoring data on substances listed in Part A of Annex III of the POPs regulation has been made available in IPCHEM. Nevertheless, data collections covering POPs in Cyprus might be available in the platform. Further information can be found in:

<https://ipchem.jrc.ec.europa.eu>

Section 5. Art. 7(4)(b)(iv) notifications on the derogation for waste treatment

In accordance with Article 7(2) of the POPs Regulation, notwithstanding Council Directive 96/59/EC on the disposal of polychlorinated biphenyls and polychlorinated terphenyls (PCB/PCT), waste consisting of, containing or contaminated by any substance listed in Annex IV to the POPs Regulation shall be disposed of or recovered, without undue delay and in accordance with Part 1 of Annex V to the POPs Regulation, in such a way as to ensure that the POP content is destroyed or irreversibly transformed so that the remaining waste and releases do not exhibit the characteristics of POPs.

As specified in Article 7(4), by way of derogation from the second paragraph of Article 7, a Member State or the competent authority designated by that Member State may, in exceptional cases, allow wastes listed in Part 2 of Annex V containing or contaminated by a substance listed in Annex IV up to concentration limits specified in Part 2 of Annex V to be otherwise dealt with in accordance with a method listed in Part 2 of Annex V, provided that the following conditions are fulfilled.

- (i) the holder concerned has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the competent authority of the Member State concerned that decontamination of the waste in relation to substances listed in Annex IV was not feasible, and that destruction or irreversible transformation of the POP content, performed in accordance with best environmental practice or best available techniques, does not represent the environmentally preferable option and the competent authority has subsequently authorised the alternative operation;
- (ii) the holder concerned has provided information on the POP content of the waste to the competent authority;
- (iii) the operation is in accordance with relevant Union legislation and with the conditions laid down in relevant additional measures referred to in paragraph 5;
- (iv) the Member State concerned has informed the other Member States, the Agency and the Commission of its authorisation and the justification for it.

No authorisation for the derogation on the treatment of waste in accordance for the Article 7(4)(b)(i) have been granted by Cyprus.

Section 6. Enforcement - controls, infringements and enforcement measures

In order to ensure transparency, impartiality and consistency at the level of enforcement activities, Member States should lay down rules on penalties applicable to infringements of the POPs Regulation and ensure that they are implemented. Those penalties should be effective, proportionate and dissuasive, since non-compliance can result in damage to human health and to the environment.

The Member States are responsible for the enforcement of the POPs Regulation. In this section, the number of official controls carried out by Cyprus in which the POPs regulation was covered, the number of cases of non compliance and enforcement measures are presented. The information on numbers of controls was reported by the Member States in their reports submitted under Art 13(1) of the POPs Regulation. The template for reporting the information on controls was agreed with the Forum for Exchange of Information on Enforcement.

Controls are understood as inspections or investigations or monitoring, or other enforcement measures carried out by enforcement authorities. Therefore, the number of controls takes into account the total number of enforcement related activities carried out by Cyprus. Controls can relate to products (substances, articles, mixtures) in case of controlling some requirements (for instance restrictions on the manufacturing, placing on the market and use) and to duty holders in case of controlling other requirements (e.g. stockpiles).

Table 2. Number of official controls carried out by Cyprus in which the POPs regulation was covered and the number cases of non-compliance.

Year	Total number of controls in which the POPs Regulation was covered and/or enforced	Number of official controls which addressed the following requirements:			Number of cases of non-compliance found for each of the following requirements (out of the total number of controls which addressed each requirement)		
		Manufacturing, placing on the market and use (Art. 3)	Stockpiles (Art. 5)	Waste management (Art. 7)	Manufacturing, placing on the market and use (Art. 3)	Stockpiles (Art. 5)	Waste management (Art. 7)
2019	8		0	8	0		0
2020	8		0	8	0		0
2021	9		9	10	0		0

Note: The summed number of controls addressing the specific duties listed on the table does not have to equal the total number of controls for that year as there may also be controls of other duties under the POPs Regulation and overlap of provisions controlled within one interaction (inspection, desktop assessment etc.).

Data from the controls from the year preceding the publication of the report might be updated as new information becomes available to Cyprus.

Table 3. Number of official controls in Cyprus which resulted in no measures or enforcement actions.

Year	No measures	Verbal advice	Written advice	Public announcement	Admin. measures /orders	Withdrawal/recall of products from the market, confiscation or seizure, ban of sale/use, destruction of non-compliant products or waste	Fines	Suspension or revocation of business license	Imprisonment	Other legal enforcement action
2019		0	0							
2020		0	0							
2021		8	1							

Data from the controls in the year preceding the publication of the report might be updated as new information becomes available to the Member States.

Section 7. Sites contaminated with POPs

The Member States can optionally include in this section information concerning sites contaminated with POPs located in their country. Cyprus has taken measures to identify sites contaminated by POPs. Information on the identified contaminated sites is included in table 4.

Table 4. Sites contaminated with POPs in Cyprus.

Brief description of the site	POPs in the site	Management strategy developed for the site	Further information in the NIP
Askarel is a contaminated site located in Limassol where soils impregnated with transformer oil (also known as Askarel Oil) containing polychlorinated biphenyl (PCBs) were buried in 1992 by the Cyprus Government in specially constructed underground reservoirs.	Polychlorinated biphenyl (PCBs)	The competent authority implements an annual monitoring program of the site which includes underground waters and surface soils sampling and PCBs analysis. The last comprehensive evaluation of the site by external experts was carried out in 2003. The competent authority is currently in the process of a second evaluation of the site by external experts.	Yes, National Implementation Plan of Stockholm Convention for Persistent Organic Pollutants (November 2019).

Section 8. National implementation plans

The national implementation plan (NIP) and its subsequent updates are prepared by the EU and its Member States in accordance with its obligations under the Stockholm Convention. The NIPs are publicly available in the Convention webpage:

<http://chm.pops.int/Implementation/NationalImplementationPlans/NIPTransmission/tabid/253/Default.aspx>

Table 5. Status of the initial NIP from Cyprus and its subsequent updates.

	Status	Mechanisms for public participation during the development of the NIP
Initial NIP	Transmitted to the SC	YES
Update addressing COP 4 amendments	Transmitted to the SC	YES
Update addressing COP 5 amendments	Transmitted to the SC	YES
Update addressing COP 6 amendments	Transmitted to the SC	YES
Update addressing COP 7 amendments	Transmitted to the SC	YES
Update addressing COP 8 amendments	Transmitted to the SC	YES
Update addressing COP 9 amendments	Transmitted to the SC	YES

Section 9. Provision of technical and financial assistance

In accordance with Articles 12 and 13 of the Convention, the Commission and the Member States shall cooperate in providing appropriate and timely technical and financial assistance to developing countries and countries with economies in transition to assist them, upon request and within available resources and taking into account their particular needs, to develop and strengthen their capacity to fully implement their obligations under the Convention. Such support may also be channeled through Regional Centres, as identified under the Convention, non-governmental organisations or the European Chemicals Agency.

The task of regional and subregional centres (SCRCs) established by the Stockholm Convention is to provide technical assistance and to promote the transfer of technology to developing country Parties and Parties with economies in transition relating to the implementation of their obligations under the Convention. Information on their work plans and activity reports is available in the Convention website.

<http://chm.pops.int/Partners/RegionalCentres/Overview/tabid/425/Default.aspx>

Additional financial/technical assistance to third countries is also provided through multilateral channels such as the Global Environmental Facility (GEF), the Stockholm Convention Trust funds, Strategic Approach to International Chemicals Management (SAICM) Quick Start Programme, or the UN Special Programme. The financial contribution of the MS to the different instruments, as well as information about the projects founded is publicly available on the following websites:

- The GEF Projects database. Focal area: Chemicals and Waste. The GEF provides funding to assist developing countries in meeting the objectives of international environmental conventions. The GEF serves as a "financial mechanism" to the Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs).

https://www.thegef.org/projects-operations/database?f%5B0%5D=focal_areas%3A2206

- The SAICM Quick Start Programme Projects:

<http://www.saicm.org/QuickStartProgramme/Projects/tabid/5470/language/en-US/Default.aspx>

- The UN Special (chemical and waste) programme projects database:

<https://www.unenvironment.org/explore-topics/chemicals-waste/what-we-do/special-programme/special-programme-projects-database>

The Member States can optionally include in this section further information on the provision of financial and technical assistance to third countries.

Section 10. Information exchange measures and awareness programmes

In accordance with Article 11(2) of the POPs Regulation, the Commission, the European Chemicals Agency and the Member States, as appropriate, shall promote and facilitate with regard to POPs:

- (a) awareness programmes, including relating to their health and environmental effects and their alternatives and on the reduction or elimination of their manufacture, use and release, especially for:
 - (i) policy- and decision-makers;
 - (ii) particularly vulnerable groups;
- (b) the provision of public information;
- (c) training, including workers, scientists, educators and technical and managerial personnel.

The Member States can optionally report on their information exchange activities under this section.

Appendix A. Stockpile notifications

Information about the specific stockpile notifications received by Cyprus is included in this section.

Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)

Code assigned to the stockpile for the report	CY0000000001
Date of Notification	22/06/2015
Substance or Group of Substances	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)
Substance member of a group	1,1'-Biphenyl, chloro derivs.
EC number	215-648-1
CAS number	1336-36-3
Stockpile type	mixture
Description of the mixture (optional)	Oil in transformer
Total mass of the stockpile (tonnes)	0.05
Concentration of the POP in the mixture or article (mg/kg)	51
Quantity of the Substance (tonnes)	0.00000255
Management Measures in place	
Intended use / article description	
Additional information	

Code assigned to the stockpile for the report	CY0000000002
Date of Notification	22/06/2015
Substance or Group of Substances	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)
Substance member of a group	1,1'-Biphenyl, chloro derivs.
EC number	215-648-1
CAS number	1336-36-3
Stockpile type	mixture
Description of the mixture (optional)	Oil in tranformer
Total mass of the stockpile (tonnes)	0.13
Concentration of the POP in the mixture or article (mg/kg)	54
Quantity of the Substance (tonnes)	0.00000702
Management Measures in place	
Intended use / article description	
Additional information	

Code assigned to the stockpile for the report	CY0000000003
Date of Notification	08/07/2015
Substance or Group of Substances	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)
Substance member of a group	1,1'-Biphenyl, chloro derivs.
EC number	215-648-1
CAS number	1336-36-3
Stockpile type	mixture
Description of the mixture (optional)	Oil in transformer
Total mass of the stockpile (tonnes)	0.4
Concentration of the POP in the mixture or article (mg/kg)	378
Quantity of the Substance (tonnes)	0.0001512
Management Measures in place	A methodology regarding H&S for transformers cleaning is provided.
Intended use / article description	
Additional information	

Code assigned to the stockpile for the report	CY0000000004
Date of Notification	08/07/2015
Substance or Group of Substances	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)
Substance member of a group	1,1'-Biphenyl, chloro derivs.
EC number	215-648-1
CAS number	1336-36-3
Stockpile type	mixture
Description of the mixture (optional)	Oil in tranformer
Total mass of the stockpile (tonnes)	0.018
Concentration of the POP in the mixture or article (mg/kg)	129
Quantity of the Substance (tonnes)	0.000002322
Management Measures in place	Regular inspections by the stockpile holder's engineers./The transformer is stored on impervious surface.
Intended use / article description	
Additional information	

Code assigned to the stockpile for the report	CY0000000005
Date of Notification	08/07/2015
Substance or Group of Substances	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)
Substance member of a group	1,1'-Biphenyl, chloro derivs.
EC number	215-648-1
CAS number	1336-36-3
Stockpile type	mixture
Description of the mixture (optional)	Oil in tranformer
Total mass of the stockpile (tonnes)	0.112
Concentration of the POP in the mixture or article (mg/kg)	97
Quantity of the Substance (tonnes)	0.000010864
Management Measures in place	Regular inspections by the stockpile holder's engineers./The transformer is stored on impervious surface.
Intended use / article description	
Additional information	

Code assigned to the stockpile for the report	CY0000000006
Date of Notification	08/07/2015
Substance or Group of Substances	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)
Substance member of a group	1,1'-Biphenyl, chloro derivs.
EC number	215-648-1
CAS number	1336-36-3
Stockpile type	mixture
Description of the mixture (optional)	Oil in transformer
Total mass of the stockpile (tonnes)	0.088
Concentration of the POP in the mixture or article (mg/kg)	62
Quantity of the Substance (tonnes)	0.000005456
Management Measures in place	Regular inspections by the stockpile holder's engineers./The transformer is stored on impervious surface.
Intended use / article description	
Additional information	

Code assigned to the stockpile for the report	CY0000000007
Date of Notification	08/07/2015
Substance or Group of Substances	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)
Substance member of a group	1,1'-Biphenyl, chloro derivs.
EC number	215-648-1
CAS number	1336-36-3
Stockpile type	mixture
Description of the mixture (optional)	Oil in tranformer
Total mass of the stockpile (tonnes)	0.018
Concentration of the POP in the mixture or article (mg/kg)	92
Quantity of the Substance (tonnes)	0.000001656
Management Measures in place	Regular inspections by the stockpile holder's engineers./The transformer is stored on impervious surface.
Intended use / article description	
Additional information	

Code assigned to the stockpile for the report	CY0000000008
Date of Notification	09/07/2015
Substance or Group of Substances	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)
Substance member of a group	1,1'-Biphenyl, chloro derivs.
EC number	215-648-1
CAS number	1336-36-3
Stockpile type	mixture
Description of the mixture (optional)	Oil in tranformer
Total mass of the stockpile (tonnes)	
Concentration of the POP in the mixture or article (mg/kg)	439
Quantity of the Substance (tonnes)	
Management Measures in place	The transformer is out of order/will be removed.
Intended use / article description	
Additional information	

Code assigned to the stockpile for the report	CY0000000009
Date of Notification	17/07/2015
Substance or Group of Substances	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)
Substance member of a group	1,1'-Biphenyl, chloro derivs.
EC number	215-648-1
CAS number	1336-36-3
Stockpile type	mixture
Description of the mixture (optional)	Oil in tranformer
Total mass of the stockpile (tonnes)	0.746
Concentration of the POP in the mixture or article (mg/kg)	96
Quantity of the Substance (tonnes)	0.000071616
Management Measures in place	Maintenance by the EAC/The transformer is stored on impervious surface.
Intended use / article description	
Additional information	

Code assigned to the stockpile for the report	CY0000000010
Date of Notification	28/08/2015
Substance or Group of Substances	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)
Substance member of a group	1,1'-Biphenyl, chloro derivs.
EC number	215-648-1
CAS number	1336-36-3
Stockpile type	mixture
Description of the mixture (optional)	Oil in transformer
Total mass of the stockpile (tonnes)	0.022
Concentration of the POP in the mixture or article (mg/kg)	100
Quantity of the Substance (tonnes)	0.0000022
Management Measures in place	Regular inspections by the stockpile holder's engineers./The transformer is stored on impervious surface.
Intended use / article description	
Additional information	

Code assigned to the stockpile for the report	CY0000000011
Date of Notification	09/09/2015
Substance or Group of Substances	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)
Substance member of a group	1,1'-Biphenyl, chloro derivs.
EC number	215-648-1
CAS number	1336-36-3
Stockpile type	mixture
Description of the mixture (optional)	Oil in tranformer
Total mass of the stockpile (tonnes)	0.74
Concentration of the POP in the mixture or article (mg/kg)	58
Quantity of the Substance (tonnes)	0.00004292
Management Measures in place	The transformer is out of order/will be removed.
Intended use / article description	
Additional information	

Code assigned to the stockpile for the report	CY0000000012
Date of Notification	09/08/2017
Substance or Group of Substances	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)
Substance member of a group	1,1'-Biphenyl, chloro derivs.
EC number	215-648-1
CAS number	1336-36-3
Stockpile type	mixture
Description of the mixture (optional)	Oil in capacitor
Total mass of the stockpile (tonnes)	0.755
Concentration of the POP in the mixture or article (mg/kg)	
Quantity of the Substance (tonnes)	
Management Measures in place	The capacitor is out of order/will be removed
Intended use / article description	
Additional information	

Appendix B. Releases to the environment of unintentionally produced POPs - additional data

No further data on emission of substances listed in Annex III to the POPs Regulation is available in Cyprus.

Appendix C. Art. 7(4)(b)(iv) notifications

No authorisation for the derogation on the treatment of waste in accordance for the Article 7(4)(b)(i) have been granted by Cyprus.