

Helsinki, 30 March 2016

Addressee: [REDACTED]

Decision number: TPE-D-2114321194-60-01/F

Substance name: 1,1'-isopropylidenebis(p-phenyleneoxy)dipropan-2-ol

EC number: 204-137-9

CAS number: 116-37-0

Registration number: [REDACTED]

Submission number: [REDACTED]

Submission date: 16.06.2015

DECISION ON A TESTING PROPOSAL

Based on Article 40 of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (the 'REACH Regulation'), ECHA has taken the following decision.

Your testing proposal is accepted and you are requested to carry out:

- 1. Pre-natal developmental toxicity study (Annex X, Section 8.7.2.; test method: EU B.31./OECD TG 414) in a second species (rabbits), oral route using the registered substance.**

You may adapt the testing requested above according to the specific rules outlined in Annexes VI to X and/or according to the general rules contained in Annex XI of the REACH Regulation. In order to ensure compliance with the respective information requirement, any such adaptation will need to have a scientific justification, referring and conforming to the appropriate rules in the respective Annex, and an adequate and reliable documentation.

You are required to submit the requested information in an updated registration dossier by **9 October 2017**. You shall also update the chemical safety report, where relevant.

The reasons of this decision are set out in Appendix 1. The procedural history is described in Appendix 2. Advice and further observations are provided in Appendix 3.

Appeal

This decision can be appealed to the Board of Appeal of ECHA within three months of its notification. An appeal, together with the grounds thereof, shall be submitted to ECHA in writing. An appeal has suspensive effect and is subject to a fee. Further details are described under <http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/regulations/appeals>.]

Authorised^[1] by Claudio Carlon, Head of Unit, Evaluation E2

¹ As this is an electronic document, it is not physically signed. This communication has been approved according to ECHA's internal decision-approval process.

Appendix 1: Reasons

The decision of ECHA is based on the examination of the testing proposal(s) submitted by you.

1. Pre-natal developmental toxicity study (Annex X, Section 8.7.2.) in a second species

Examination of the testing proposal

Pursuant to Article 40(3)(a) of the REACH Regulation, ECHA may require the Registrant to carry out the proposed test.

Pre-natal developmental toxicity studies on two species are part of the standard information requirements for substance registered for 1000 tonnes or more per year (Annex IX, Section 8.7.2., column 1, Annex X, Section 8.7.2., column 1, and sentence 2 of introductory paragraph 2 of Annex X of the REACH Regulation).

The dossier contains a pre-natal developmental toxicity study in rats as first species. However, there is no information available for a pre-natal developmental toxicity study in a second species. Consequently there is an information gap for Annex X, Section 8.7.2. and it is necessary to provide information for this endpoint.

You have submitted a testing proposal for a pre-natal developmental toxicity study in a second species (rabbits) according to EU B.31/OECD TG 414.

ECHA considers that the proposed study performed with the registered substance is appropriate to fulfil the information requirement of Annex X, Section 8.7.2. of the REACH Regulation.

You proposed testing with rabbits as a second species. The test in the first species was carried out with rats. According to the test method EU B.31/OECD 414, the rat is the preferred rodent species and the rabbit the preferred non-rodent species. On the basis of this default consideration, ECHA considers testing should be performed with rabbits as a second species.

You proposed testing by the oral route. ECHA agrees that the oral route is the most appropriate route of administration for substances except gases to focus on the detection of hazardous properties on reproduction as indicated in ECHA *Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment* (version 4.0, July 2015) R.7a, chapter R.7.6.2.3.2. Since the substance to be tested is a liquid, ECHA concludes that testing should be performed by the oral route.

Outcome

Therefore, pursuant to Article 40(3)(a) of the REACH Regulation, you are thus requested to carry out the proposed study with the registered substance subject to the present decision: Pre-natal developmental toxicity study in a second species (rabbits), oral route (test method: EU B.31/OECD TG 414).

Notes for your consideration

For the selection of the appropriate species please consult ECHA's Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment R.7a, chapter R.7.6.2.3.2 (July 2015).

Deadline to submit the requested Information

In the draft decision communicated to you the time indicated to provide the requested information was 12 months from the date of adoption of the decision. In your comments on the draft decision, you requested an extension of the timeline to 18 months. You sought to justify this request by providing evidence on the time required to commission the work, carry out the test and update the dossier following receipt of the final report. ECHA accepts these arguments. Therefore, ECHA has granted the request and set the deadline to 18 months.

Appendix 2: Procedural history

ECHA received your registration containing the testing proposal for examination pursuant to Article 40(1) on 16 June 2015.

ECHA held a third party consultation for the testing proposals from 31 July 2015 until 14 September 2015. ECHA did not receive information from third parties.

This decision does not take into account any updates after 23 December 2015, 30 calendar days after the end of the commenting period.

The decision making followed the procedure of Articles 50 and 51 of the REACH Regulation:

ECHA notified you of the draft decision and invited you to provide comments. ECHA took into account your comments, which were sent within the commenting period, and they are reflected in the Reasons (Appendix 1).

ECHA notified the draft decision to the competent authorities of the Member States for proposal(s) for amendment(s). As no amendments were proposed, ECHA took the decision according to Article 51(3) of the REACH Regulation.

Appendix 3: Further information, observations and technical guidance

1. This decision does not imply that the information provided by the Registrant in his registration dossier is in compliance with the REACH requirements. The decision does not prevent ECHA from initiating a compliance check on the registration at a later stage.
2. Failure to comply with the request(s) in this decision, or to fulfil otherwise the information requirement(s) with a valid and documented adaptation, will result in a notification to the Enforcement Authorities of the Member States.
3. In relation to the information required by the present decision, the sample of substance used for the new test must be suitable for use by all the joint registrants. Hence, the sample should have a composition that is suitable to cover the substance composition that is given by the joint registrants. It is the responsibility of all joint registrants who manufacture or import the same substance to agree on the appropriate composition of the test material and to document the necessary information on their substance composition. In addition, it is important to ensure that the particular sample of substance tested in the new test is appropriate to assess the properties of the registered substance, taking into account any variation in the composition of the technical grade of the substance as actually manufactured by each registrant. If the registration of the substance by any registrant covers different grades, the sample used for the new test must be suitable to assess these grades. Finally there must be adequate information on substance identity for the sample tested and the grade(s) registered to enable the relevance of the test to be assessed.