Competent Authority Report



COPPER PYRITHIONE (PT 21)

DOCUMENT III A8

Measures necessary to protect humans, animals and the environment

API Corporation
Rapporteur Member State: Sweden

Draft December 2010



8.3 Emergency measures in case of an accident

First Aid measures

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing.

Wash immediately with plenty of water. Seek medical attention if necessary.

Eye contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of running

water and seek medical advice.

Inhalation: Rinse nose and mouth with water.

Remove patient to fresh air, allow to rest and

keep warm.

All recovered product should be packaged, labeled, transported, and disposed of or

reclaimed in conformity with applicable laws

and regulations.

Contaminated packaging: For disposing container, completely empty the container. Rinse empty container with water and dispose of container in a sanitary landfill.

API Corporation (a.s.) RMS: Sweden	Copper pyrithione, PT 21 CAR D	oc III A8
Section A8 Annex Point IIA8.1 – 8.7	Measures necessary to protect Man, Animals and the Environment	Official use only
	Preliminary treatment of the waste is not necessary.	100 1 62
8.5.1 Possibility of re-use or recycling	After being used as an ingredient (biocide) in anti-fouling paints, it's impossible to re-cycle because of difficulty of selecting materials from such paint systems. If material in spills is recovered in good crystalline powder condition, it may be used.	
8.5.2 Possibility of neutralisation of effects	Due to the physico-chemical properties of the compound (no ionisation, no pKa), neutralisation procedures are not applicable.	
8.5.3 Conditions for controlled discharge including leachate qualities on disposal	See 8.5.	
	A discharge to surface water is not allowed. No preliminary treatment for landfill is necessary.	
8.5.4 Conditions for controlled incineration	No special procedures are required but it's recomendable to pack 4-6 kgs of copper pyrithione powder into kraft paper bag to avoid dusting and put them into incinerator. Combustion danger is low.	
8.6 Observations on undesirable or unintended side-effects, for example, on beneficial and other non-target organisms	Based on the use of the compound as antifouling for ship hulls no undesirable or unintended side effects on e.g. beneficial and other marine non-target organisms are observed.	
	Furthermore based on the physico-chemical properties (e.g. vapour pressure) adverse effects on the air compartment, for example, which may contribute to the depletion of ozone layer, tropospheric ozone building, acidification, warming the atmosphere or degrading air quality are not expected (see Section 7.3.1 and Document IIC - environmental risk assessment).	
8.7 Identification of any substances falling within the scope of List I or List II of the Annex to Directive 80/68/EEC on the protection of ground water against pollution caused by certain dangerous substances	Copper is listed in List II, which contains individual substances and the categories of substances belonging to the families and groups of substances listed below which could have a harmful effect on groundwater.	
	However, based on the use of the compound as antifouling for ship hulls the environmental risk assessment shows that no pollution of the ground water occurs (see Document Π C).	

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	Evaluation by Competent Authorities
	EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE
Date	23 April 2009
Materials and methods	No comments
Conclusion	Acceptable
Reliability	
Acceptability	
Remarks	