

9 Classification and labelling

A CLH proposal was submitted to the Risk Assessment Committee (RAC) following the assessment of DBNPA in PT4.

Based on the information provided in the CLH dossier and additional information from the public consultation under the CLH procedure, the RAC issued the 13 June 2019 its Opinion on the proposal for classification and labelling of DBNPA. Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021-849 (ATP 17) amending Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 stated that the proposed classification of the RAC applies from 17 December 2022.

The resulting classification is Acute Tox. 2, H330, Acute Tox. 3, H301, STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory tract)(inhalation), Skin Irrit. 2, H315, Eye Dam. 1, H318, Skin Sens. 1, H317, Aquatic Acute 1, H400, Aquatic Chronic 1, H410. [REDACTED]

The classification of the active substance DBNPA according to Annex VI of Council Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 is given in Doc IIA table 1.5-1.

Table 1.5.1-1 Classification of DBNPA

Indication of danger:	Danger
Pictogram and signal word code(s):	GHS05, GHS06, GHS08, GHS09
Hazard statements:	H301, H330, H315, H317, H318, H372, H410
M-factor	M = 1 for aquatic acute and chronic
ATE	Inhalation: ATE = 0,24 mg/L (dust/mist) Oral: ATE = 118 mg/kg bw