IPBC Task ForceBiocidal active substance:Page 1-13-lodopropynylbutyl CarbamateDocument IIIA, Section A1(IPBC)March 2004

Section A1

Applicant

Annex Point IIA1

1.1 Applicant

Name: European Union IPBC Task Force (Arch Chemicals, Bayer Chemicals, Sostram Corp., Troy Corp.), c/o SCC

GmbH

Address:

Telephone:
Fax number:
E-mail address:

1.2 Manufacturer of Active Substance (if different)

Confidential information: Please refer to the "Confidential Data File"

1.3 Manufacturer of Product(s) (if different)

Not applicable: The Product Dossier is based on two model formulations.

1) Product 1

2) Product n

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	3-lodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	
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Section A2 Identity

Please refer to the "Confidential Data File" for information on Identity of IPBC for each Task Force Member.

Page 1-9 March 2004 Official use only Reference 112-002 A3.1.1/02 119-001 A3.1.1/03 112-001 A3.1.1/01 Reliability GLP (Y/N) Method: Differential Method: Capillary tube Method: Capillary tube Thermal Analysis Remarks/ Justification (DTA) Give also data on test pressure, temperature, pH and concentration range if necessary Physical and Chemical Properties of Active Substance result: 64.7 – 66.3 °C result: 65.5 – 66 °C pressure: ambient pressure: ambient pressure: ambient result: 63.6 °C 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate Biocidal active substance: Not exactly given ($\approx 98 \%$) Purity/ Specification As given in section 2 As given in section 2 (IPBC) EPA subdivision D series 63-5 EEC Directive 92/69 A 1 Method **OECD** 102 Melting point, boiling point, relative density (IIA3.1) Document IIIA, Section A3 Subsection (Annex Point) Melting pt. 2 Melting pt. 3 3.1.1 Melting point Melting pt. 1 IPBC Task Force Section A3 3.1

			1	
	119-002 A3.1.1/04		112-001 A3.1.1/01	
*	1	-	1	
	Y		>	
·	Method: Capillary tube		Method: Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA) Decomposition of the test substance starts at 85 °C	
	result: 68.0 – 69.5 °C pressure: ambient		resúlt: no boiling point pressure: ambient	
This does not influence the integrity of the study	Not given		As given in section 2	
	OPPTS830-7200		EEC Directive 92/69 A 2	
	Melting pt. 4	3.1.2 Boiling point	Boiling pt.	3.1.3 Bulk density/ relative density

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Document IIIA, Section A3

(IPBC)

Secti	Section A3	Physical and Chem	ical Properties	Physical and Chemical Properties of Active Substance					
	Subsection (Annex Point)	Method	Purity/ Specification	Results Give also data on test pressure, temperature, pH and concentration range if necessary	Remarks/ Justification	GLP (Y/N)	Reliability	Reference .	Official use only
	rel. density 1	EEC Directive 92/69 A 3	As given in section 2	1.714 (at 20 °)	Pyknometer method	Y	1	112-001 A3.1.1/01	
	rel. density 2	In line with OECD 109	Not given	1.767 (ambient temperature)	Pyknometer method	Y	2	113-001 A3.1.3/01	
	rel. density 3	EPA subdivision D series 63-7	Not exactly given ($\approx 98\%$) This does not influence the integrity of the study	1.59 (at 20°)	Pyknometer method	¥	1	119-001 A3.1.1/03	
	rel. density 4	OPPTS 830.7300	Not given	1.672 (at 20°)	Pyknometer method	Y	П	119-002 A3.1.1/04	
3.2	Vapour pressure (IIA3.2)				·			·	
	Vapour pressure 1	EEC Directive 92/69 A 4	As given in section 2	temperature: 20 °C result: 1.04 x1 0 ³ Pa temperature: 25 °C result: 2.36 x 10 ³ Pa	Vapour pressure balance method	Y	1	115-001 A3.2/01	
	Vapour pressure 2	EEC Directive 92/69 A 4 OECD 104 EPA OPPTS No. 830-7950	As given in section 2	temperature: 2 0 °C result: 3.8 x 10 ⁻³ Pa temperature: 25 °C result: 4.5 x 10 ⁻³ Pa	Vapour pressure balance method	Y		115-002 A3.2/02	
	Vapour pressure 3	EPA subdivision D series 63-9	As given in section 2	temperature: 25 °C result: 1.43 x 10 ⁻³ Pa	Gas saturation method	>	-	119-001 A3.1.1/03	

IPBC Task Force	Biocidal active substance:	Page 3-
	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	
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IPBC Task Force	Biocidal 3-Iodopr	Biocidal active substance: 3-fodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	ımate					Page 3-9
Document IIIA, Section A3	(IPBC)						W	March 2004
Section A3	Physical and Chem	nical Properties	Physical and Chemical Properties of Active Substance					
Subsection (Annex Point)	Method	Purity/ Specification	Results Give also data on test pressure, temperature, pH and concentration range if necessary	Remarks/ Justification	GLP (Y/N)	Reliability	Reference	Official use only
3.2.1 Henry's Law Constant (Pt. I-A3.2)	Calculated parameter	n.f.	calculated result: 3.38 x 10 ⁻³ Pa m ³ mol ⁻¹ 6.45 x 10 ⁻³ Pa m ³ mol ⁻¹ 2.05 x 10 ⁻³ Pa m ³ mol ⁻¹ at 25 °C temperature	Calculated with the vapour pressures 1-3 2.36×10^{-3} Pa 4.5×10^{-3} Pa 1.43×10^{-3} Pa and an extrapolated solubility of 196 mg/L at $25 ^{\circ}$ C (see Annex point 3.5, water solubility 2	Z		115-004 A3.2.1/01	
3.3 Appearance (IIA3.3)								
3.3.1 Physical state	EPA subdivision D series 63-3	Not exactly given ($\approx 98\%$) This does not influence the integrity of the study	Crystalline solid, very fine needles		>	1	119-001 A3.1.1/03	
		Not given	Powdered solid		Y	1	119-002 A3.1.1/04	
3.3.2 Colour	EPA subdivision D series 63-2	Not exactly given ($\approx 98\%$) This does not influence the integrity of the study	Off-white to very pale yellow		>	1	119-001 A3.1.1/03	

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(IPBC)

Section A3	Physical and Chemical Prop	ical Properties	perties of Active Substance					
Subsection (Annex Point)	Method	Purity/ Specification	Results Give also data on test pressure, temperature, pH and concentration range if necessary	Remarks/ Justification	GLP (V/N)	Reliability	Reference	Official use only
		Not given	Off white Munsell Color System: 5Y (9/1)	Based on Munsell Color System	Y		119-002 A3.1.1/04	
3.3.3 Odour	EPA subdivision D series 63-4	Not exactly given ($\approx 98\%$) This does not influence the integrity of the study	A faint odour of iodine		À	1	119-001 A3.1.1/03	
		Not given	odourless		¥	1	119-002 A3.1.1/04	
Absorption spectra (IIA3.4)								
UV/VIS IR NMR MS	UV/VIS Not indicated IR NMR MS	As given in section 2	A UV/VIS-,IR- and NMR spectra confirm the molecular structure.		Y	1	117-001 A3.4/01	
UV/VIS IR NMR MS	Not indicated	Not given	A UV/VIS-,IR- and MS spectra confirm the molecular structure.		Z	1	117-002 A3.4/02	
UV/VIS IR NMR MS	Not indicated	Not given	A NMR spectrum confirms the molecular structure.		Z	1	117-003 A3.4/03	

PBC Task Force	Biocidal	Biocidal active substance:						Page 5-9
Document IIIA. Section A3	3-lodopra (IPBC)	3-lodopropynyibutyi Carbamate (IPBC)	mate				.	March 2004
Section A3	Physical and Chem	ical Properties	Physical and Chemical Properties of Active Substance					
Subsection	Method	Purity/	Results	Remarks/	GLP	Reliability	Reference	Official
(Annex Point)		Specification	Give also data on test pressure, temperature, pH and concentration range if necessary	JUSTICATION	(X//X)			ase omy
NV/VIS	UV/VIS Not indicated	The purity of the	A UV/VIS spectrum	Sample solution	Y	1	117-004	
R		test substance	confirms the molecular	prepared in			A3.4/04	:: - :: 1 :: (.)
NMR		was slightly	structure. Two wavelength	acetonitrile/water				, A
MS		lower than given	maxima were observed at	(1:1 v/v)				er.
		in the	191 nm and 227 nm.					
			Extinction coefficients ϵ					
		section 2. This	for 191 nm:					
		does not	pH 5 ε =479 Lmol ⁻¹ cm ⁻¹					
		influence the	pH 7 e=489 L mol ⁻¹ cm ⁻¹					
		integrity of the	pH 9 E=500 L mol ⁻¹ cm ⁻¹					
		study	for 227					
			pH 5 e=6570 L mol ⁻¹ cm ⁻¹					
			pH 7 s=6050 L mol ⁻¹ cm ⁻¹					
			pH 9 s=6080 L mol ⁻¹ cm ⁻¹					

	Dissidel	Dissidel coting cubatomose						Dane 6-0
IFBC TASK FORCE	3-Iodopr	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	ımate					() o o o o
Document IIIA, Section A3	(IPBC)						M	March 2004
Section A3	Physical and Chem	ical Properties	Physical and Chemical Properties of Active Substance					
Subsection (Annex Point)	Method	Purity/ Specification	Results Give also data on test pressure, temperature, pH and concentration range if necessary	Remarks/ Justification	GLP (Y/N)	Reliability	Reference	Official use only
3.5 Solubility in water (IIA3.5)								
Water solubility 1	OPPTS No.:830.7840	Not given	result: 166 mg/L temperature: 20 °C pH: neutral	Flask method	¥	2	114-001 A3.5/01	
Water solubility 2	EEC Directive 92/69 A 6	As given in section 2	result: 182 mg/L temperature: 20 °C pH: 4.0 result: 168 mg/L temperature: 20 °C pH: 7.0 result: 176 mg/L temperature: 20 °C pH: 9.0 result: 110 mg/L temperature: 10 °C pH: 9.0 result: 216 mg/L temperature: 10 °C pH: 7.0 result: 216 mg/L	Flask method No significant influence of the pH value, but an slight increase of the water solubility with temperature rise could be observed.	≻		114-002 A3.5/02	
Water solubility 3	Not given	radiolab. IPBC 3-iodo-2- propynyl-N[1- ¹⁴ C]-butyl-[¹⁴ C]- carbamate	result: 213 mg/L temperature: 25 °C pH: 5.0 result: 202 mg/L temperature: 25 °C pH: 7.0 result: 195 mg/L temperature: 25 °C	Similar to flask method	X	7	114-004 A3.5/03	

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Official	use oury		20		
Reference		119-001 A3.1.1/03	115-003 A3.6/01	114-001 A3.5/01	119-001 A3.1.1/03
Reliability		-	1	7	1
GLP	(I//V)	Y	Y	Y	Y
Remarks/	Justinea	Flask method	Water solubility of IPBC is to low for a determination	Flask method	Flask method
Results	Give also data on test pressure, temperature, pH and concentration range if necessary	result: 174 mg/L temperature: 20 °C pH: neutral	No result available	Octanol Result: 150 g/L temperature: 20 °C Petroleum Ether Result: 3.6 g/L temperature: 20 °C Methanol Result: > 1000 g/L temperature: 20 °C	Heptane Result: 3.5 g/L temperature: 20 °C ethyl acetate Result: 281 g/L temperature: 20 °C
Purity/	Specification	Not exactly given ($\approx 98\%$) This does not influence the integrity of the study		Not given	Not exactly given ($\approx 98\%$) This does not influence the integrity of the study
Method		EPA subdivision D series 63-8	OECD 112	OPPTS No.:830.7840	EPA subdivision D series 63-8
Subsection	(Annex Point)	Water solubility 4	6 Dissociation constant (-)	Solubility in organic solvents, including the effect of temperature on solubility (IIIA3.1)	
	Method Purity/ Results Remarks/ GLP Reliability Reference	Method Purity/ Results Remarks/ GLP Reliability Reference Specification Give also data on test pressure, temperature, pH and concentration range if necessary	MethodPurity/ SpecificationResults Give also data on test pressure, temperature, pH and concentration range if necessaryRemarks/ Justification remperature, pH and concentration range if necessaryGLP Justification (Y/N)Reliability (Y/N)Referenceity 4EPA subdivision D series 63-8Not exactly given ($\approx 98\%$)result: 174 mg/L temperature: 20 °CFlask method PH: neutralY1119-001This does not influence the integrity of the studypH: neutral integrity of the study	Method Purity/ Specification Give also data on test pressure, temperature, pH and concentration range if necessary Remarks/ Justification GLP (Y/N) Reliability Reference EPA subdivision D series 63-8 Not exactly given (≈ 98 %) result: 174 mg/L temperature: 20 °C Flask method Y 1 119-001 BPA subdivision D series 63-8 Mot exactly given (≈ 98 %) pH: neutral Y 1 119-001 series 63-8 This does not influence the integrity of the study pH: neutral Y 1 115-001 OECD 112 No result available Water solubility of determination Y 1 115-003	Subsocion Mater solubility 4 EPA subdivision D Solubility in organic Solubility on regiments in the ffect of temperature: 20 colubility on solubility Solubility in the ffect of temperature: 20 colubility on solubility Mater solubility in the ffect of temperature: 20 colubility of temperature: 20 colubility of temperature: 20 colubility in organic Solubility in organic Solubility in organ

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	3-Iodopr	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	amate					٠
Document IIIA, Section A3	(IPBC)						X	March 2004
Section A3	Physical and Chen	ical Pronerties	Physical and Chemical Properties of Active Substance					
		I						
Subsection	Method	Purity/	Results	Remarks/	GLP	Reliability	Reference	Official
(Annex Point)		Specification	Give also data on test pressure, temperature, pH and concentration range if necessary	Jushiicahon	Ž Ž			use only
	Not relevant	Not given	Stable in octanol,	Concentration of the	Y	2	114-001	- 31170
5.0 Stability in Organic	(No standard guideline)	petroleum ether and	stored solutions:			A3.5/01	
solvents used in D.p.	for this kind of test		when	Petroleum ether and				
and identify of	available)		stored at 25 °C	methanol:				
relevant preakdown				$\geq 10 \%$ of the			•	
products				saturation level,				
(IIIA3.2)				octanol < 10 % of				
				the saturation level				

Page 9-9 March 2004 Official use only Reference A3.1.1/03 114-003 A3.9/01 119-001 Reliability GLP (Y/N) different temperature The influence of the on the measured log P lies within the range of the error of concentration was a high and a low guideline: 35 °C Remarks/ Justification instead of 25 °C. Deviation from HPLC method tested Stable in octanol, heptane Give also data on test pressure, temperature, pH and concentration and ethyl acetate for 96 h, Physical and Chemical Properties of Active Substance range if necessary temperature: 35 °C pH: 6.4 storage at ambient Results conditions result: 2.4 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate Biocidal active substance: given ($\approx 98 \%$) This does not integrity of the study Purity/ Specification influence the As given in section 2 Not exactly (No standard guideline PBC is neither an acid (IPBC) not required, because Effect of pH (5 to 9) for this kind of test EEC Directive 92/69 A 8 Method Not relevant nor a base. available) Partition coefficient Document IIIA, Section A3 n-octanol/water Subsection (Annex Point) IPBC Task Force log Pow 1 (IIA3.6) Section A3 3.9

A3.1.1/03

119-001

Flask shaking

method

temperature: 21 °C

As given in section 2

EPA subdivision D

log Pow 3

series 63-8

pH: about 7

the method. Flask shaking

method

temperature: 25 °C

result: 2.81

As given in section 2

OECD 107

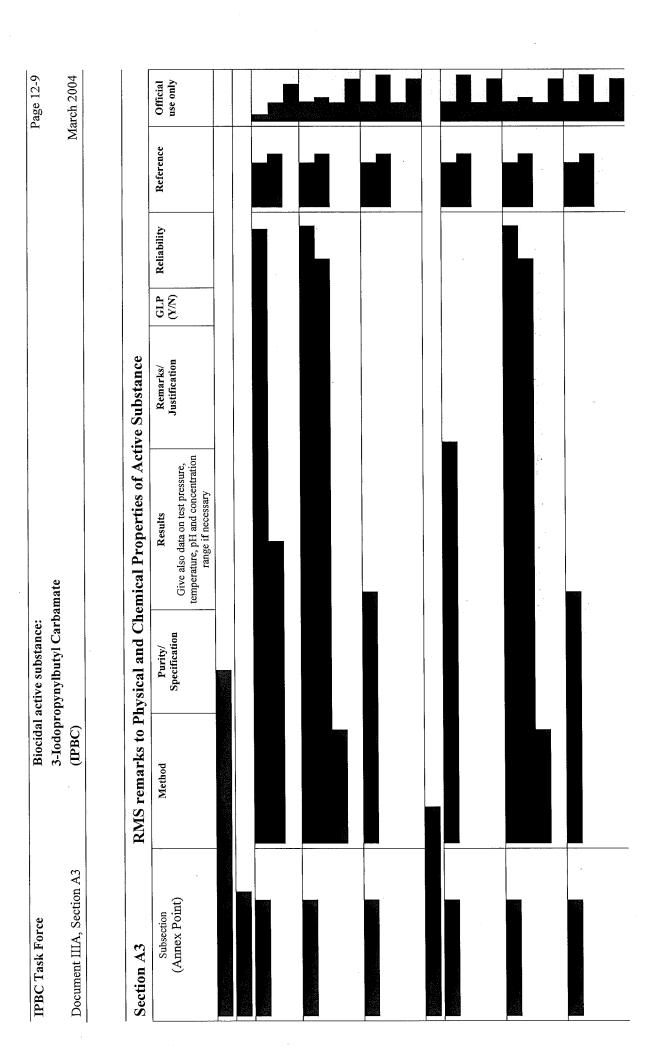
log Pow 2

pH: neutral result: 2.88

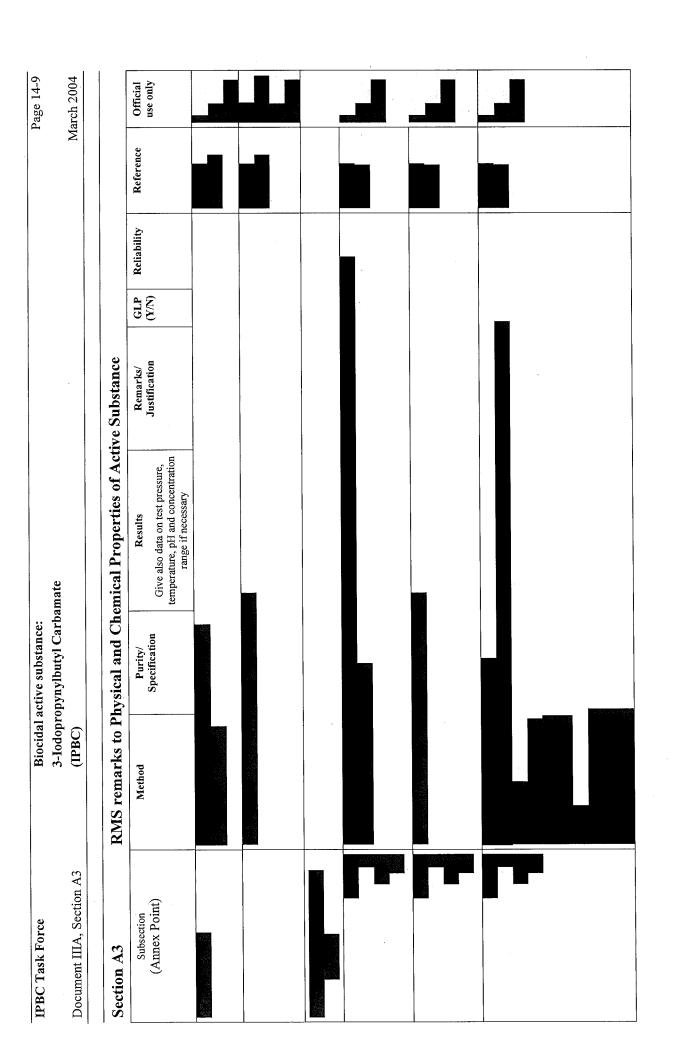
114-005 A3.9/02

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	3-Iodopr	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carb	Carbamate					
Document IIIA, Section A3	(IPBC)						Σ	March 2004
Section A3	Physical and Chem	ical Properties	Physical and Chemical Properties of Active Substance					
Subsection (Annex Point)	Method	Purity/ Specification	Results Give also data on test pressure, temperature, pH and concentration range if necessary	Remarks/ Justification	GLP (Y/N)	Reliability	Reference	Official use only
3.10 Thermal stability, identity of relevant breakdown products (IIA3.7)	EPA subdivision D series 63-17	As given in section 2	The substance is stable at room temperature.	After one year of storage at 25 °C, assay values of the test substance remained constant within the limits of the analytical precision.	>	1	146-002 A3.10/01	
	OPPTS 830.6317 GIFAP Technical Monograph No.17	As given in section 2	The test substance is stable at 35 °C for 12 weeks.	The test substance showed no degradation when stored over a 12 week incubation period at 35 °C.	¥	1	146-003 A3.10/02	
	OPPTS 830.6317	As given in section 2	The test substance is stable at 54 °C for 14 days.	When stored at 54 °C for 14 days the test substance decreased by not more than 5 per cent.	¥	1	146-005 A3.10/03	
3.11 Flammability, including auto-flammability and identity of combustion products (ILA3.8)	EEC Directive 92/69 A 10 flammability A 16 auto flammability	As given in section 2	Not highly flammable Not auto flammable up to the melting point	n.r.	Y	-	142-001 A3.11/01 142-002 A3.11/02	
3.12 Flash-point (IIA3.9)	EEC Directive 92/69 A Not relevant 9	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not required, because the melting point is > 50 °C	n.r.	n.r.	n.r	

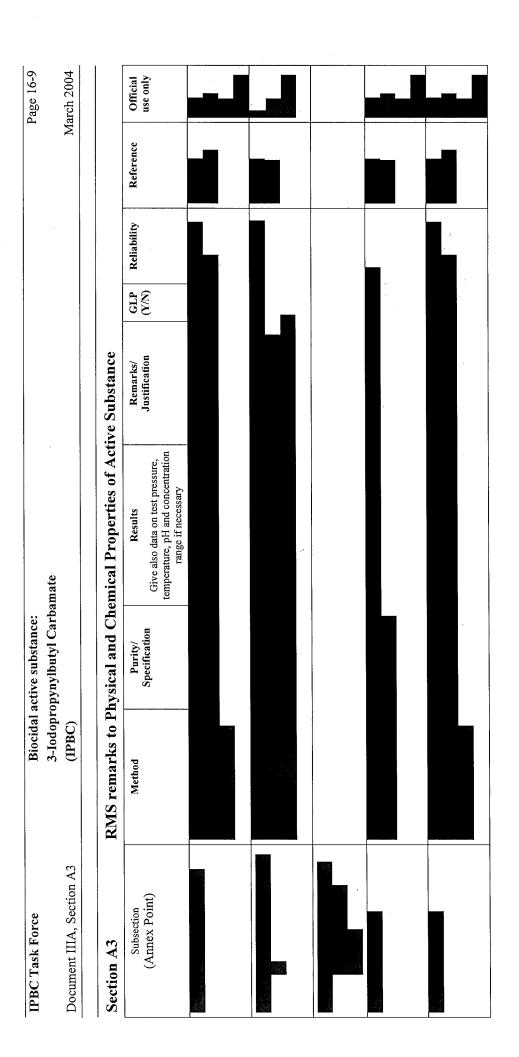
IPBC Task Force	Biocidal	Biocidal active substance:				0.		Page 11-9
	3-Jodopr	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carb	Carbamate					
Document IIIA, Section A3	(IPBC)						M	March 2004
							,	
Section A3	Physical and Chen	nical Properties	Physical and Chemical Properties of Active Substance					
Subsection	Method	Purity/	Results	Remarks/	GLP	Reliability	Reference	Official
(Annex Point)		Specification	Give also data on test pressure, temperature, pH and concentration range if necessary	Justification	(X/N)			use only
3 13 Surface tension	EEC Directive 92/69	As given in	result:69.1 mN/m	ring method	Y	1	116-001	
	A5	section 2	temperature:	concentration of test			A3.13/01	
(arcur)			at 20 °C	solution 158 ppm				
3.14 Viceosity				Not relevant				
3.14 Viscosity (-)				IPBC is a solid and				ı
				not a liquid				
3.15 Explosive properties	Justification	ı	IPBC has no explosive	Statement	Y	1	141-002	* 150
(IIA3.11)			properties				A3.15	
3.16 Oxidizing properties	Justification		IPBC has no oxidising	Statement	Y		143-001	
(IIA3.12)			properties				A3.15	-
3.17 Reactivity towards			The test substance has to					400.
container material			be stored in protected					-
(IIA3.13)			steel drums					



	-		4					0
Document IIIA. Section A3	3-lodopr (IPBC)	3-lodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	ımate				M	March 2004
		1 1						
Section A3	RMS remarks to Physical and		Chemical Properties of Active Substance	ve Substance	-			
Subsection (Annex Point)	Method	Purity/ Specification	Results Give also data on test pressure, temperature, pH and concentration range if necessary	Remarks/ Justification	GLP (Y/N)	Reliability	Reference	Official use only



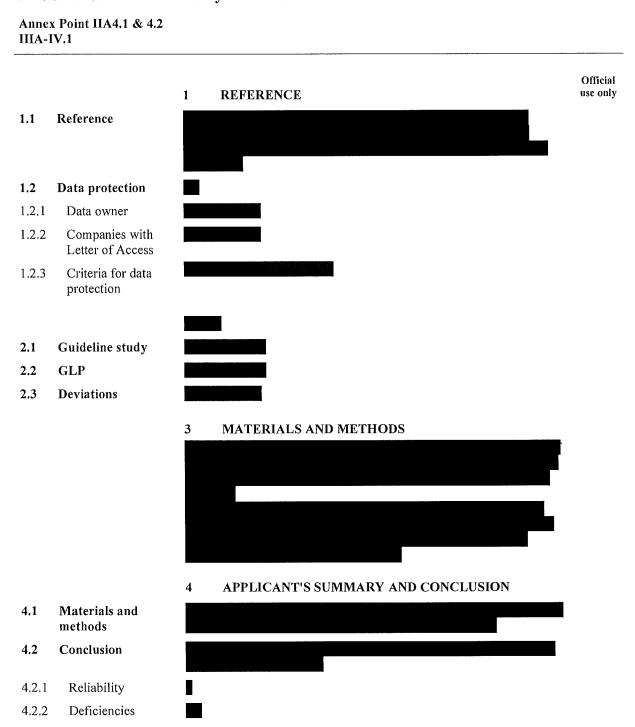
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Document IIIA, Section A3	(IPBC)						X	March 2004
Section A3	RMS remarks to P	hysical and Ch	RMS remarks to Physical and Chemical Properties of Active Substance	e Substance				
Subsection (Annex Point)	Method	Purity/ Specification	Results Give also data on test pressure, temperature, pH and concentration range if necessary	Remarks/ Justification	GLP (Y/N)	Reliability	Reference	Official use only
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Section A4.1

Analytical Method for the Detection and Identification



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	Evaluation by Competent Authorities
	Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted
	EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE
Date	
Materials and methods	
Conclusion	
Reliability	1
Acceptability	
Remarks	
	COMMENTS FROM
Date	Give date of comments submitted
Results and discussion	Discuss additional relevant discrepancies referring to the (sub)heading numbers and to applicant's summary and conclusion. Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state
Conclusion	Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state
Reliability	Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state
Acceptability	Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state
Remarks	

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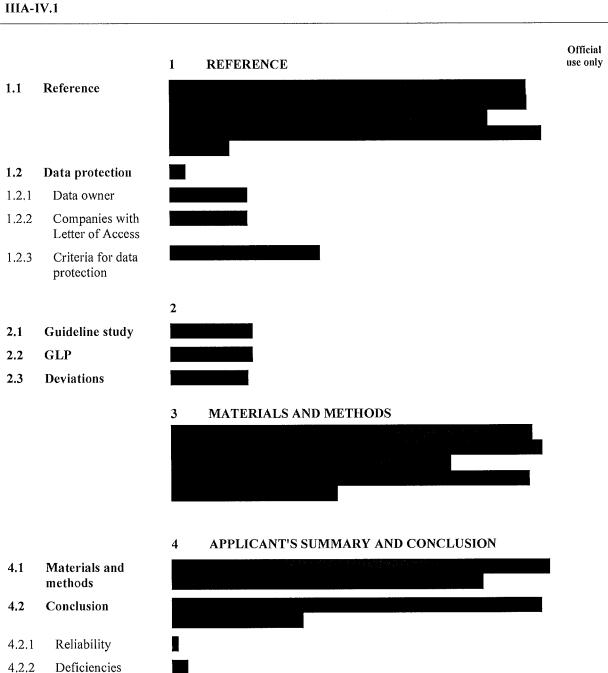
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Section A4.1

Analytical Method for the Detection and Identification

Annex Point IIA4.1 & 4.2



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	Evaluation by Competent Authorities
	Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted
	EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE
Date	
Materials and methods	
Conclusion	
Reliability	
Acceptability	
Remarks	
	COMMENTS FROM
Date	Give date of comments submitted
Results and discussion	Discuss additional relevant discrepancies referring to the (sub)heading numbers and to applicant's summary and conclusion. Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state
Conclusion	Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state
Reliability	Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state
Acceptability	Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state
Remarks	

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C42 A.4.1	Analytical Matheda for Detection and Identification	
Section A4.1	Analytical Methods for Detection and Identification	

Please refer to the "Confidential Data File" for data of the respective Task Force Members on analytical methods for the active substance and its impurities.

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3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate
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Section A4.2a/01

Analytical Method for the Detection and Identification of IPBC in soil

Official

use only

Annex Point IIA, IV.4.2 (a)

1 REFERENCE 1.1 Reference Bruckhausen, P. (2004): Development and validation of the residue analytical method for the determination of IPBC and its metabolite PBC in soil; RCC, Itingen Switzerland; Study No.: 851400; Doc. No. 434-001 (unpublished) 1.2 Data protection 1.2.1 Data owner 1.2.2 Companies with Letter of Access 1.2.3 Criteria for data protection 2.1 Guideline study Yes; European Commission, Guidance Document on Residue Analytical Methods, SANCO/825/00 rev. 6, Jun. 20, 2000 **GLP** 2.2 Yes 2.3 **Deviations** No 3 MATERIALS AND METHODS 3.1 **Preliminary** treatment 3.1.1 Enrichment Extraction with a mixture of acetone/water (3 + 2; v/v)3.1.2 Cleanup No further cleanup 3.2 Detection 3.2.1 Separation method Reversed phase chromatography on C 18 phase 3.2.2 Detector MS/MS detection with positive electrospray ionisation. 3.2.3 External calibration with IPBC and PBC calibration solutions Standard(s) 3.2.4 Interfering No interfering substances substance(s) 3.3 Linearity 3.3.1 Calibration range **IPBC** 0.002 to $0.1 \mu g/mL$ PBC 0.002 to $0.1 \,\mu g/mL$ 3.3.2 Number of 6 calibration standard solutions for each substance measurements 3.3.3 correlation coefficient r² Linearity

IPBC

PBC

0.9999, 0.9990 IPBC Task ForceBiocidal active substance:Page 2-43-Iodopropynylbutyl CarbamateDocument IIIA, Section A4(IPBC)March 2004

Section A4.2a/01

Analytical Method for the Detection and Identification of IPBC in soil

Annex Point IIA, IV.4.2 (a)

3,4	Specifity: interfering substances	addition		method is not	garded as highly specific, an necessary. In control samples no
3.5	Recovery rates at	Fortifica	ation level 0.01 r	ng/kg	
	different levels	IPBC PBC	mean (N=5) 78 mean (N=5) 80		range: 71.1 - 92.4 % range: 73.1 - 88.5 %
		Fortifica	ation level 0.1 m	g/kg	
		IPBC PBC	mean (N=5) 82 mean (N=5) 83		range: 74.6 - 92. 4 range: 69.7 - 96.1 %
3.5.1	Relative standard	Fortific	ation level 0.01 i	ng/kg	
	deviation	IPBC PBC	8.6 % (N=5) 8.6 % (N=5)	·	
		Fortific	ation level 0.1 m	g/kg	
		IPBC PBC	8.7 % (N=5) 14.9 % (N=5)		
3.6	Limit of	Limit o	f Detection (LOI	D)	
	determination	IPBC PBC	0.004 mg/kg 0.004 mg/kg		
		Limit o	f Quantification	(LOQ)	
		IPBC PBC	0.01 mg/kg 0.01 mg/kg		
3.7	Precision				
3.7.1	Repeatability	Fortific	ation level 0.01	mg/kg	
		IPBC PBC		8.6 % (N=5) 8.6 % (N=5)	
		Fortific	ation level 0.1 m	ıg/kg	
		IPBC PBC		8.7 % (N=5) 14.9 % (N=5))
3.7.2	Independent laboratory validation	Not nec	cessary for a anal	ytical method	in soil

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3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate

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(IPBC)
March 2004

Section A4.2a/01

Analytical Method for the Detection and Identification of IPBC in soil

Annex Point IIA, IV.4.2 (a)

4 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

4.1 Materials and methods

In this method, residues of IPBC and PBC were extracted from soil with a mixture of acetone/water (3+2; v/v). The samples were shaken at 300 rpm for 15 min and centrifuged at 5000 rpm for 5 min. Analysis of the extract was done by HPLC using reversed-phase liquid chromatography and a 0.1 %(v/v) formic acid in water / 0.1 % (v/v) in methanol gradient. Detection was made with a MS/MS system and positive electrospray ionisation. Retention times were about 7.7 min for IPBC and about 5.8 min for PBC.

4.2 Conclusion

This method is suitable for use by regulatory agencies to detect IPBC and PBC in soil. The instrumentation required to perform the analysis method is available in most well equipped analytical laboratories. No toxic or hazardous reagents are required to prepare the samples, and all of the sample preparation equipment is commercially available. The method does not require the use of untreated commodity to correct for recoveries.

4.2.1 Reliability

4.2.2 Deficiencies

No

IPBC Task Force	Biocidal active substance:	Page 4-4
	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	
Document IIIA, Section A4	(IPBC)	March 2004

	Evaluation by Competent Authorities
	Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted
	EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE
Date	
Materials and methods	(
Conclusion	
Reliability	I
Acceptability	
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	COMMENTS FROM
Date	Give date of comments submitted
Results and discussion	Discuss additional relevant discrepancies referring to the (sub)heading numbers and to applicant's summary and conclusion. Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state
Conclusion	Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state
Reliability	Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state
Acceptability	Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state
Remarks	

IPBC Task Force	Biocidal active substance:	Page 1-1
	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	
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Section A4.2b	Analytical Methods for the Detection and Identification	
Annex Point IIAIV.4.2(b)	of IPBC in air	
	JUSTIFICATION FOR NON-SUBMISSION OF DATA	Official use only
Other existing data []	Technically not feasible [] Scientifically unjustified []	
Limited exposure []	Other justification [X]	
Detailed justification:	According to the TNsG on data requirements, an analytical method in air must be provided if the substance is volatile (i.e. if the vapour pressure is >= 0.01 Pa) or spayed, or occurrence in air is otherwise probable.	
	Evaluation by Competent Authorities	
	Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted	
	EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE	
Date		
Evaluation of applicant's justification	· ·	
Conclusion	Indicate whether applicant's justification is acceptable or not. If unaccept because of the reasons discussed above, indicate which action will be request, submission of specific test/study data	
Remarks		
	COMMENTS FROM OTHER MEMBER STATE (specify)	
Date	Give date of comments submitted	
Evaluation of applicant's justification	Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state	
Conclusion	Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state	
Remarks		

IPBC Task ForceBiocidal active substance:Page 1-43-Iodopropynylbutyl CarbamateDocument IIIA, Section A4(IPBC)March 2004

Section A4.2c/01

Analytical Method for the Detection and Identification of IPBC in water

Official use only

Annex Point IIA, IV.4.2 (c)

			·
		1	REFERENCE
1.1	Reference	analyt in drir	hausen, P. (2004): Development and validation of the residue ical method for the determination of IPBC and its metabolite PBC aking, ground and surface water; RCC, Itingen Switzerland; Study 51401; Doc. No. 435-002 (unpublished)
1.2	Data protection		
1.2.1	Data owner		
1.2.2	Companies with Letter of Access		
1.2.3	Criteria for data protection	46.0	
		2	GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE
2.1	Guideline study	-	European Commission, Guidance Document on Residue Analytical ods, SANCO/825/00 rev. 6, Jun. 20, 2000
2.2	GLP	Yes	1
2.3	Deviations	No	
		3	MATERIALS AND METHODS
3.1	Preliminary treatment		
3.1.1	Enrichment	Solid-	phase extraction cartridge (Isolute 101, Supelco)
3.1.2	Cleanup	No fu	rther cleanup
3.2	Detection		
3.2.1	Separation method	Rever	sed phase chromatography on C 18 phase
3.2.2	Detector	MS/M	1S detection with positive electrospray ionisation.
3.2.3	Standard(s)	Exter	nal calibration with IPBC and PBC calibration solutions
3.2.4	Interfering substance(s)	No in	terfering substances
3.3	Linearity		
3.3.1	Calibration range	IPBC PBC	0.001 to 0.1 μg/mL 0.001 to 0.1 μg/mL
3.3.2	Number of measurements	7 cali	bration standard solutions for each substance
3.3.3	Linearity	corre	lation coefficient r ²
		IPBC	0.9966,

PBC

0.9978

IPBC Task Force	Biocidal active substance:	Page 2-4
•	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	
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Section A4.2c/01

Analytical Method for the Detection and Identification of IPBC in water

Annex Point IIA, IV.4.2 (c)

3.4	Specifity:
	interfering
	substances

The used method: HPLC-MS/MS is regarded as highly specific, an additional confirmatory method is not necessary. In control samples no interfering substances were observed.

3.5 Recovery rates at different levels

Please refer to table 4.2 -1

3.5.1 Relative standard deviation

Please refer to table 4.2 -1

3.6 Limit of determination

Limit of Detection (LOD)

IPBC 0.02μg/L (for drinking, ground and surface water)
PBC 0.02μg/L (for drinking, ground and surface water)

Limit of Quantification (LOQ)

IPBC $0.1\mu g/L$ (for drinking, ground and surface water) PBC $0.1\mu g/L$ (for drinking, ground and surface water)

3.7 Precision

3.7.1 Repeatability

Please refer to table 4.2 -1

3.7.2 Independent laboratory validation

Not necessary for a analytical method in water

4 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

4.1 Materials and methods

In this method, residues of IPBC and PBC were extracted from water with a solid-phase extraction cartridge (Isolute 101, Supelco) and eluted with acetone. Analysis was done by HPLC using reversed-phase liquid chromatography and a 0.1~%(v/v) formic acid in water / 0.1~%(v/v) in methanol gradient. Detection was made with a MS/MS system and positive electrospray ionisation. Retention times were about 7.7 min for IPBC and about 5.9 min for PBC.

4.2 Conclusion

This method is suitable for use by regulatory agencies to detect IPBC and PBC in surface and drinking water. The instrumentation required to perform the analysis method is available in most well equipped analytical laboratories. No toxic or hazardous reagents are required to prepare the samples, and all of the sample preparation equipment is commercially available. The method does not require the use of untreated commodity to correct for recoveries.

4.2.1 Reliability

4.2.2 Deficiencies

No

IPBC Task Force	Biocidal active substance:	Page 3-4
	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	
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Table 4.2-1 Validation data for analytical methods for the determination of residues in water

Matrix	Test substance	Fortification level (µg/L)	Recovery rate (%)		RSD	N
			mean	range	(%)	
Drinking water	IPBC	0.1	84.5	74.7 – 90.7	7.9	5
	PBC	0.1	93.2	88.6 – 98.7	4.4	5
	IPBC	1.0	95.4	85.6 – 107.5	11.2	5
	PBC	1.0	92.0	84.1 – 101.9	8.2	5
Ground water	IPBC	0.1	98.7	93.0 – 104.0	4.8	5
	PBC	0.1	97.7	85.5 - 110.3	12.3	5
	IPBC	1.0	101.3	94.6 – 113.6	7.4	5
	PBC	1.0	90.3	80.3 - 105.8	11.9	5
Surface water	IPBC	0.1	93.7	76.2 - 107.4	13.7	5
	PBC	0.1	98.7	84.9 – 112.9	10.3	5
	IPBC	1.0	96.0	76.7 – 107.0	12.5	5
	PBC	1.0	86.1	82.1 - 95.2	6.2	5

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	Evaluation by Competent Authorities
	Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted
	EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE
Date	
Materials and methods	
Conclusion	
Reliability	
Acceptability	
Remarks	
	COMMENTS FROM
Date	Give date of comments submitted
Results and discussion	Discuss additional relevant discrepancies referring to the (sub)heading numbers and to applicant's summary and conclusion. Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state
Conclusion	Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state
Reliability	Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state
Acceptability	Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state
Remarks	

IPBC Task Force	Biocidal active substance:	Page 1-1
	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	
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Section A4.2d	Analytical Methods for Detection and Identification			
Annex Point IIAIV.4.2 (d)	of IPBC in animal and human body fluids and tissues			
	JUSTIFICATION FOR NON-SUBMISSION OF DATA	Officia use only		
Other existing data []	Technically not feasible [] Scientifically unjustified []			
Limited exposure []	Other justification [X]			
Detailed justification:	According to the TNsG on data requirements, an analytical method in animal and human body fluids and tissues must be provided if the substance is classified as toxic or highly toxic.			
	Evaluation by Competent Authorities			
	Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted			
	EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE			
Date	- 1870 A. C. C.			
Evaluation of applicant's justification				
Conclusion				
Remarks				

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	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	
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Section A4.2e	Analytical Methods for Detection and Identification		
Annex Point IIA,IV.4.2 (e)	of IPBC in food and feeding stuffs and other products where relevant		
	JUSTIFICATION FOR NON-SUBMISSION OF DATA	Official use only	
Other existing data []	Technically not feasible [] Scientifically unjustified []		
Limited exposure []	Other justification [X]		
Detailed justification:	According to the TNsG on data requirements, an analytical method in food or feeding stuffs or other products must be provided if the substance or the material treated with it is to be used in a manner which may cause contact with food or feeding stuffs, or intended to be placed on , in, or near soils in agricultural or horticultural use.		
	Evaluation by Competent Authorities	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	
	Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted		
	EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE		
Date	Give date of action		
Evaluation of applicant's justification	Discuss applicant's justification and, if applicable, deviating view		
Conclusion	Indicate whether applicant's justification is acceptable or not. If unacceptable because of the reasons discussed above, indicate which action will be required, e.g. submission of specific test/study data		
Remarks			
1	COMMENTS FROM OTHER MEMBER STATE (specify)		
Date	Give date of comments submitted		
Evaluation of applicant's justification	Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state		
Conclusion	Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state		
Remarks			

IPBC Task Force Document IIIA, Section A5 Section A5		Biocidal active substance:	Page 2-6
		3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	
		Effectiveness against target organisms and intended uses: Active substance IPBC	
	section ex Point)		Official use only
5.1	Function (IIA5.1)	Fungicide	
5.2	Organism(s) to be controlled and products, organisms or objects to be protected (IIA5.2)		
5.2.1	Organism(s) to be	The following organisms are controlled (PT8):	
	controlled (IIA5.2)	(a) Wood rotting (destroying) fungi (basidiomycetes)	
	(11.0.2)	(b) Wood disfiguring (discolouring) fungi (blue stain, mould and sapstain)	
5.2.2	Products, organisms or objects to be protected (IIA5.2)	PT8: IPBC is a fungicide for treatment of wood for above-ground use (Hazard classes 2 and 3).	
5.3	Effects on target organisms, and likely concentration at which the active substance will be used (IIA5.3)	-	
5.3.1 Effects organis	Effects on target organisms	Depending on the concentrations applied, IPBC exerts fungitoxic or fungistatic effects on a broad range of wood-damaging fungi.	
	(IIA5.3)	Basic data on the efficacy of IPBC against wood-destroying fungi (basidiomycetes) are summarised in the table at the end of the chapter.	
		The following minimum inhibitory concentrations (ppm IPBC) were determined (Brisco et al. (1990): Microbial tolerance and biodetoxicification of organic and organometallic biocides, Twenty-first Annual Meeting of the International Research Group on Wood Preservation, IRG Secretariat, Box 5607, 114 86 Stockholm, Sweden, Doc. No. 392-011):	
	-	Trichoderma harzianum: 12 ppm	
		Aureobasidium pullulans: 7 ppm	
		Philophora fastigiata: 10 ppm	
		Coniophora putanea: 1 ppm	

Chaetomium globosum:

Coriolus versicolor:

6 ppm

0.5 ppm

IPBC Task Force	Biocidal active substance:	Page 3-6
	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	
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(a) Industrial uses (preventive uses):

Section A5

Effectiveness against target organisms and intended uses: Active substance IPBC

5.3.2 Likely concentrations at which the A.S. will be used (IIA5.3)

IPBC based wood preservation products (PT8) contain in most cases other fungicidal active substances like propiconazole, tebuconazole, or carbendazime. Many products also contain insecticides like permethrine, cypermethrine, or others. Depending on the use/treatment process, the level of protection required, and the nature and concentration of the other active ingredients present in the respective formulated products, the IPBC concentrations vary considerably in the treatment solutions.

IPBC based wood preservation products are employed for the following uses at the IPBC concentrations indicated:

Double vacuum treatment

Supercritical CO₂:

Vacuum pressure treatment

Automated spraying

Flow coat

Dipping

(b) professional

Brushing

Spraying and brushing

Injection in holes

Brushing
- Spraying and brushing

Most uses listed above are preventive. Curative (remedial) applications are also possible (specifically stated in above list where applicable).

A more detailed compilation of uses, uses rates and concentrations is provided in Document IIB Chapter 8.

			Page 4-6
		3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	
Docum	ent IIIA, Section A5	(IPBC)	March 2004
Secti	on A5	Effectiveness against target organisms and intended uses: Active substance IPBC	
5.4	Mode of action (including time delay) (IIA5.4)	-	
5.4.1	Mode of action	IPBC has a Carbamate structure. The target sites of Carbamates in fungi are cell membrane permeability and fatty acids (according to the information provided by FRAC (Fungicide Resistance Action Committee) on its website http://www.frac.info/publications/frac_list01.html	
5.4.2	Time delay	Not a relevant point for a wood preservation substance	
5.5	Field of use envisaged (IIA5.5)	Include code(s) and term(s)	
	MG02:	IPBC is used in products of the following Product Types:	
	Preservatives	PT06: In-can preservatives PT07: Film preservatives PT08: Wood preservatives PT09: Fibre, leather, rubber and polymerised materials preservative PT10: Masonry preservatives PT13: Metalworking preservatives In the present dossier, only the use of IPBC for wood preservation addressed.	
		addi essed.	
		Fields of use envisaged:	
		Wood preservative, indoor use, Hazard class 2	
		Wood preservative, outdoor use; Hazard classes 2 and 3	
	Further specification	A detailed listing of the uses in PT8 (wood preservation) is provide under point 5.3.2 and in Document IIB Chapter 8.	ed
5.6	User (IIA5.6)	Please refer to Document IIB, Chapters 8.1 and 8.2	
	Industrial	See above: Doc. IIIA, Section A5.3.2	
	Professional	See above: Doc. IIIA, Section A5.3.2	
	General public	See above: Doc. IIIA, Section A5.3.2	
5.7	Information on the occurrence or possible occurrence of the development of resistance and appropriate management strategies (IIA5.7)		

IPBC has a Carbamate structure. The target sites of Carbamates in fungi are cell membrane permeability and fatty acids (according to the information provided by FRAC (Fungicide Resistance Action Committee) on its website (see above: Section 5.4.1).

resistance

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	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	
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Section A5

Effectiveness against target organisms and intended uses: Active substance IPBC

The risk of resistance formation against Carbamate fungicides is regarded to be low to medium by FRAC (Fungicide Resistance Action Committee. This applies to the use of Carbamate fungicides in agriculture, where yearly applications to the same fields are possible (even more than one application per season is possible).

With regard to the use of Cabamates in wood preservation, resistance formation constitutes an even smaller problem: The number of treatments to a wooden structures is generally low (in many cases, only one application is made per lifetime of timber structures), resulting in a low selection pressure.

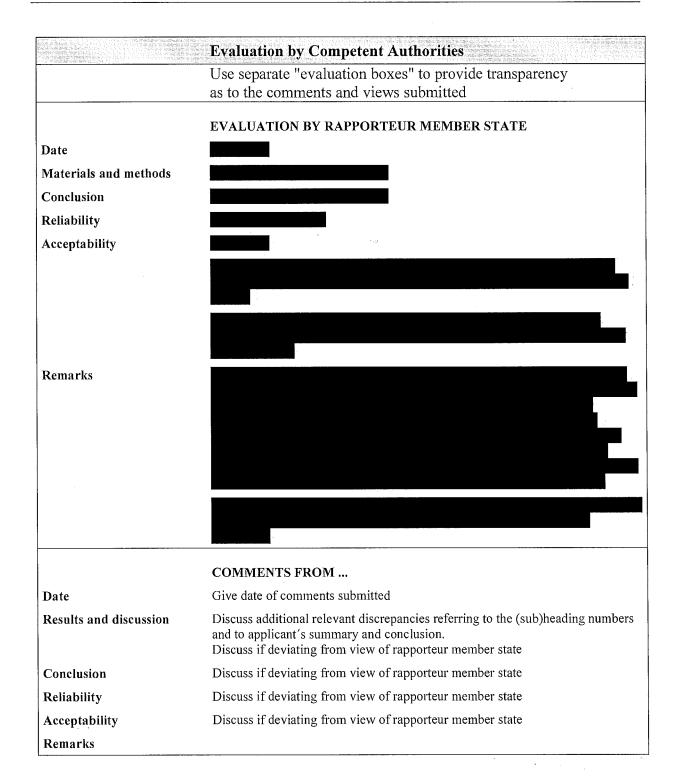
5.7.2 Management strategies

IPBC is mostly used in combination products containing other active ingredient like propiconazole, tebuconazole, or carbendazim. These active substances have different modes of action (propiconazole/ tebuconazole: inhibition of sterol biosynthesis; carbendazim: inhibition of mitosis). For this reason, the low risk of resistance build-up is further reduced.

5.8 Likely tonnage to be placed on the market per year (IIA5.8)

Confidential information: Please refer to the "Confidential-Data file".

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	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	
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	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	
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Table 5.3-1: Summary table of experimental data on the effectiveness of the active substance against target organisms at different fields of use envisaged, where

	applicable						
Function	Field of	Test substance		Test method/	Test results	Test results: Toxic value	Reference*)
	use envisaged		Test organism(s)	Wood species tested	(kg	(kg/m³)	
Function as given in section 5.1	PT	I. IPBC applied as formulated product	Fungal species	Test system and wood species	unleached	leached	Only author(s) and year of publication/ report; full bibliographic data in footnote
		2. IPBC not formulated				٠	
Fungicide	PT8	1	Coniophora putanea	EN-113/ Pine	0.2 - 0.4	0.3 - 0.5	Hansen, John, 1984
Fungicide	PT8	-	Poria monticola	EN-113/ Pine	0.13 - 0.26	0.2 – 0.3	dito
Fungicide	PT8	-	Lentinus lepideus	EN-113/ Pine	0.27 - 0.33	0.4 - 0.8	dito
Fungicide	PT8		Lenzites trabea	EN-113/ Pine	0.09 - 0.12	Not determined	dito
Fungicide	PT8		Polystictus versicolor	EN-113/ Pine	0.3 – 0.4	0.4 - 0.8	dito
Fungicide	PT8	2	Gloeophyllum trabeum	ASTM/ Pine	0.4 – 0.7	1.5 - 3.0	dito
Fungicide	PT8		Gloeophyllum trabeum	ASTM/ Pine	0.2 – 0.4	0.62 - 1.1	dito
Fungicide	PT8	2	Poria placenta	ASTM/ Aspen	0.19 - 0.38	Not determined	dito
Fungicide	PT8	2	Poria placenta	ASTM/ Pine	0.06 – 0.38	Not determined	dito
Fungicide	PT8	2	Polyporus versicolor	ASTM/ Aspen	0.38 - 0.75	Not determined	dito
Fungicide	PT8	2	Polyporus tulipiferae	ASTM/ Aspen	0.19 - 0.38	Not determined	dito
Fungicide	PT8	2	Poria vaillantii	ASTM/ Pine	<0.19	Not determined	dito
*\References	Sec.						

*)References:

Hansen (1984), IPBC — A new fungicide for wood protection, Fifteenth Annual Meeting of the International Research Group on Wood Preservation, IRG Secretariat, Drottning Kristinas vag 47c, 114 28 Stockholm, Sweden, Doc. No. 392-002

IPBC Task Force

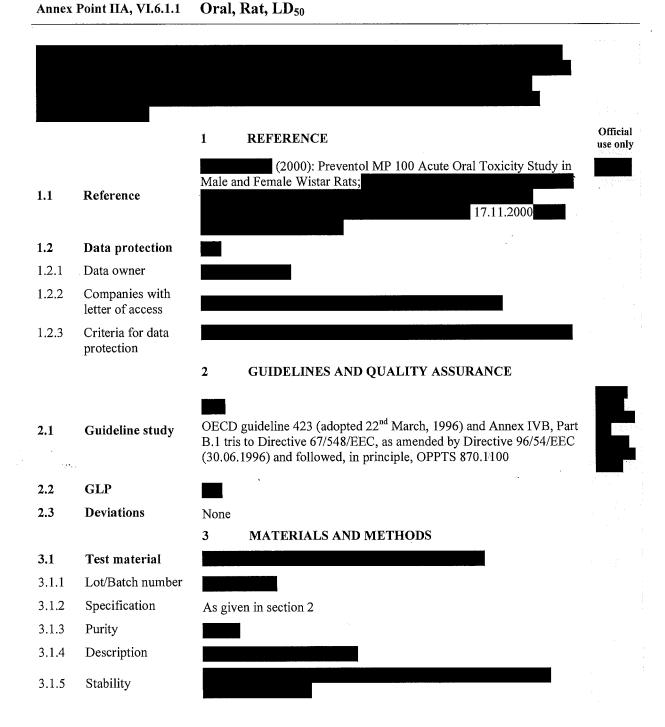
3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

July 2006

CA: DK

Section A6.1.1/01

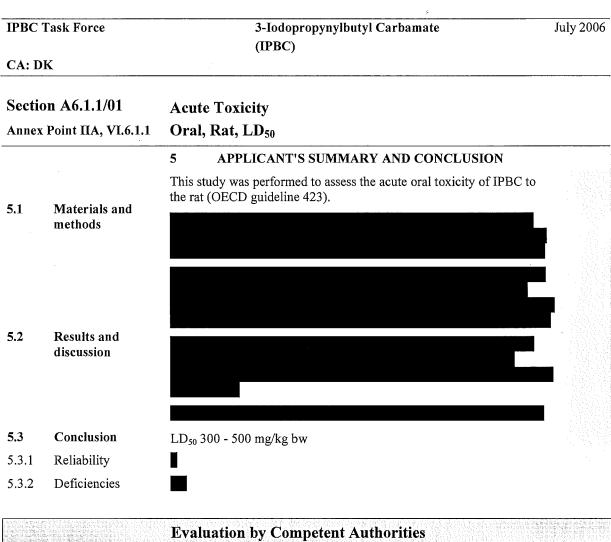
Acute Toxicity

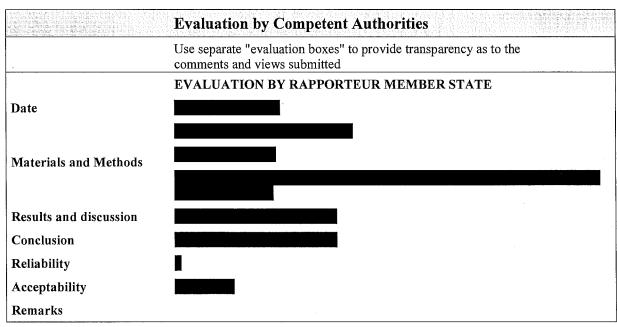


IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate July 2006 (IPBC)

CA: DK

Section A6.1.1/01 Acute Toxicity Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.1 Oral, Rat, LD₅₀ 3.2 **Test Animals** 3.2.1 Species Rat 3.2.2 Strain Wistar (HsdCpd:WU) 3.2.3 Source 3.2.4 Sex Male, female 3.2.5 Age/weight at study initiation 3.2.6 Number of animals per group 3.2.7 Control animals 3.3 Administration/ Oral **Exposure** 3.3.1 Post-exposure period 3.3.2 Type Gavage 3.3.3 Concentration 3.3.4 Vehicle 3.3.5 Concentration in vehicle 3.3.6 Total volume applied 3.3.7 Controls 3.4 **Examinations** 3.5 Method of determination of LD_{50} 3.6 Further remarks None 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 4.1 Clinical signs 4.2 **Pathology** 4.3 Other 4.4 LD_{50} 300 to 500 mg/kg bw





IPBC Task F	Force		3-Iodopropynylbutyl (IPBC)	Carbamate	July 2006
CA: DK					
Section A6 Annex Point		Acute Toxic Oral, Rat, L	-		
				:	

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

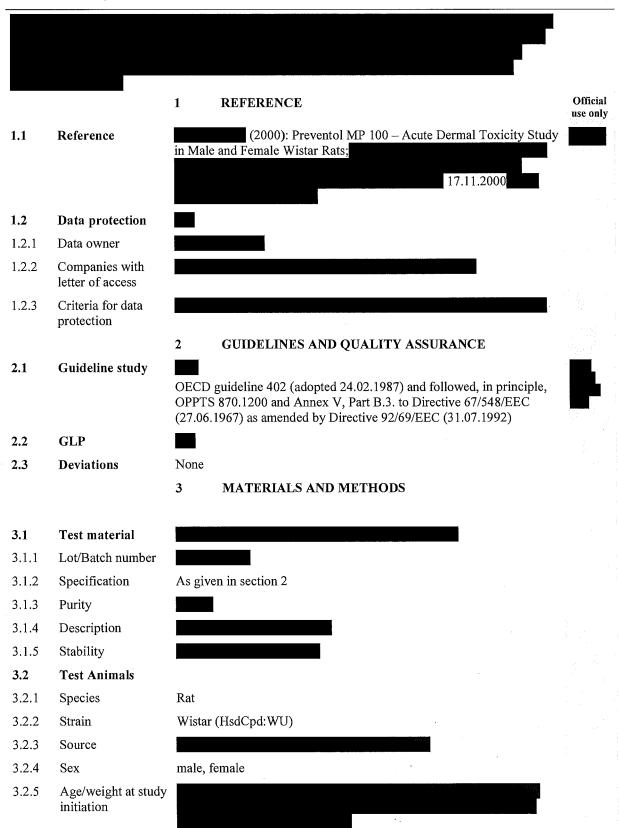
March 2004

CA: DK

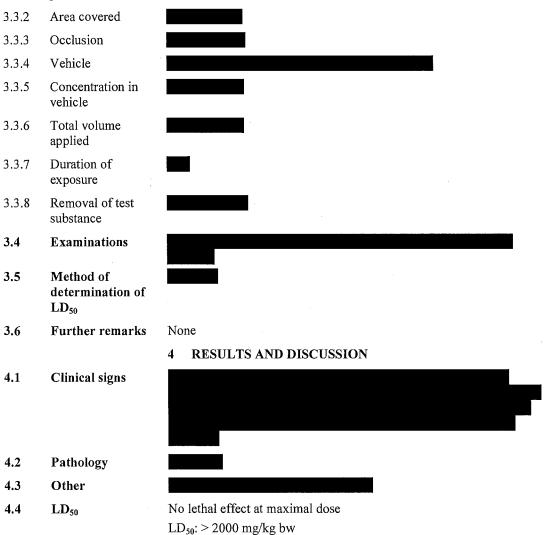
Section A6.1.2/01

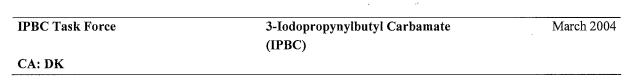
Acute Toxicity

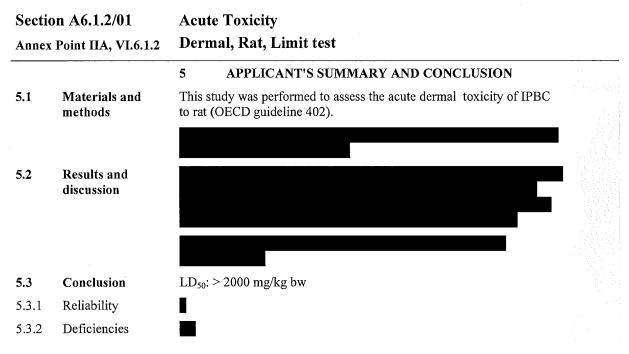
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.2 Dermal, Rat, Limit test

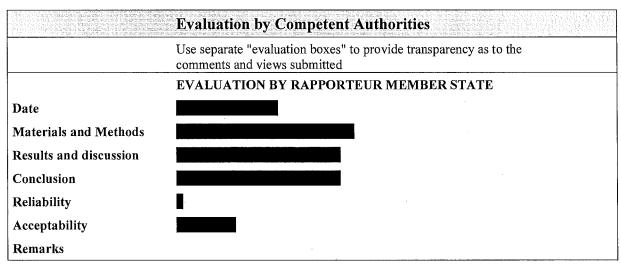


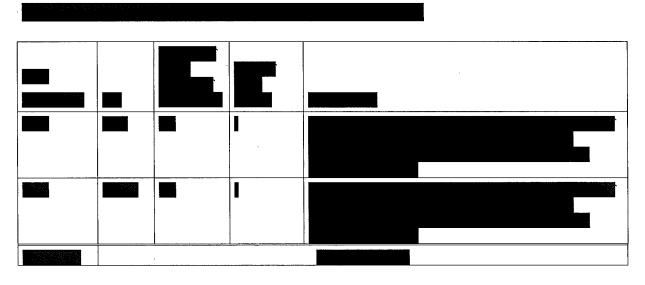
IPBC	Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	March 2004
CA: D	K		
	on A6.1.2/01 E Point IIA, VI.6.1.2	Acute Toxicity Dermal, Rat, Limit test	
3.2.6	Number of animals per group		÷
3.2.7	Control animals		
3.3	Administration/ Exposure	dermal	
3.3.1	Post-exposure period		
3,3.2	Area covered		
3.3.3	Occlusion		











IPBC	Task	Force
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3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

March 2004

CA: DK

Section A6.1.3/01

Acute Toxicity

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.3 Inhalatio

Inhalation, Rat, Limit test

		1 REFERENCE	Official use only
1.1	Reference	1985): Acute Inhalation Limit Test in Rats 3-Iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate	
1.2	Data protection		
1.2.1	Data owner		
1.2.2	Companies with letter of access		
1.2.3	Criteria for data protection		
		2 GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE	
2.1	Guideline study	OECD 403 guideline (adopted 1981)	
2.2	GLP		
2.3	Deviations	Yes The actual test substance concentration was calculated and not determined by analysis.	
		3 MATERIALS AND METHODS	
3.1	Test material	Brown of the second of the sec	
3.1.1	Lot/Batch number		
3.1.2	Specification	As given in section 2	
3.1.3	Purity		
	·		
3.1.4	Description		
3.1.5	Stability		

IPBC	Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	March 2004
CA: D	OK .		
Secti	on A6.1.3/01	Acute Toxicity	
Annex	x Point IIA, VI.6.1.3	Inhalation, Rat, Limit test	
3.2	Test Animals		
3.2.1	Species	Rat	
3.2.2	Strain	Sprague-Dawley	
3.2.3	Source		
3.2.4	Sex	male, female	
3.2.5	Age/weight at study initiation		
3.2.6	Number of animals per group	: 4	
3.2.7	Control animals		
3.3	Administration/ Exposure	Inhalation	
3.3.1	Post-exposure period		
3.3.2	Concentrations		
3.3.3	Particle size		*
3.3.4	Type or preparation of particles		
3.3.5	Type of exposure	•	•
3.3.6	Vehicle		
3.3.7	Concentration in vehicle		
3.3.8	Duration of exposure		
3.3.9	Controls		
3.4	Examinations		
3.5	Method of determination of LC ₅₀		
2.6			

3.6

Further remarks

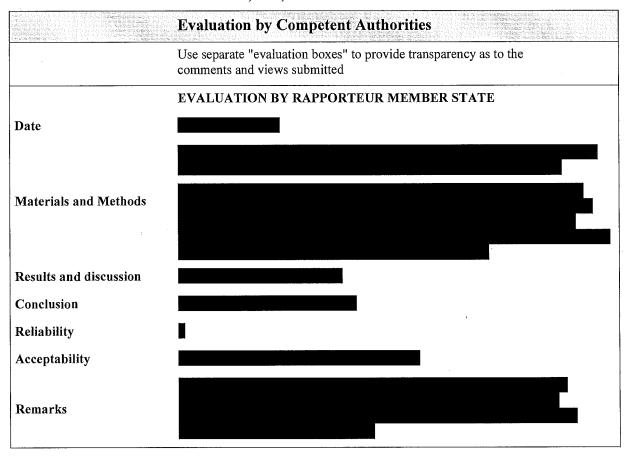
None

IPBC	Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	March 2004
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Secti	on A6.1.3/01	Acute Toxicity	
Anne	x Point IIA, VI.6.1.3	Inhalation, Rat, Limit test	
-		4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	
4.1	Clinical signs		
4.2	Pathology		
			•
4.3	Other		
			_
4.4	LC_{50}	$LC_{50} > 6.89$ mg/L for males and females	
		5 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION	
5.1	Materials and	This study was performed to assess the acute toxicity of IPBC via the	
	methods	inhalation route (OECD guidelines 403).	
5.2	Results and discussion		
	w.i		
5.3	Conclusion	$LC_{50} > 6.89 \text{ mg/L}$	
5.3.1	Reliability	I	
5.3.2	Deficiencies		

IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	March 2004
	(IPBC)	
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Section A6.1.3/01 Acute Toxicity

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.3 Inhalation, Rat, Limit test



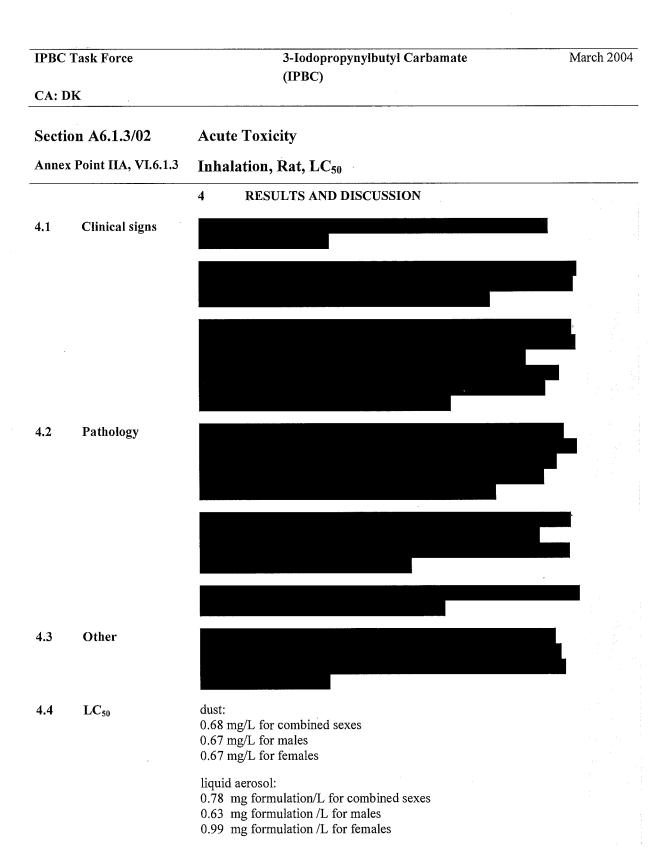
IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)		March 2004
CA: DK		
Section A6.1.3/01	Acute Toxicity	
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.3	Inhalation, Rat, Limit test	



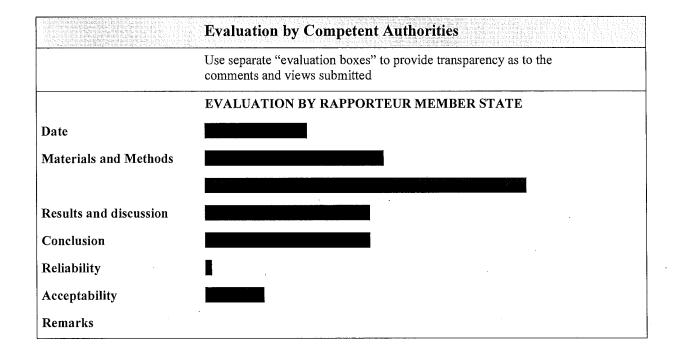
IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate March 2004 (IPBC) CA: DK Section A6.1.3/02 **Acute Toxicity** Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.3 Inhalation, Rat, LC₅₀ Official REFERENCE use only 1.1 (1990): (Troysan Polyphase P-100) – Acute Inhalation Reference Toxicity Study in the Rat; 08.11.1990 1.2 Data protection 1.2.1 Data owner 1.2.2 Companies with letter of access 1.2.3 Criteria for data protection 2 **GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE** 2.1 Guideline study US EPA guidelines, Subdivision F: Hazard Evaluation: Human and Domestic Animals; Section 81-3 "Acute Inhalation Toxicity Study", November 1984 which is comparable to OECD 403. GLP 2.2 2.3 **Deviations** Yes, the chamber temperatures were occasionally below the required range of 20 to 24°C. On occasion, the relative humidity exceeded the desired range of 40 to 60%. However, this was not considered to have affected the outcome of the study 3 MATERIALS AND METHODS 3.1 Test material A 3.1.1 Lot/Batch number 3.1.2 Specification As given in section 2 3.1.2.1 Description 3.1.2.2 Purity 3.1.2.3 Stability 3.2 Test material B 3.2.1 Lot/Batch number * 3.2.2 Specification Not applicable 3.2.2.1 Description

IPBC T	Cask Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	March 2004
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Section	n A6.1.3/02	Acute Toxicity	
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.1.3	Inhalation, Rat, LC ₅₀	
3.2.2.2	Purity		
3.2.2.3	Stability		
3.3	Test Animals		
3.3.1	Species	Rat	
3.3.2	Strain	Sprague-Dawley CD®	
3.3.3	Source		
3.3.4	Sex	male, female	
3.3.5	Age/weight at study initiation		
3.3.6	Number of animals per group		
3.3.7	Control animals		
3.4	Administration/ Exposure	Inhalation	
3.4.1	Post-exposure period		
3.4.2	Concentrations		

IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	March 2004
CA: DK		
Section A6.1.3/02	Acute Toxicity	
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.3	Inhalation, Rat, LC ₅₀	
3.4.3 Particle size		



IPBC '	Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	March 2004
CA: D	K		
Section	on A6.1.3/02	Acute Toxicity	
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.1.3	Inhalation, Rat, LC ₅₀	
		5 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION	
5.1	Materials and methods	This study was performed to assess the acute toxicity of IPBC via the inhalation route (US-EPA guideline 81-3).	
5.2	Results and discussion		
5.3	Conclusion	Comb. Sexes:	
		LC_{50} : 0.68 mg/L dust LC_{50} : 0.78 mg formulation /L liquid aerosol	
5.3.1	Reliability	1	
5.3.2	Deficiencies		



IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	March 2004	
CA: DK			
Section A6.1.3/02	Acute Toxicity		
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.3	Inhalation, Rat, LC ₅₀		

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3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

March 2004

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IPBC Task Force

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

March 2004

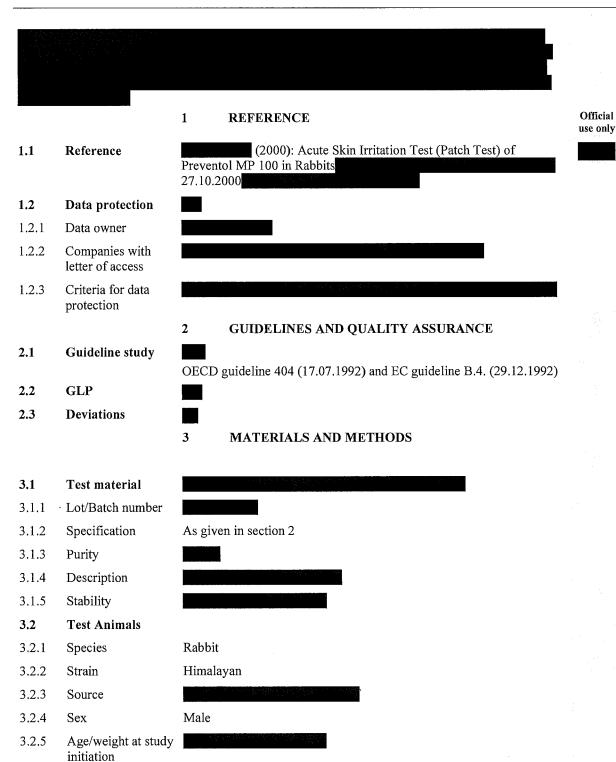
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Section A6.1.4/01

Acute Toxicity

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.4

Skin Irritation, Rabbit

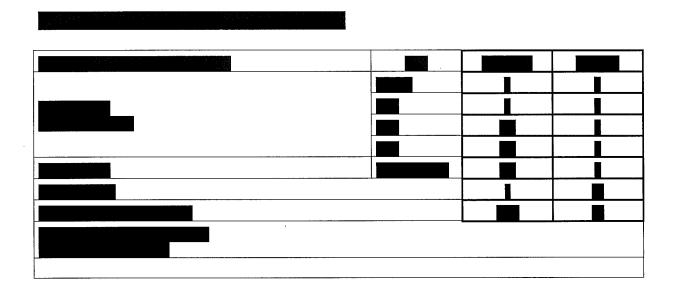


IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	March 2004
	(IPBC)	
CA: DK		

	n A6.1.4/01 Point IIA, VI.6.1.4	Acute Toxicity Skin Irritation, Rabbit	
3.2.6	Number of animals per group		
3.2.7	Control animals		
3.3	Administration/ Exposure	Dermal	
3.3.1	Application		
3.3.1.1	Preparation of test substance		
3.3.1.2	Test site and Preparation of Test Site		
3.3.2	Occlusion		
3.3.3	Vehicle		
3.3.4	Concentration in vehicle		
3.3.5	Total volume applied		
3.3.6	Removal of test substance		
3.3.7	Duration of exposure		
3.3.8	Post-exposure period		
3.3.9	Controls		
3.4	Examinations		
3.4.1	Clinical signs		
3.4.2	Dermal examination		
3.4.2.1	scoring system	Anna Sauthauth	
3.4.2.2	Examination time points		
3.5	Further remarks	None	

IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate March 2004 (IPBC) CA: DK Section A6.1.4/01 **Acute Toxicity** Skin Irritation, Rabbit Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 4.1 Average score 4.1.1 Average scores for all animals at 24 and 48 h were 1. After 72 h no Erythema erythema were observed. 4.1.2 Oedema At any time point no oedema was detected Reversibility Yes, erythema were reversible in animal 2 after 48 h, in animal 1 after 4.2 72 h and in animal 3 after 5 days. 4.3 Other There were no systemic intolerance reactions. examinations 4.4 Overall result IPBC is non-irritating to skin. APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION 5.1 This study was performed to assess acute dermal irritation effects of Materials and Preventol MP 100 (3-Iodo-2-propynyl-n-butyl carbamate) in rabbits methods (OECD guideline 404). 5.2 Results and discussion 5.3 non-irritating to skin Conclusion 5.3.1 Reliability Deficiencies 5.3.2 **Evaluation by Competent Authorities** Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE Date Materials and Methods Results and discussion Conclusion Reliability Acceptability Remarks

IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	March 2004
CA: DK		
Section A6.1.4/01	Acute Toxicity	
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.4	Skin Irritation, Rabbit	



IPBC Task Force

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

March 2004

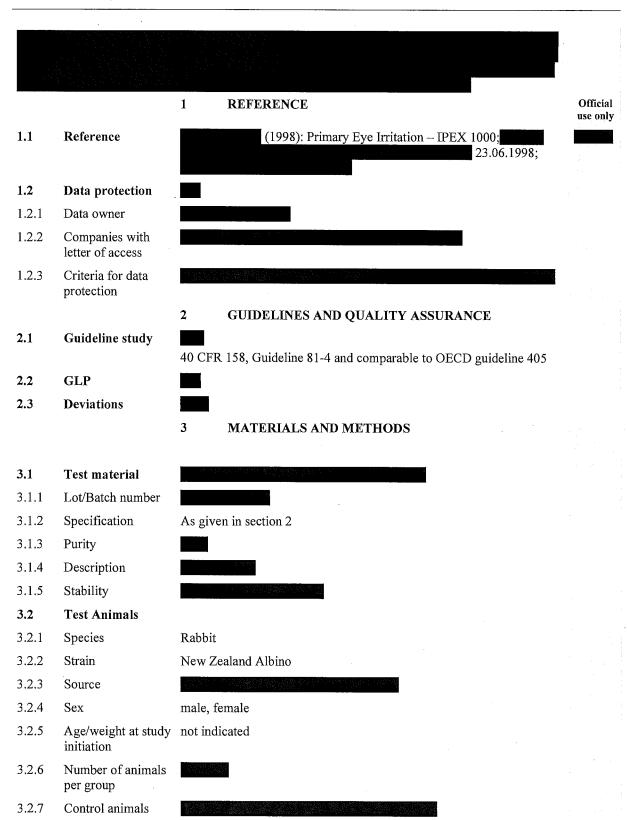
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Section 6.1.4/02

Acute Toxicity

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.4

Eye Irritation, Rabbit



IPBC Task Force

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

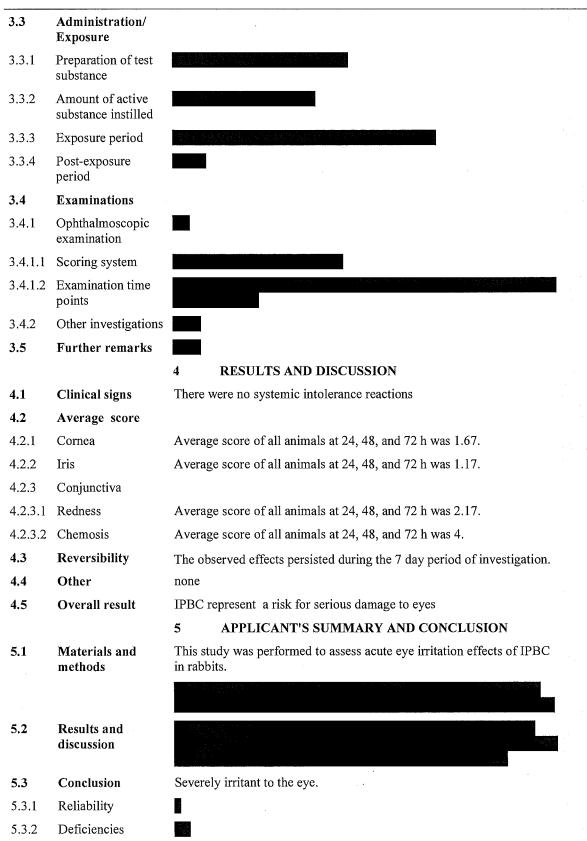
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Section 6.1.4/02

Acute Toxicity

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.4 Eye Irritation, Rabbit

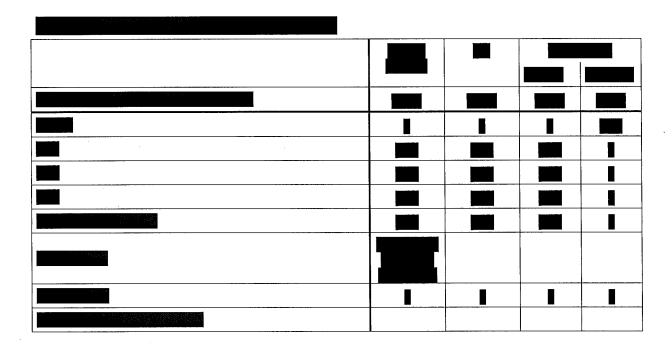


IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	March 2004
CA: DK		

Section 6.1.4/02 Acute Toxicity

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.4 Eye Irritation, Rabbit

	Evaluation by Competent Authorities
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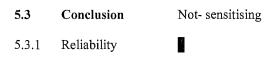
IPBC Task Force March 2004 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC) CA: DK Skin sensitisation Section A6.1.5/01 Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.5 Buehler method Official 1 REFERENCE use only (1998): Dermal Sensitisation Test – Buehler Method; 1.1 Reference 23.06.1998 1.2 Data protection 1.2.1 Data owner 1.2.2 Companies with letter of access 1.2.3 Criteria for data protection 2 GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE 2.1 Guideline study US EPA, guideline 81-6 and OECD 406 2.2 **GLP** 2.3 **Deviations** MATERIALS AND METHODS 3.1 Test material 3.1.1 Lot/Batch number 3.1.2 Specification As given in section 2 3.1.3 Purity 3.1.4 Description 3.1.5 Stability 3.1.5.1 Preparation of test substance for application

3.1.5.2 Pretest performed

IPBC	Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	March 2004
CA: D	K		
Section	on A6.1.5/01	Skin sensitisation	
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.1.5	Buehler method	
	on irritant effects		-
3.2	Test Animals		
3.2.1	Species	Guinea pigs	
3,2.2	Strain	Hartley albino	
3.2.3	Source		
3.2.4	Sex	male	
3.2.5	Age/weight at study initiation		
3.2.6	Number of animals per group		
3.2.7	Control animals		
3.3	Administration/ Exposure	Non-adjuvant	
3.3.1	Induction schedule		
3.3.2	Way of Induction	topical	
3.3.3	Concentrations used for induction		
3.3.4	Challenge schedule		
3.3.5	Concentrations used for challenge		
3.3.6	Re-challenge		
3.3.7	Scoring schedule		*
3.3.8	Removal of the test substance		
3.3.9	Positive control		

substance

IPBC Task Force CA: DK		3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate March 20 (IPBC)		
Section	on A6.1.5/01	Skin sensitisation		
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.5		Buehler method		
3.4	Examinations			
3.4.1	Pilot study			
3.5	Further remarks	None		
		4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION		
4.1	Results of pilot			
	studies			
4.2	Results of test			
4.2.1	Challenge	Three of ten animals exhibited faint erythema (grade 1) after challenge. Faint erythema was also noted in two naïve control animals. Irritation decreased at both sites by 48 hours.		
4.2.2	Re-challenge	Very faint erythema (grade 0.5) was noted at 7 of 10 animals 24 hours after re-challenge and in 4 of 5 naïve control animals. Irritation persisted at some animals through 48 hours.		
4.2.3	Other findings	The positive control produced sensitisation in control animals and showed the sensitivity of the test system.		
4.3	Overall result	IPBC is not considered to be a contact sensitiser.		
		5 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION		
5.1	Materials and methods	The study was performed according to OECD Guideline for Testing of Chemicals; Section 4: Health Effects, No. 406: "Skin Sensitisation" and according to US EPA 81-6 guideline. The Buehler method was used employing test animals, positive control and negative control animals.		
5.2	Results and discussion			



Deficiencies

5.3.2

IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	March 2004
	(IPBC)	
CA: DK		

Section A6.1.5/01 Skin sensitisation

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.5 Buehler method

	Evaluation by Competent Authorities		
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3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

March 2004

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IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	March 2004
	(IPBC)	
CA: DK		

Section A6.1.5/02 Skin sensitisation Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.5 Guinea pig maximisation test (GPMT) Official 1 REFERENCE use only (1993): Troysan Polyphase P-100 The Guinea Pig Reference 1.1 Maximisation Test; 24.08.1993 1.2 Data protection 1.2.1 Data owner 1.2.2 Companies with letter of access Criteria for data 1.2.3 protection GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE 2 2.1 Guideline study OECD Guideline for Testing of Chemicals; Section 4: Health Effects, No. 406: "Skin Sensitisation" US EPA "Dermal Sensitisation" (81-6F) 2.2 **GLP** Yes, the concentration used for topical induction in the main study, did 2.3 **Deviations** not produce skin reactions in the animals of the main study. MATERIALS AND METHODS 3.1 Test material 3.1.1 Lot/Batch number 3.1.2 Specification The purity of the test substance was slightly lower than the specification given in section 2. This does not influence the integrity of the study. 3.1.3 Purity 3.1.4 Description 3.1.5 Stability 3.1.5.1 Preparation of test substance for application 3.1.5.2 Pretest performed

on irritant effects

IPBC CA: D	Task Force K	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	March 2004
Section A6.1.5/02		Skin sensitisation	
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.1.5	Guinea pig maximisation test (GPMT)	
3.2	Test Animals		
3.2.1	Species	Guinea pigs	
3.2.2	Strain	Dunkin/Hartley (SPF)	
3.2.3	Source		
3.2.4	Sex	female	
3.2.5	Age/weight at study initiation		
3.2.6	Number of animals per group		
3.2.7	Control animals		
3.3	Administration/ Exposure		
3.3.1	Induction schedule	day 0 (intradermal induction) day 6 (sodium lauryl sulphate exposure) day 7 (topical induction)	
3.3.2	Way of Induction	Intradermal and topical	
3.3.3	Concentrations used for induction		**************************************
3.3.4	Concentration Freund's Complete Adjuvant (FCA)		
3,3.5	Challenge schedule		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3.3.6	Concentrations used for challenge		
3.3.7	Rechallenge		
3.3.8	Scoring schedule		*
3.3.9	Removal of the test substance		

3.3.10 Positive control substance

IPBC	Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	March 2004
CA: D	K		
Section A6.1.5/02		Skin sensitisation	
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.5		Guinea pig maximisation test (GPMT)	
3.4	Examinations		
3.4.1	Pilot study		
3.5	Further remarks	None	
		4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	
4.1	Results of pilot studies		
		;	
4.2	Results of test		
4.2.1	24h after challenge		
4.2.2	48h after challenge		
4.2.3	72h after challenge		
4.2.4	Other findings		

IPBC exhibited no skin-sensitising potential. The sensitivity of the test system was shown.

4.3

Overall result

IPBC Task Force		3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate M (IPBC)	arch 2004	
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Secti	on A6.1.5/02	Skin sensitisation		
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.5		Guinea pig maximisation test (GPMT)		
***		5 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION		
5.1	Materials and methods	The study was performed according to OECD Guideline for Testing of Chemicals; Section 4: Health Effects, No. 406: "Skin Sensitisation"	*	
5.2	Results and discussion	After the intradermal induction the test item animals showed strong skin reactions. The challenge with the 0.32% test item in petrolatum resulted in no skin reactions in the test item animals. It was concluded that IPBC had no skin-sensitising potential.	*	
		The sensitity of the system was shown by the positive control		
5.3	Conclusion	not-sensitising	*	
5.3.1	Reliability	T .		
5.3.2	Deficiencies			

IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	March 2004
	(IPBC)	
CA: DK		

Section A6.1.5/02 Skin sensitisation

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.5 Guinea pig maximisation test (GPMT)

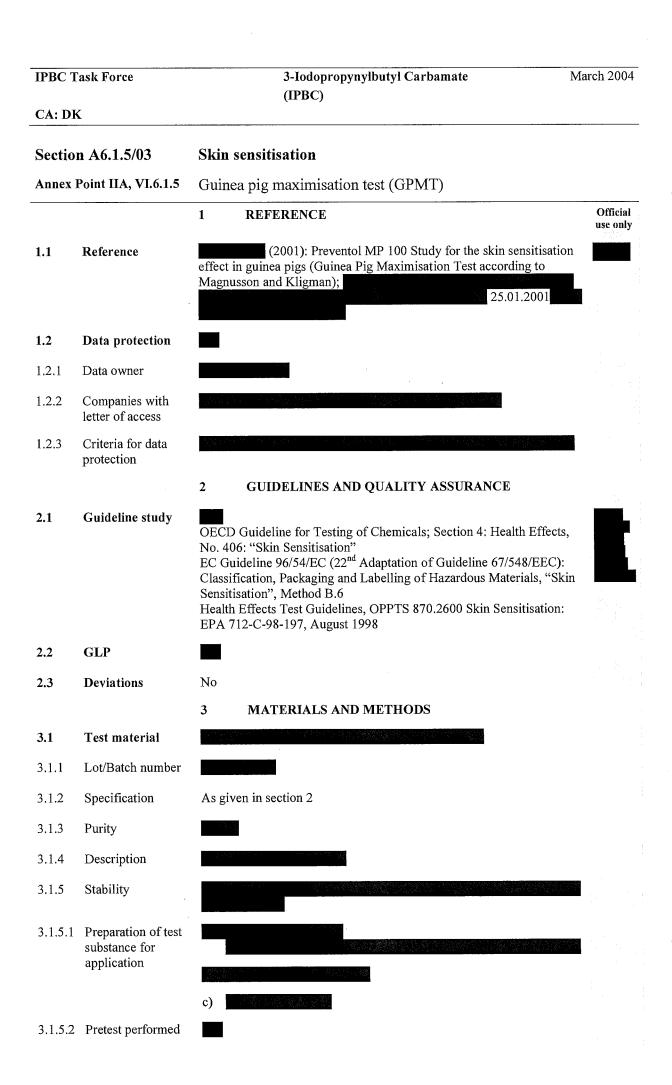
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3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

March 2004





Section A6,1,5/03	Skin sensitisation	
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	(IPBC)	
IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	March 2004

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.5		Skin sensitisation	
		Guinea pig maximisation test (GPMT)	
	on irritant effects		:
3.2	Test Animals		* .
3.2.1	Species	Guinea pigs	
3.2.2	Strain	HSD Poc: DH (SPF-bred)	
3.2.3	Source		
3.2.4	Sex	female	
3.2.5	Age/weight at study initiation		*
3.2.6	Number of animals per group		
3.2.7	Control animals		
3.3	Administration/ Exposure		
3.3.1	Induction schedule		
3.3.2	Way of Induction	Intradermal and topical	
3.3.3	Concentrations used for induction		
3.3.4	Concentration Freund's Complete Adjuvant (FCA)		
3.3.5	Challenge schedule		
3.3.6	Concentrations used for challenge		
3.3.7	Rechallenge		
3.3.8	Scoring schedule	nakalina nasatu nas <u>alifikusia senakaanan naf</u>	
3.3.9	Removal of the test substance		
3.3.10	Positive control substance		
3.4	Examinations		
3.4.1	Pilot study		

IPBC	Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	March 2004
CA: D	OK .	(HBC)	
Section A6.1.5/03		Skin sensitisation	
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.1.5	Guinea pig maximisation test (GPMT)	
3.5	Further remarks	None	
		4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	
4.1	Results of pilot studies		
	-		
4.2	Results of test		
4.2.1	48h after challenge		
4.2.2	72h after challenge		
4.2.3	Other findings		
4.3 O	verall result	IPBC exhibited a skin-sensitising potential. The sensitivity of the tessystem was assessed regularly.	st :

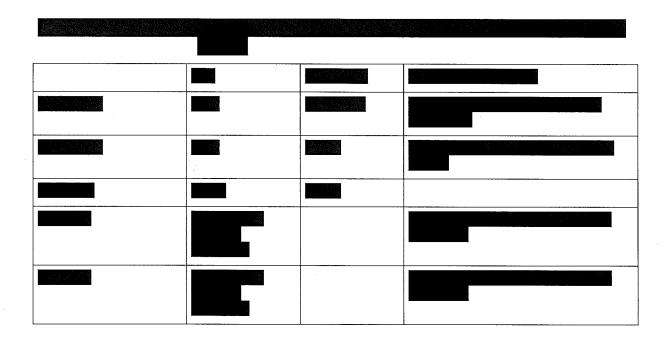
system was assessed regularly.

IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)		
CA: DK			
Section A6.1.5/03	Skin sensitisation		
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.5	Guinea pig maximisation test (GPMT)		
	5 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION		
5.2 Materials and methods	The study was performed according to OECD Guideline for Testing of Chemicals; Section 4: Health Effects, No. 406: "Skin Sensitisation"		
5.3 Results and discussion	After the intradermal induction the test item animals showed strong effects up to encrustation at the injection sites. The challenge with the 5% test item formulation led to skin effects (grade 1) in 90% of the test item group and no skin effects were seen in the control group. It was concluded that IPBC had a skin-sensitising potential.		
5.4 Conclusion	sensitising.		
5.4.2 Reliability			
5.4.3 Deficiencies			

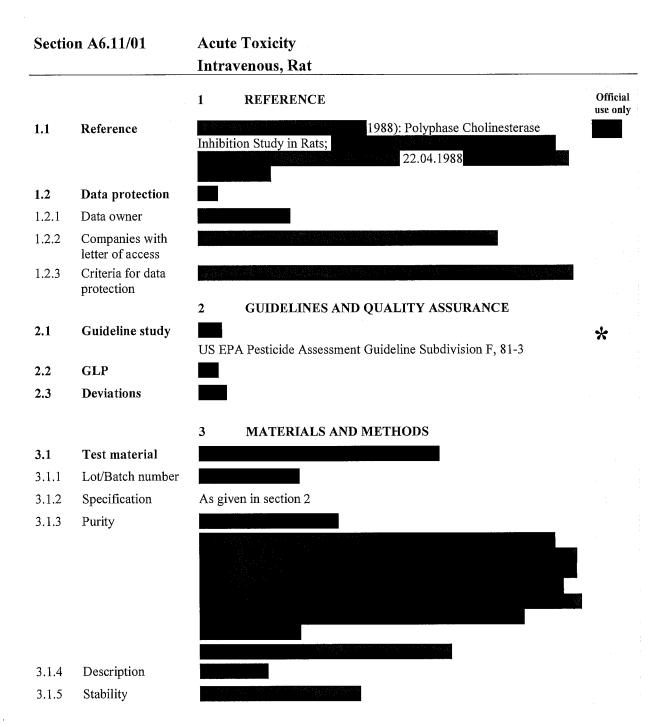
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IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	March 2004
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CA: DK		
Section A6.1.5/03	Skin sensitisation	

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.1.5 Guinea pig maximisation test (GPMT)

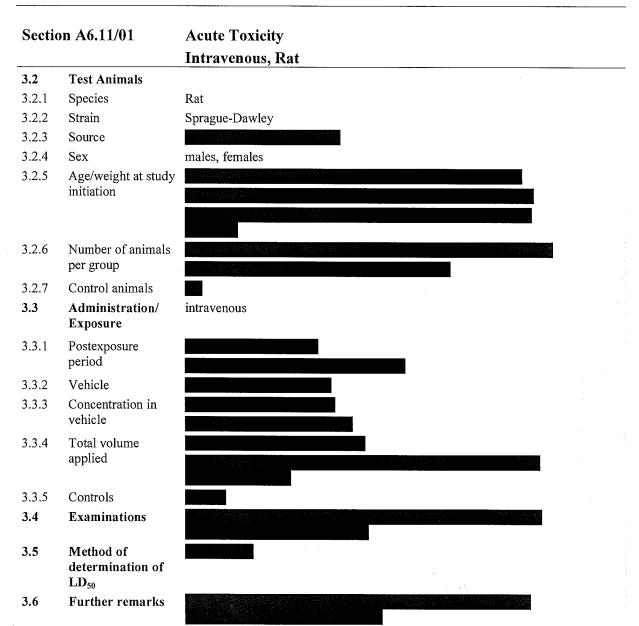


IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)
CA: DK



IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate
	(IPBC)

March 2004



IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	March 2004
	(IPBC)	
CA: DK		

Section A6.11/01 Acute Toxicity
Intravenous, Rat

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	Evaluation by Competent Authorities
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Results and discussion	
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IPBC Task Force

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

March 2004

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IPBC Task Force

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

July 2006

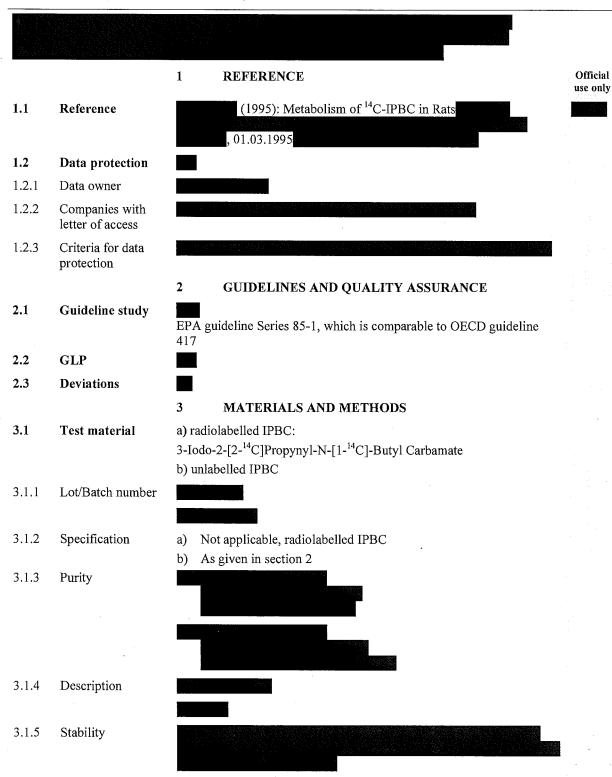
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Section A6.2/01

Toxicokinetic and metabolism in mammals

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.2

Rat, gavage



IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
	(IPBC)	

CA: DK

Section A6.2/01 Toxicokinetic and metabolism in mammals Rat, gavage Annex Point IIA, VI.6.2 3.2 **Test Animals** 3.2.1 Species Rat Crl:CD®BR 3.2.2 Strain 3.2.3 Source 3.2.4 Sex male, female 3.2.5 Age/weight at study initiation Number of animals 3.2.6 per group 3.3 Administration/ Oral Exposure 3.3.1 Dosing regime 3.3.2 Type Gavage 3.3.3 Vehicle 3.3.4 Concentration in vehicle 3.3.5 Total volume applied 3.3.6 Controls 3.4 **Examinations** 3.4.1 Excretion routes Body fluids 3.4.2 sampled 3.4.3 Tissues sampled 3.5 **Statistics** 3.6 Further remarks

July 2006 IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC) CA: DK **Section A6.2/01** Toxicokinetic and metabolism in mammals Rat, gavage Annex Point IIA, VI.6.2 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 4.1 **Excretion balance** 4.2 Tissue distribution

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3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

July 2006

CA: DK

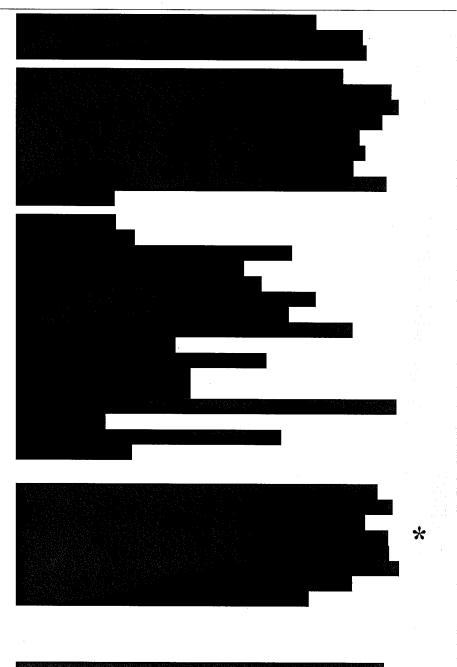
Section A6.2/01

Toxicokinetic and metabolism in mammals

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.2 Rat,

Rat, gavage

4.3 Metabolites



4.4 Absorption

CA: DK

Section A6.2/01

Toxicokinetic and metabolism in mammals

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.2

Rat, gavage

5.1 Materials and methods

5 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

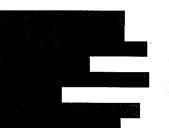
The study was conducted according to EPA guideline 85-1 which is comparable to OECD guideline 417.



5.2 Results and discussion

The majority of the administered radioactivity was excreted via urine (57.3% to 70.7%). A smaller amount was recovered in exhaled air (18.3 to 24.0%), 4.4% to 7.44% of administered radioactivity were recovered in faeces. The majority of radioactivity was excreted within 72 hours (77 to 99% of administered radioactivity).

IPBC was widely distributed. The concentration of radioactivity declined in the tissues with time. There was no trend for bioaccumulation observable. Less than 3.1% of the dose were recovered in carcass and tissues after 14 days.



On the basis of the excretion balance and metabolite pattern, it is concluded that IPBC was completely absorbed via the oral route.

There were no differences between sexes or applied doses detectable.

5.3 Conclusion

5.3.1

- 5.3.2 Deficiencies

Reliability

D.

see Results and Discussion

IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: DK		
Section A6.2/01 Annex Point IIA, VI.6.2	Toxicokinetic and metabolism in mammals Rat, gavage	
	Evaluation by Competent Authorities	
	Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted	
	EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE	
Date	The month of the second	
Materials and Methods		
Results and discussion		
Conclusion		
Reliability	1	

Acceptability Remarks

IPBC	Task	Force
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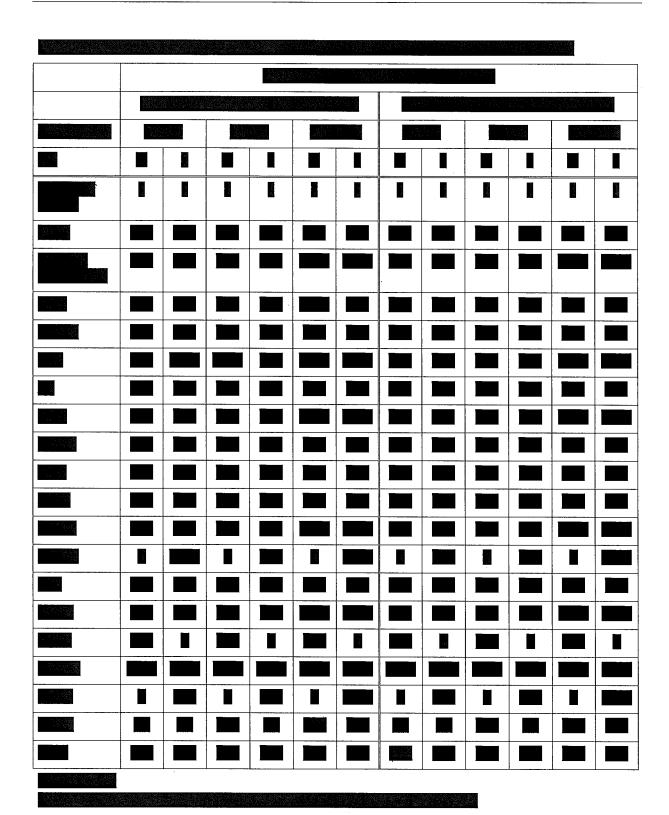
3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

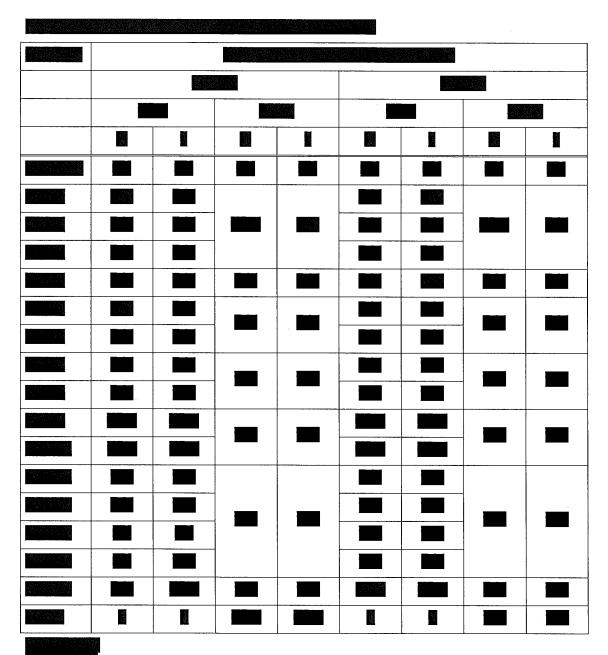
July 2006

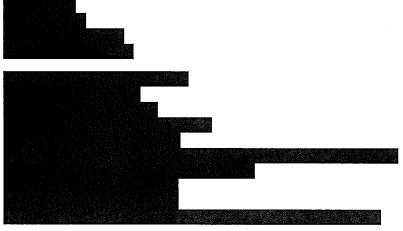
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			25227.004		
		18888 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7			
	35			3	
17.5%					
100					

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

July 2006







IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
	(IPBC)	
CA: DK		

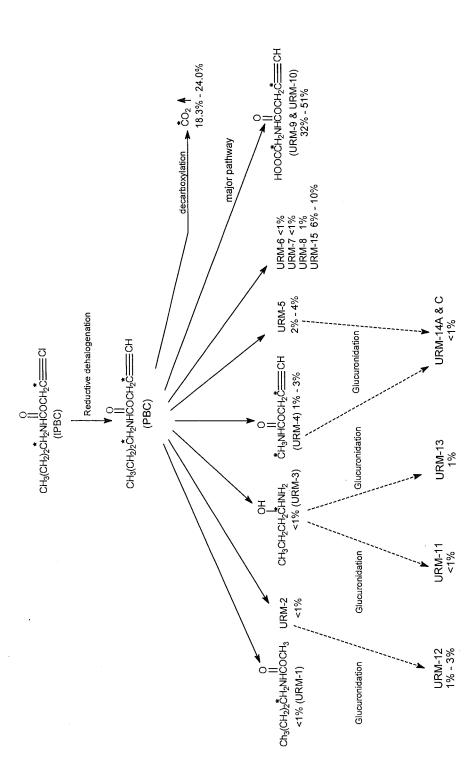
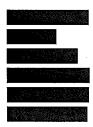
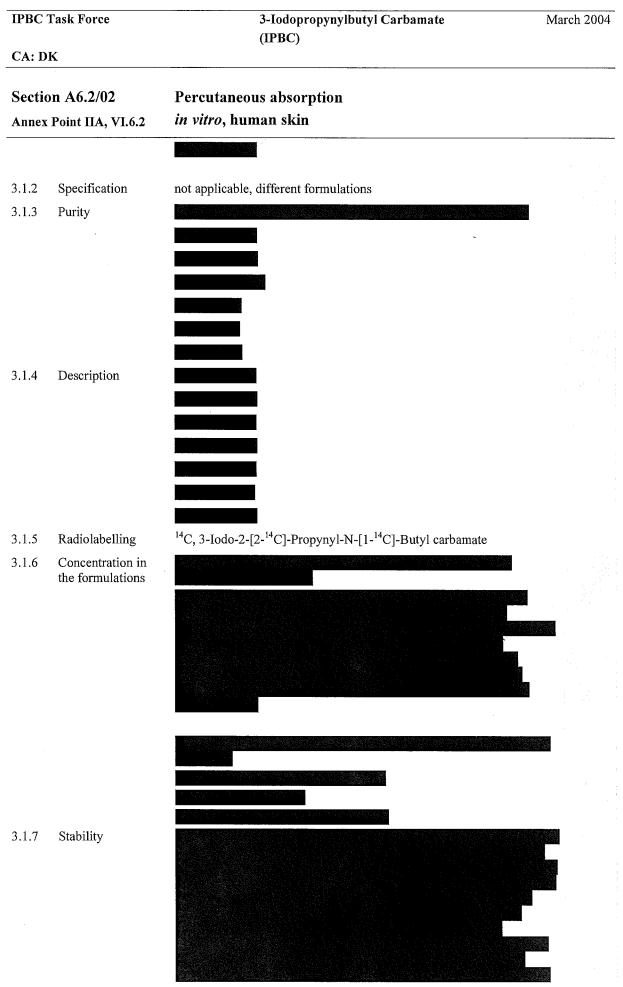


Figure A6.2/01-1: Proposed metabolic pathway of 14C-IPBC after oral administration (percentages are based on total dose administered)

IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate March 2004 (IPBC) CA: DK Section A6.2/02 Percutaneous absorption in vitro, human skin Annex Point IIA, VI.6.2 1 Official REFERENCE use only 1.1 (1995): The In Vitro Percutaneous Absorption Reference Through Human Abdominal Epidermis of [14C]-IPBC (3-Iodo-2-Propynyl-n-Butyl Carbamate); 27.09.1995; 1.2 Data protection 1.2.1 Data owner 1.2.2 Companies with letter of access Criteria for data 1.2.3 protection **GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE** 2.1 Guideline study UK HSE Control of Pesticides Regulations 1986 (Data requirements requested by Scientific Sub-Committee on Pesticides (SCP)). The method used is comparable to the OECD Draft guideline 428 "Skin Absorption: in vitro method" **GLP** 2.2 Yes, the sampling time of the receptor fluid was 8 hours (24 hours are **Deviations** 2.3 recommended). There is no information about the solubility of the test substance in the receptor fluid. 3 MATERIALS AND METHODS 3.1 The following materials were supplied to the contract laboratory: Test material radiolabelled IPBC unlabelled IPBC

3.1.1 Lot/Batch number





IPBC Task Force

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

March 2004

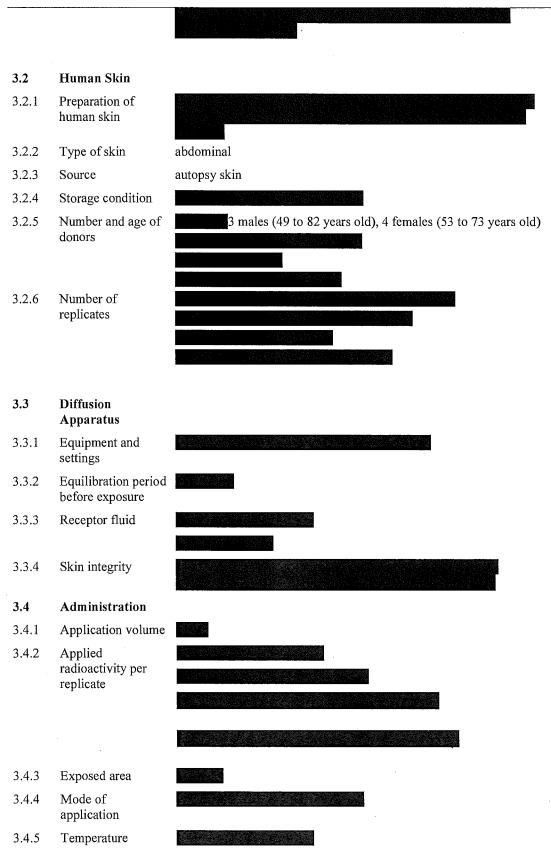
CA: DK

Section A6.2/02

Percutaneous absorption

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.2

in vitro, human skin



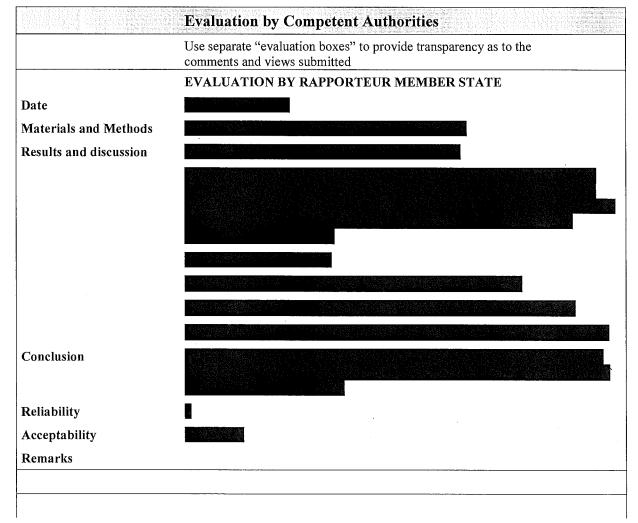
IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	March 2004
	(IPBC)	

Section	on A6.2/02	Percutaneous absorption	
	Point IIA, VI.6.2	in vitro, human skin	
3.4.6	Duration of exposure		:
3.4.7	Duration of post- exposure		
3.4.8	Skin Washing		
3.4.9	Tape Stripping		
3.4.10	Positive controls		
		4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	
4.1	Recovery		
4.1.1	Total recovery		
410	A E	And the second of the second o	
4.1.2	Amount of radioactivity in skin		
	·		
4.1.3	Total amount of		
,,,,,	radioactivity in		
	receptor fluid		
4.1.4	Amount of		
	radioactivity in receptor rinse		
	receptor rinse		
4.1.5	Amount of		
	radioactivity in washing		
4.1.6	Amount of radioactivity in tape strips		
4.2	Method of analysis		
	-		

IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	March 2004
CA: DK		
Section A6.2/02 Annex Point IIA, VI.6.2	Percutaneous absorption in vitro, human skin	
4.3 Absorption		*

IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	March 2004
	(IPBC)	

CA: DK Section A6.2/02 Percutaneous absorption in vitro, human skin Annex Point IIA, VI.6.2 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION 5.1 Materials and In an in vitro dermal penetration study, three IPBC containing, solventmethods based formulations were tested: 5.2 Results and The absorbed percentages discussion were: 0.8, 3.7, and 26.3% of the applied dose, respectively. 5.3 Conclusion 5.3.1 Reliability 5.3.2 Deficiencies



IPBC Task Force

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

March 2004

CA: DK

Section A6.2/02

Percutaneous absorption

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.2

in vitro, human skin

IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate July 2006 (IPBC) CA: DK **Section A6.3.1/01** Repeated/Subacute toxicity (28 days + 14 days recovery) Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3 Gavage Rat 1 Official REFERENCE use only 1.1 (2001): Institute of Toxicology, Department Reference of Short-Term Rodent Studies and Neurotoxicology; 24.04,2001 1.2 Data protection 1.2.1 Data owner 1.2.2 Companies with letter of access 1.2.3 Criteria for data protection 2 **GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE** 2.1 Guideline study Yes, OECD Guideline No. 407 (adopted 1995) Guideline 67/548/EEC B.7 (adopted 1996) "Toxicity after administration for 28 days (oral)" Notification No. 700 of Kanpogyo, No. 1039 of Yakuhatsu, and No. 1014 of 61 Kikyoku, December 1986 28-day Repeated Dose Toxicity Study in Mammalian Species" 2.2 **GLP** 2.3 **Deviations** No 3 MATERIALS AND METHODS 3.1 Test material 3.1.1 Lot/Batch number 3.1.2 Specification As given in section 2 3.1.3 Purity 3.1.4 Description 3.1.5 Stability

Wistar Hsd Cpd:WU (SPF bred)

3.2

3.2.1

3.2.2

Test Animals

Rat

Species

Strain

IPBC Task Force

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

July 2006

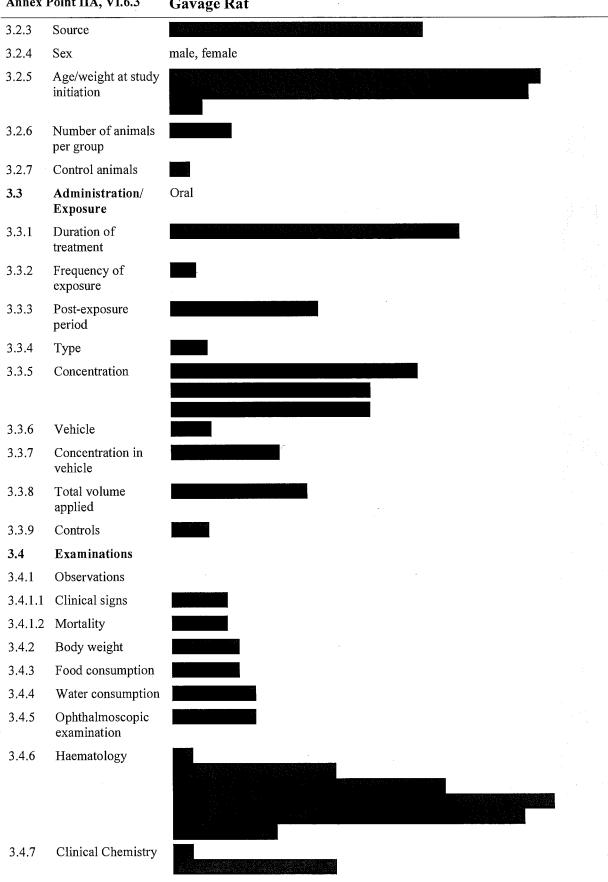
CA: DK



Repeated/Subacute toxicity (28 days + 14 days recovery)

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3

Gavage Rat



IPBC ¹	Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: D	K		
Section	on A6.3.1/01	Repeated/Subacute toxicity (28 days + 14 days re	covery)
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.3	Gavage Rat	
	1 110 9844		
		•	<u>**</u>
3.4.8	Urinalysis		
3.5	Sacrifice and pathology		
3.5.1	Organ Weights		,
3.5.2	Gross and histopathology		
	mstopathology		
		-	
3.5.3	Other examinations		
3.5.4	Statistics	No. American	
2.6	E- dl-		.5
3.6	Further remarks	4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	
4.1	Observations	, 2000 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 2	
4.1.1	Clinical signs	the state of the control of the state of the	Magazine et al.
4.1.2	Mortality		•
4.2	Body weight gain	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	, ,		
•			

IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate July 2006 (IPBC) CA: DK **Section A6.3.1/01** Repeated/Subacute toxicity (28 days + 14 days recovery) Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3 **Gavage Rat** 4.3 Food consumption and compound intake 4.4 **Ophthalmoscopic** examination 4.5 **Blood** analysis 4.5.1 Haematology 4.5.2 Clinical chemistry

IPBC Task Force July 2006 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC) CA: DK Repeated/Subacute toxicity (28 days + 14 days recovery) **Section A6.3.1/01** Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3 Gavage Rat 4.5.3 Urinalysis 4.5.4 FOB 4.5.5 Motor activity 4.6 Sacrifice and pathology 4.6.1 Gross pathology 4.6.2 Organ weights and histopathology *

CA: DK

Section A6.3.1/01

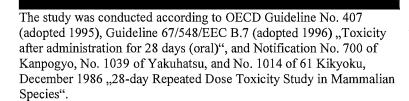
Repeated/Subacute toxicity (28 days + 14 days recovery)

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3

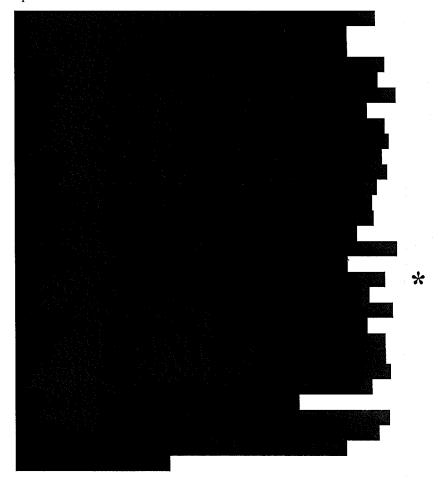
Gavage Rat

5 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

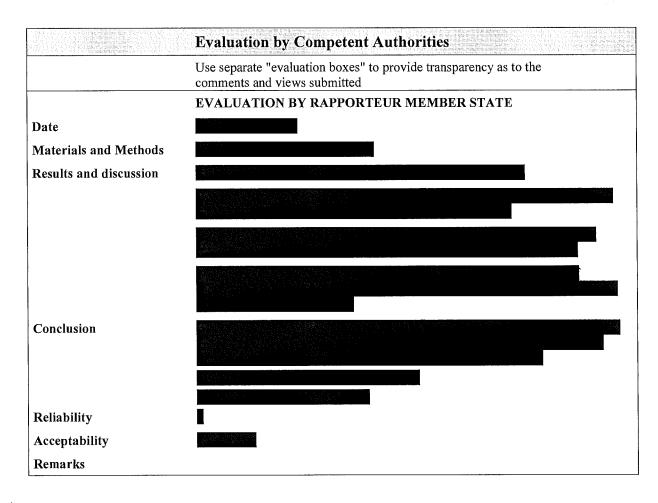
5.1 Materials and methods



5.2 Results and discussion



IPBC	Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: D	OK		
Section	on A6.3.1/01	Repeated/Subacute toxicity (28 days + 14 days recover	y)
Annex	x Point IIA, VI.6.3	Gavage Rat	
5.3	Conclusion		
5.3.1	NOEL	10 mg/kg bw/day for both sexes	*
5.3.2	NOAEL	30 mg/kg bw/day for both sexes, based on chronic peritonitis at 100 mg/kg bw/day.	*
5.3.3	Other	LOEL 100 mg/kg bw/day	*
5.3.4	Reliability		
5.3.5	Deficiencies	No	



3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

IPBC Task Force

CA: DK

July 2006

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

IPBC Task Force

CA: DK

July 2006

IPBC	Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: D	K		
Section	on A6.3.1/02/03	Repeated/subacute toxicity (4 weeks)	
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.3	Feeding Rat	
		1 REFERENCE	Official use only
1.1	Reference	A6.3.1/02:	
		(IPBC) 4 Week Dietary Dose Range Finding Study in Rats;	
		30.09.1986	
		A6.3.1/03:	
		(1986): Establishment of Methodology and the Routine Analysis of Iodopropynylbutyl carbamate in Diets prepared for a 4	
		Week Dose Range Finding Study in the Rat	
1.0	D 4	01.09.1986	
1.2	Data protection		
1.2.1	Data owner		
1.2.2	Companies with		
102	letter of access		
1.2.3	Criteria for data protection		
		2 GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE	
2.1	Guideline study	A6.3.1/02: No, rangefinding study	
		A6.3.1/03: not applicable, analytical methods	
2.2	GLP		
2.3	Deviations	A6.3.1/02 and A6.3.1/03:	
		not applicable	
		3 MATERIALS AND METHODS	
3.1	Test material		,
3.1.1	Lot/Batch number	The positive of the test substance was alightly leaven then the specification	
3.1.2	Specification	The purity of the test substance was slightly lower than the specification given in section 2. This dose not influence the integrity of the study.	,11

Purity

Description

3.1.33.1.4

IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate July 2006 (IPBC) CA: DK Repeated/subacute toxicity (4 weeks) Section A6.3.1/02/03 Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3 **Feeding Rat** 3.1.5 Stability 3.2 **Test Animals** 3.2.1 Species Rat 3.2.2 Strain Sprague-Dawley 3.2.3 Source 3.2.4 male, female 3.2.5 Age/weight at study initiation Number of animals 3.2.6 per group 3.2.7 Control animals 3.3 ${\bf Administration}/$ Oral Exposure 3.3.1 Duration of treatment 3.3.2 Frequency of exposure 3.3.3 Post-exposure period

11/86

3.3.4

3.3.5

3.3.63.3.7

3.3.8

3.3.9

Type

Vehicle

vehicle

applied

Controls

Concentration

Concentration in

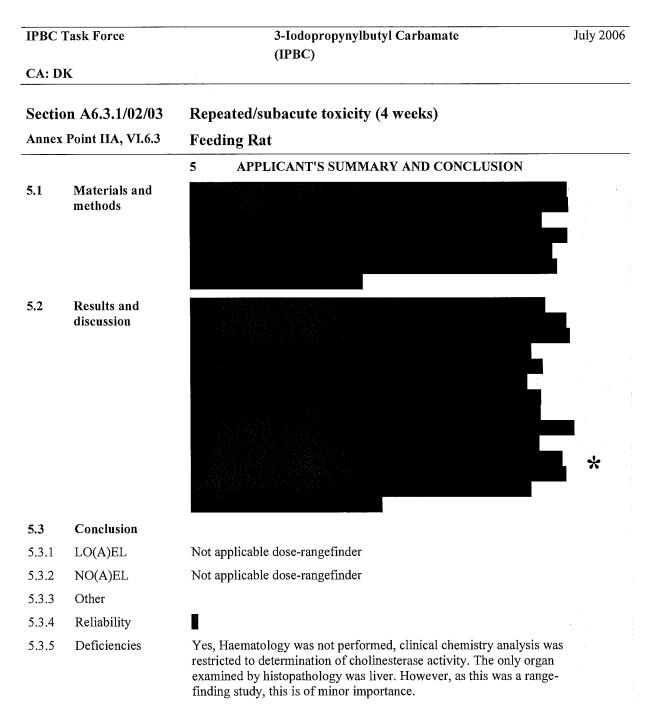
Total volume

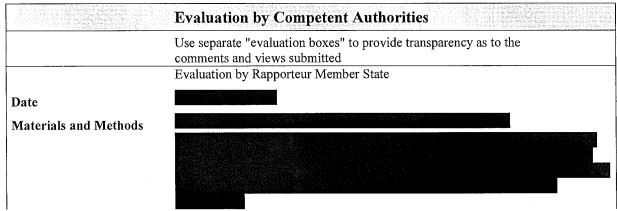
July 2006 IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC) CA: DK Repeated/subacute toxicity (4 weeks) Section A6.3.1/02/03 Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3 **Feeding Rat** 3.4 **Examinations** 3.4.1 Observations 3.4.1.1 Clinical signs 3.4.1.2 Mortality 3.4.2 Body weight 3.4.3 Food consumption 3.4.4 Water consumption 3.4.5 Ophthalmoscopic examination 3.4.6 Haematology 3.4.7 Clinical Chemistry Urinalysis 3.4.8 3.5 Sacrifice and pathology 3.5.1 Organ Weights 3.5.2 Gross and histopathology Other examinations 3.5.3 3.5.4 Statistics 3.6 Further remarks 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 4.1 **Observations** 4.1.1 Clinical signs 4.1.2 Mortality 4.2 Body weight gain 4.3 Food consumption

IPBC	Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: D	OK .	·	
Section	on A6.3.1/02/03	Repeated/subacute toxicity (4 weeks)	
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.3	Feeding Rat	
4.4	Water consumption		:
4.5	Ophthalmoscopic examination		
4.6	Blood analysis		
4.6.1	Haematology		
4.6.2	Clinical chemistry		
4.6.3	Urinalysis		
4.7	Sacrifice and pathology		
4.7.1	Organ weights		
			*
			: •
4.7.2	Gross and		
-	histopathology		

4.8

Other





IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: DK		
Section A6.3.1/02/03	Repeated/subacute toxicity (4 weeks)	
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3	Feeding Rat	
Results and discussion		
Conclusion		
Reliability		(1971年) - 1943年(198 2年)

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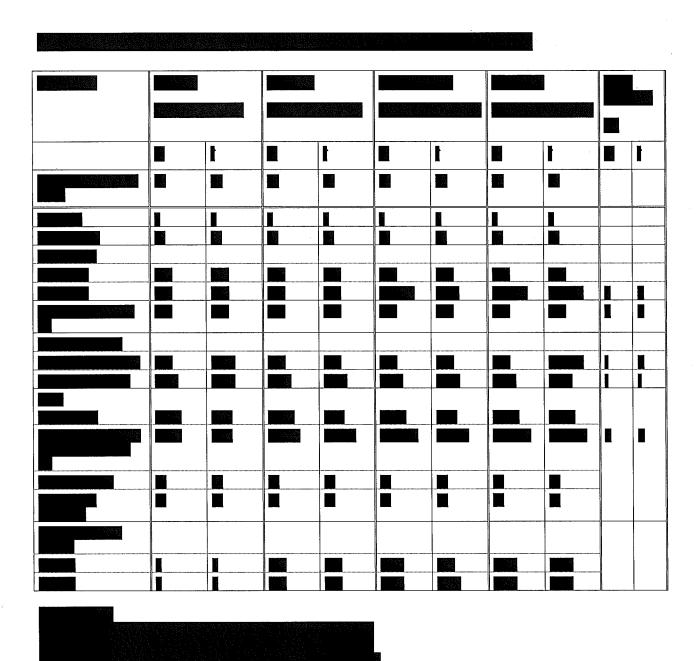
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3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

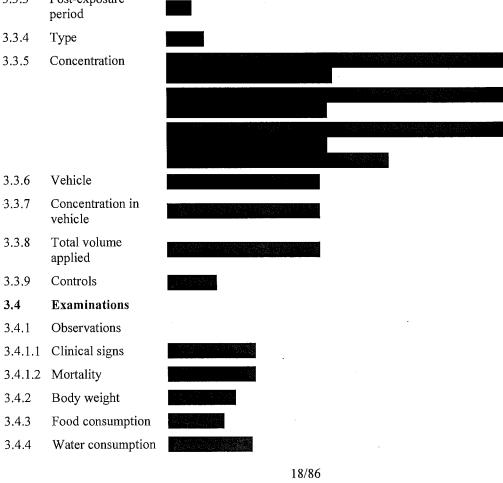
July 2006

CA: DK



IPBC	Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: D	K		
Section	on A6.3.1/04	Repeated/subacute toxicity (2 weeks)	
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.3	Feeding Rabbit	
		1 REFERENCE	Official use only
1.1	Reference	(1996): A 2-Week Range-Finding Study of Troysan	
		Polyphase P100 in the Rabbit Via Dietary Administration	:
		08.05.1996;	
1.2	Data protection		
1.2.1	Data owner		* 1
1.2.2	Companies with letter of access		
1.2.3	Criteria for data protection		
		2 GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE	
2.1	Guideline study	No, dose-rangefinding study	
	CV D		
2.2	GLP		
2.3	Deviations	3 MATERIALS AND METHODS	
		5 MATERIALS AND METHODS	
3.1	Test material		
3.1.1	Lot/Batch number		
3.1.2	Specification	As given in section 2	
3.1.3	Purity		*
3.1.4	Description	difference and the second of t	
3.1.5	Stability		
			•

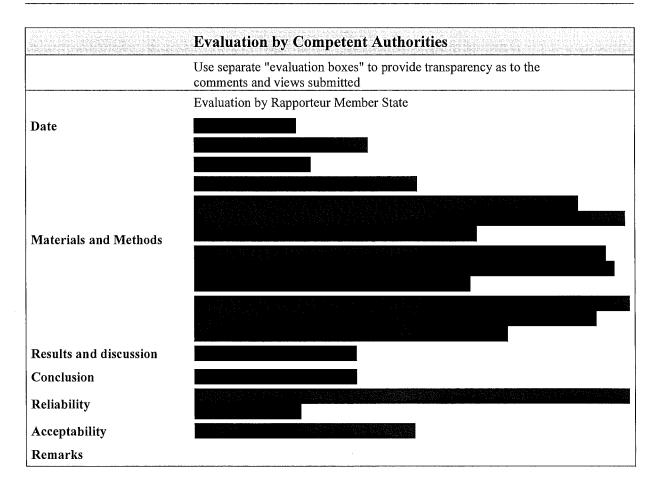
IPBC '	Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: D	К	,	
Section	on A6.3.1/04	Repeated/subacute toxicity (2 weeks)	
	Point IIA, VI.6.3	Feeding Rabbit	
3.2	Test Animals		
3.2.1	Species	Rabbit	
3.2.2	Strain	New Zealand White	
3.2.3	Source		
3.2.4	Sex	male, female	
3.2.5	Age/weight at study initiation		
3.2.6	Number of animals per group		
3.2.7	Control animals		
3.3	Administration/ Exposure	Oral	
3.3.1	Duration of treatment		
3.3.2	Frequency of exposure		
3.3.3	Post-exposure period		
3.3.4	Type		
3.3.5	Concentration		*
3.3.6	Vehicle		
3.3.7	Concentration in vehicle		
3.3.8	Total volume applied		
3.3.9	Controls		
3.4	Examinations		



July 2006 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate IPBC Task Force (IPBC) CA: DK Repeated/subacute toxicity (2 weeks) Section A6.3.1/04 Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3 **Feeding Rabbit** 3.4.5 Ophthalmoscopic examination 3.4.6 Haematology Clinical Chemistry 3.4.7 Urinalysis 3.4.8 3.5 Sacrifice and pathology 3.5.1 Organ Weights 3.5.2 Gross pathology 3.5.3 Other examinations 3.5.4 Statistics 3.6 Further remarks RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 4.1 **Observations** 4.1.1 Clinical signs 4.1.2 Mortality Body weight gain 4.2 4.3 Food consumption and compound intake 4.4 Ophthalmoscopic examination

July 2006 **IPBC Task Force** 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC) CA: DK Repeated/subacute toxicity (2 weeks) **Section A6.3.1/04** Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3 Feeding Rabbit 4.5 **Blood** analysis 4.5.1 Haematology 4.5.2 Clinical chemistry 4.5.3 Urinalysis 4.6 Sacrifice and pathology 4.6.1 Organ weights 4.6.2 Gross and histopathology 4.7 Other APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION 5.1 Materials and methods 5.2 Results and discussion 5.3 Conclusion 5.3.1 LO(A)EL not applicable, dose-rangefinder 5.3.2 not applicable, dose-rangefinder NOAEL Other 5.3.3 Reliability 5.3.4 5.3.5 Deficiencies No

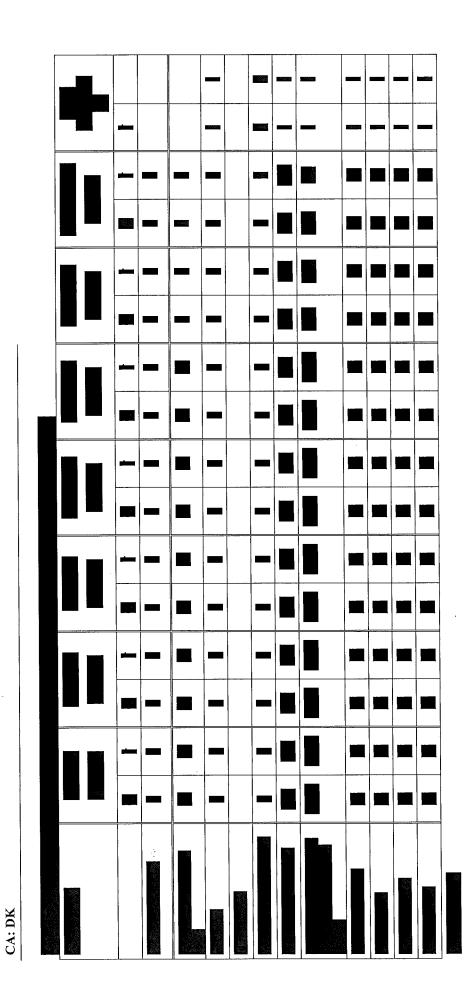
IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006	
	(IPBC)		
CA: DK			
Section A6.3.1/04	Repeated/subacute toxicity (2 weeks)		
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3	Feeding Rabbit		

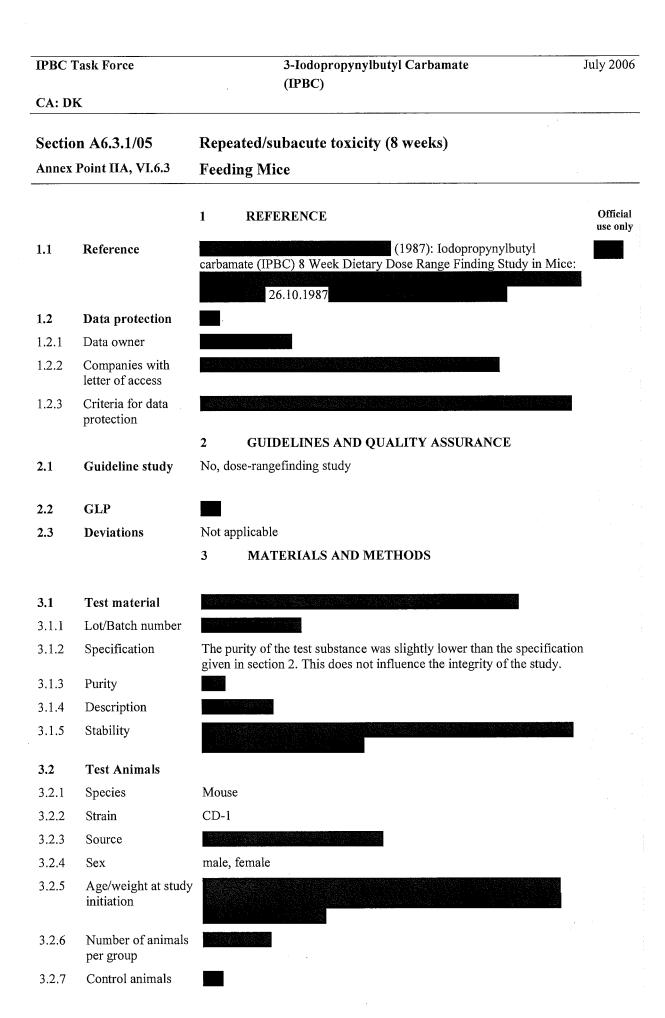


3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	
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July 2006





IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
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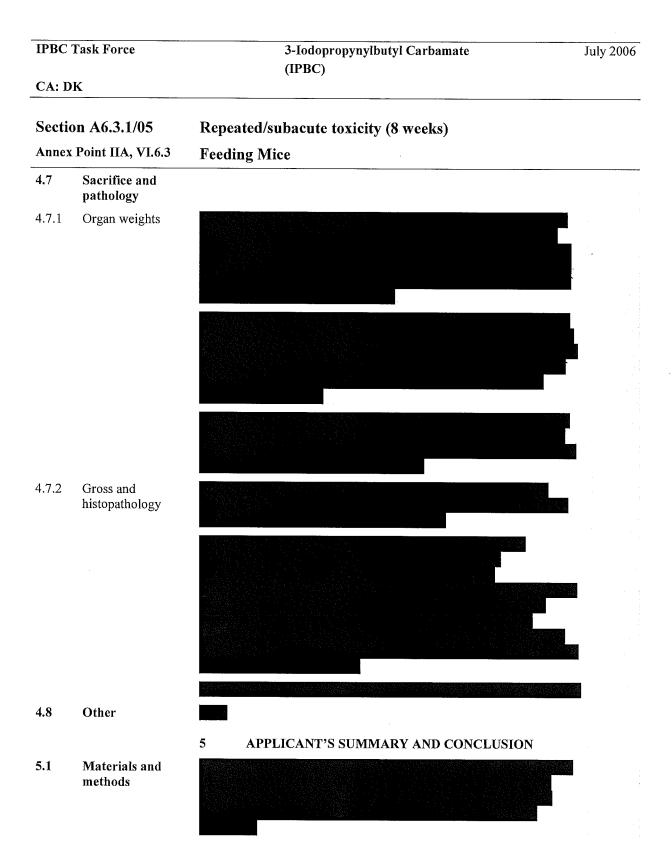
Section	n A6.3.1/05	Repeated/subacute toxicity (8 weeks)
Annex]	Point IIA, VI.6.3	Feeding Mice
3.3	Administration/ Exposure	Oral
3.3.1	Duration of treatment	
3.3.2	Frequency of exposure	
3.3.3	Post-exposure period	
3.3.4	Туре	
3.3.5	Concentration	
3.3.6	Vehicle	
3.3.7	Concentration in vehicle	
3.3.8	Total volume applied	
3.3.9	Controls	
3.4	Examinations	
3.4.1	Observations	
3.4.1.1	Clinical signs	
3.4.1.2	Mortality	
3.4.2	Body weight	
3.4.3	Food consumption	
3.4.4	Water consumption	
3.4.5	Ophthalmoscopic examination	
3.4.6	Haematology	State of the state
3.4.7	Clinical Chemistry	
3.4.8	Urinalysis	
3.5	Sacrifice and pathology	
3.5.1	Organ Weights	
3.5.2	Gross pathology	
3.5.3	Histopathology	
3.5.4	Other examinations	

(IPBC) CA: DK Repeated/subacute toxicity (8 weeks) **Section A6.3.1/05** Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3 **Feeding Mice** 3.5.5 Statistics 3.6 Further remarks RESULTS AND DISCUSSION **Observations** 4.1 4.1.1 Clinical signs 4.1.2 Mortality 4.2 Body weight gain 4.3 Food consumption Water 4.4 consumption 4.5 **Ophthalmoscopic** examination 4.6 **Blood** analysis 4.6.1 Haematology 4.6.2 Clinical chemistry 4.6.3 Urinalysis

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate

July 2006

IPBC Task Force



IPBC Task Force		3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: D	OK .		
Section	on A6.3.1/05	Repeated/subacute toxicity (8 weeks)	
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3		Feeding Mice	
5,2	Results and discussion		
5.3	Conclusion		_
5.3.1	LO(A)EL	Not applicable, dose-rangefinding	
5.3.2	NOAEL	Not applicable, dose-rangefinding	
5.3.3	Other		
5.3.4	Reliability	I	
5.3.5	Deficiencies	No	
		Evaluation by Competent Authorities	
	33763	Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted Evaluation by Rapporteur Member State	
Date		gigation of tapporton monitor state	
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Conclusion
Reliability
Acceptability

Remarks

July 2006

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

IPBC Task Force

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3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	
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IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
	(IPBC)	
CA; DK		

Section A6.3.2	Repeated/subacute toxicity						
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3	dermal						
	JUSTIFICATION FOR NON-SUBMISSION OF DATA	Official use only					
Other existing data [X]	Technically not feasible [] Scientifically unjustified []						
Limited exposure []	Other justification []						
Detailed justification:	A subacute dermal toxicity study is not required if a GLP and guideline compliant subchronic dermal toxicity study is available. The 90-day dermal toxicity study in rats is summarised in Siglin, 1991, Doc. No. 534-001, Doc. IIIA, Section A6.4.2/01. The submission of a subacute dermal toxicity study is, thus, not required.						
	Evaluation by Competent Authorities						
	Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted						
	EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE						
Date							
Evaluation of applicant's justification							
Conclusion	The first over the same of the first control of the same of the sa						
Remarks							

IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate July 2006 (IPBC) CA: DK Repeated/subacute toxicity (2 weeks) **Section A6.3.3/01** Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3 **Inhalation Rat** 1 REFERENCE Official use only (1994): Omacide® IPBC 2-Week Repeat Dose Inhalation 1.1 Reference Toxicity Study in Rats; 1.2 Data protection 1.2.1 Data owner 1.2.2 Companies with letter of access 1.2.3 Criteria for data protection **GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE** 2 2.1 Guideline study dose-rangefinding study for subsequent 90-day inhalation toxicity study. **GLP** 2.2 2.3 Not appliable **Deviations** MATERIALS AND METHODS 3.1 Test material 3.1.1 Lot/Batch number The purity of the test substance was slightly lower than the specification 3.1.2 Specification given in section 2. This does not influence the integrity of the study. 3.1.3 Purity 3.1.4 Description 3.1.5 Stability 3.2 **Test Animals** 3.2.1 Species Rat 3.2.2 Strain Sprague Dawley 3.2.3 Source 3.2.4 male, female Sex 3.2.5 Age/weight at study initiation 3.2.6 Number of animals per group

3.2.7

Control animals

IPBC T	ask Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: DI	ζ		
Section	n A6.3.3/01	Repeated/subacute toxicity (2 weeks)	
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.3	Inhalation Rat	
3.3	Administration/ Exposure	Inhalation	
3.3.1	Duration of treatment		
3.3.2	Frequency of exposure		
3.3.3	Post-exposure period		
3.3.4	Concentrations		
3.3.5	Particle size		
		e Septime et l'al massinate l'al l'al l'al l'al l'al l'al l'al l'a	
3.3.6	Type or preparation of particles		
3.3.7	Type of exposure		
3.3.8	Vehicle		
3.3.9	Concentration in vehicle		
3.3.10	Duration of exposure		
3.3.11	Controls		
3.4	Examinations		
3.4.1	Observations		
3.4.1.1	Clinical signs		
3.4.1.2	Mortality		
3.4.2	Body weight		
3.4.3	Food consumption		
3.4.4	Water consumption		
3.4.5	Ophthalmoscopic examination		
3.4.6	Haematology		

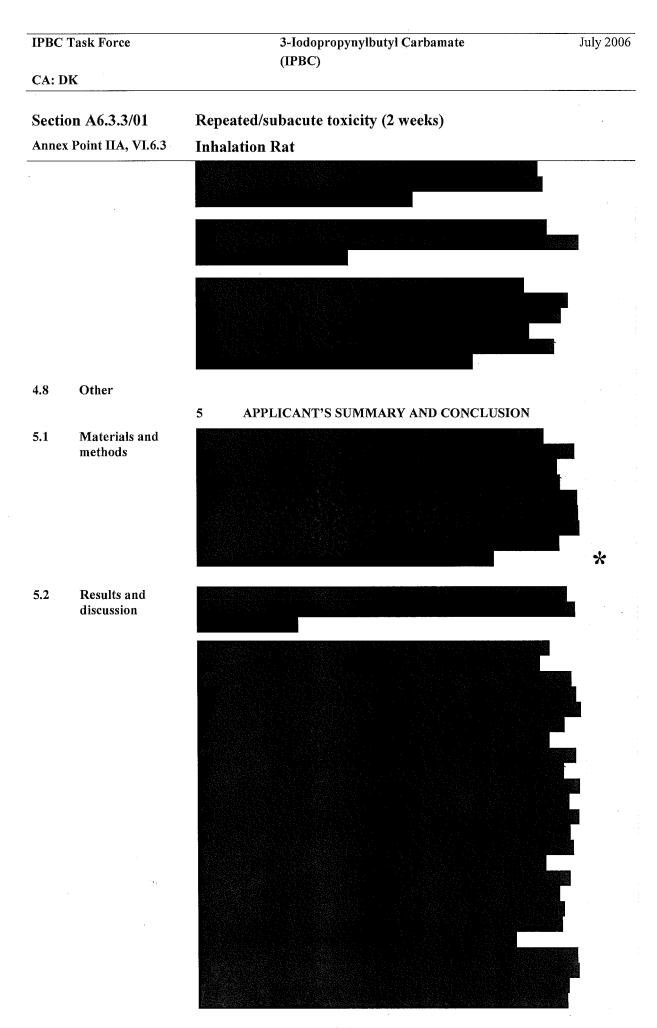
Clinical Chemistry

3.4.7

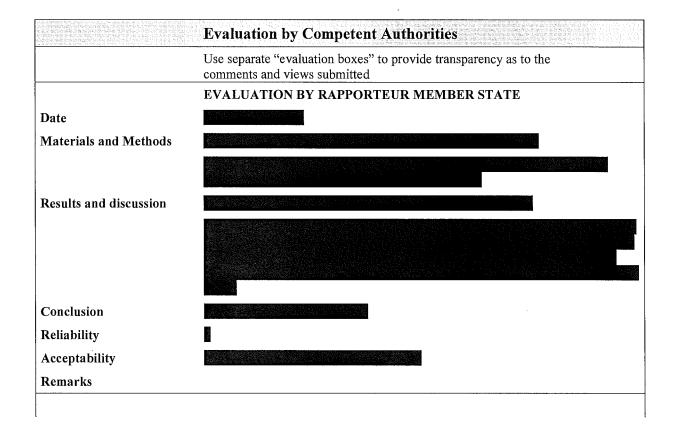
IPBC Task Force		3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: D	K		<u></u>
Section	on A6.3.3/01	Repeated/subacute toxicity (2 weeks)	
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.3	Inhalation Rat	
3.4.8	Urinalysis		
3.5	Sacrifice and pathology		
3.5.1	Organ Weights		
3.5.2	Gross and histopathology		
3.5.3	Other examinations		
3.5.4	Statistics		
3.6	Further remarks	None	
		4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	
4.1	Observations		
4.1.1	Clinical signs		<u>.</u>
4.1.2	Mortality		
4.2	Body weight gain		
	•		

July 2006 IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC) CA: DK Repeated/subacute toxicity (2 weeks) **Section A6.3.3/01** Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3 **Inhalation Rat** 4.3 Food consumption 4.4 Water consumption 4.5 Ophthalmoscopic examination **Blood** analysis 4.6 4.6.1 Haematology 4.6.2 Clinical chemistry 4.6.3 Urinalysis 4.7 Sacrifice and pathology 4.7.1 Organ weights 4.7.2 Gross and histopathology

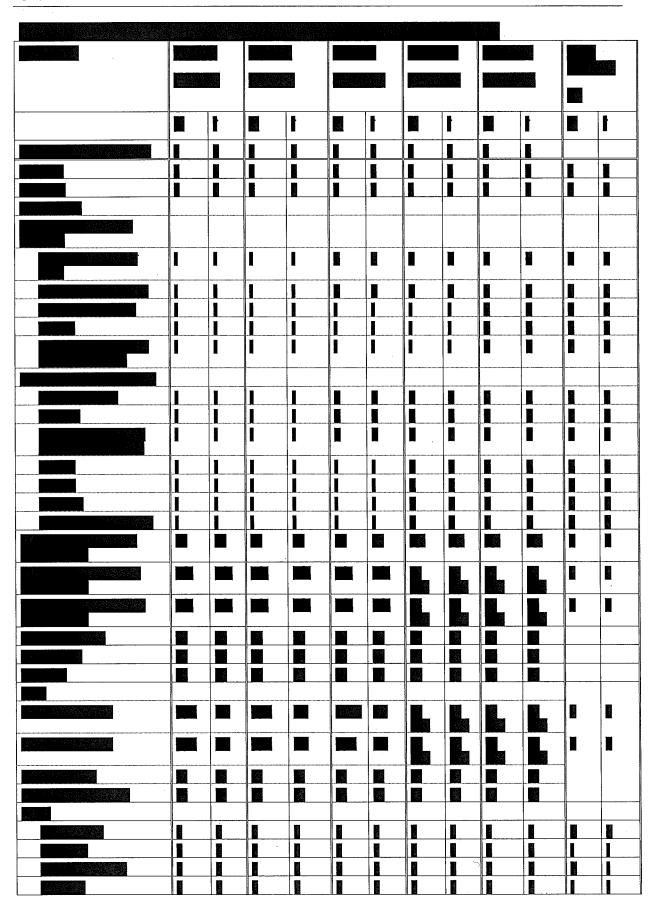
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IPBC	Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: D	OK .	,	
Section	on A6.3.3/01	Repeated/subacute toxicity (2 weeks)	,
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.3	Inhalation Rat	
			*
5.3	Conclusion		
5.3.1	LOAEL	not relevant, rangefinding study	
5.3.2	NOEL	not relevant, rangefinding study	
5.3.3	Other		
5.3.4	Reliability	I	
5.3.5	Deficiencies	No	



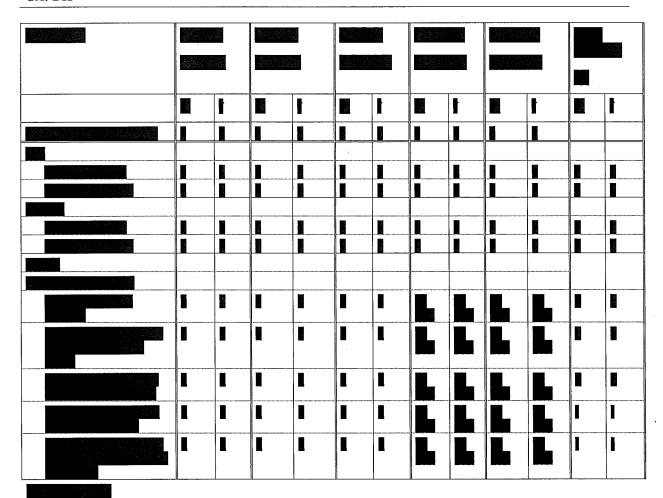
CA: DK



IPBC Task Force

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

July 2006



IPBC Task Force July 2006 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC) CA: DK

Official

Repeated dose toxicity (5 days) Section A6.3.3/02

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3 **Inhalation Rat** 1 REFERENCE use only (1994): Omacide® IPBC 5-Day Repeat Dose Inhalation 1.1 Reference Toxicity Study in Rats; Hu 1.2 Data protection 1.2.1 Data owner 1.2.2 Companies with letter of access 1.2.3 Criteria for data protection 2 **GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE** 2.1 Guideline study No, dose-rangefinding study for subsequent 90-day inhalation toxicity study. 2.2 **GLP** 2.3 **Deviations** 3 MATERIALS AND METHODS 3.1 Test material 3.1.1 Lot/Batch number The purity of the test substance was slightly lower than the specification 3.1.2 Specification given in section 2. This does not influence the integrity of the study. 3.1.3 Purity 3.1.4 Description 3.1.5 Stability 3.2 **Test Animals** 3.2.1 Species Rat 3.2.2 Strain Sprague Dawley 3.2.3 Source 3.2.4 Sex male, female 3.2.5 Age/weight at study initiation 3.2.6 Number of animals per group 3.2.7 Control animals Inhalation 3.3 Administration/

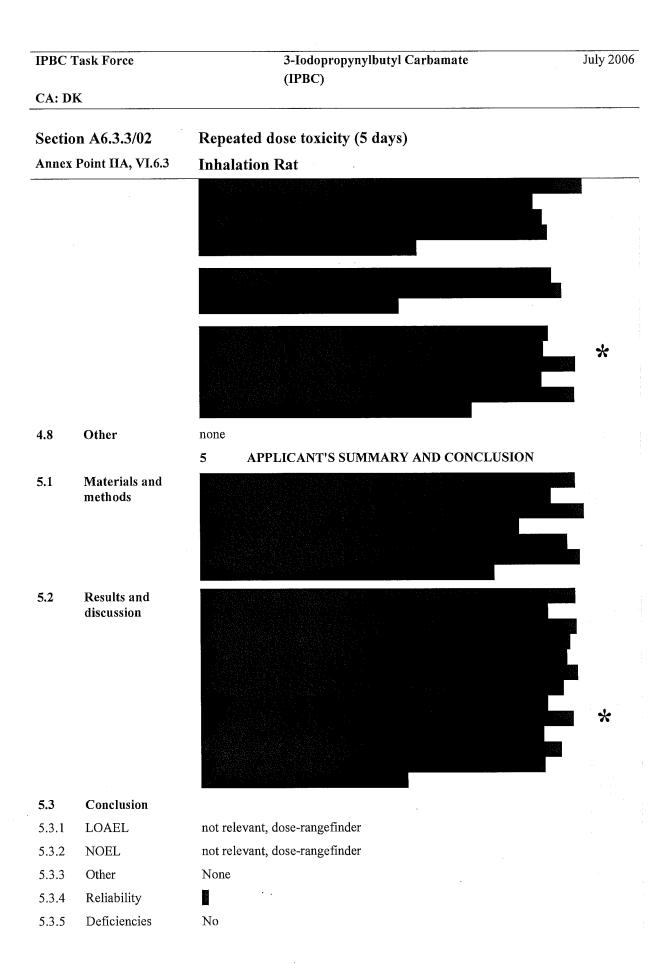
Exposure

IPBC Task Force		3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: D	K	(II BC)	
Section	on A6.3.3/02	Repeated dose toxicity (5 days)	
	Point IIA, VI.6.3	Inhalation Rat	
		Innaration Rat	
3.3.1	Duration of treatment		
3.3.2	Frequency of exposure		
3.3.3	Post-exposure period		
3.3.4	Concentrations	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
3.3.5	Particle size		*
		And the second of the second o	
3.3.6	Type or preparation of particles		
3.3.7	Type of exposure	Whole body	
3.3.8	Vehicle		
3.3.9	Concentration in vehicle		
3.3.10	Duration of exposure		
3.3.11	Controls		
3.4	Examinations		
3.4.1	Observations		
3.4.1.1	Clinical signs		
3.4.1.2	2 Mortality		
3.4.2	Body weight		
3.4.3	Food consumption		
3.4.4	Water consumption		
3.4.5	Ophthalmoscopic examination		
3.4.6	Haematology		
3.4.7	Clinical Chemistry		
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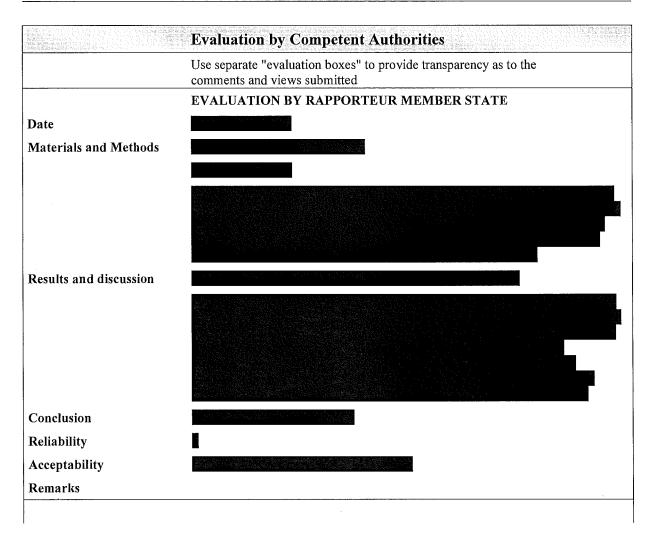
3.4.8

Urinalysis

IPBC Task Force July 2006 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC) CA: DK Repeated dose toxicity (5 days) Section A6.3.3/02 Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3 **Inhalation Rat** 3.5 Sacrifice and pathology 3.5.1 Organ Weights 3.5.2 Gross and histopathology Other examinations 3.5.3 3.5.4 Statistics 3.6 Further remarks none 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 4.1 **Observations** 4.1.1 Clinical signs 4.1.2 Mortality 4.2 Body weight gain 4.3 Food consumption 4.4 Water consumption 4.5 **Ophthalmoscopic** examination 4.6 **Blood** analysis 4.6.1 Haematology 4.6.2 Clinical chemistry 4.6.3 Urinalysis 4.7 Sacrifice and pathology Organ weights 4.7.1 4.7.2 Gross and histopathology



IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
	(IPBC)	
CA: DK		
Section A6.3.3/02	Repeated dose toxicity (5 days)	
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.3	Inhalation Rat	



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July 2006

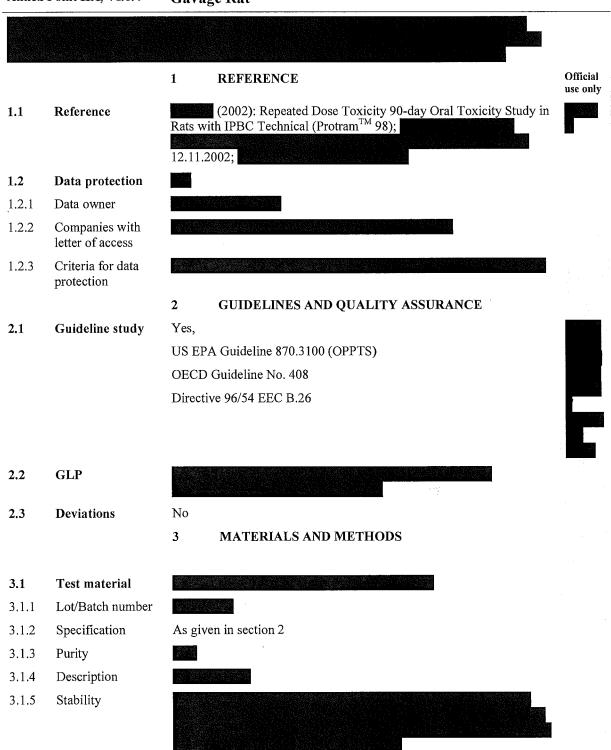
CA: DK

Section A6.4.1/01

Subchronic toxicity (13 week)

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4

Gavage Rat



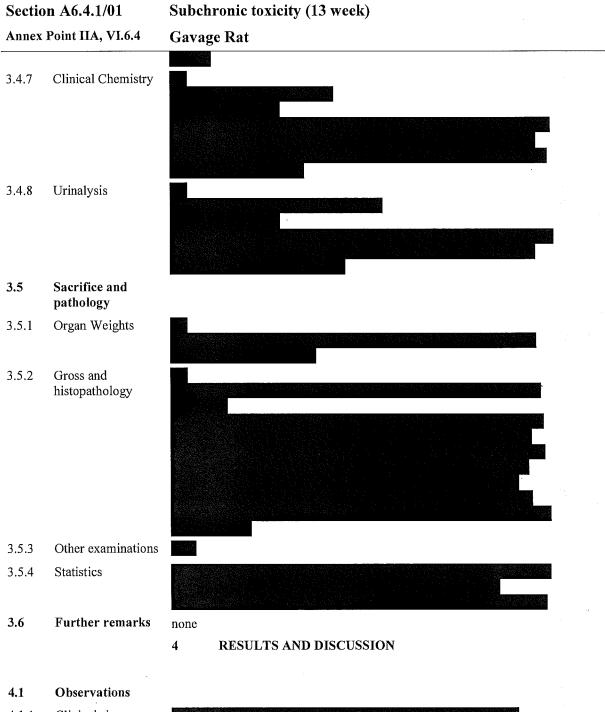
IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
	(IPBC)	

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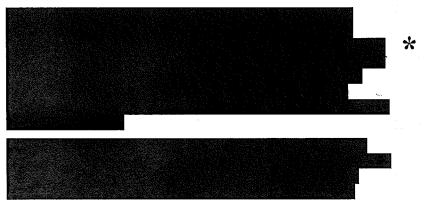
Section A6.4.1/01 Subchronic toxicity (13 week) Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4 Gavage Rat 3.2 **Test Animals** 3.2.1 Species rat 3.2.2 Strain Hsd:Sprague Dawley SD (full barrier) 3.2.3 Source 3.2.4 Sex male, female 3.2.5 Age/weight at study initiation Number of animals 3.2.6 per group 3.2.7 Control animals 3.3 Administration/ Oral **Exposure** 3.3.1 Duration of treatment 3.3.2 Frequency of exposure 3.3.3 Post-exposure period 3.3.4 Type 3.3.5 Concentration 3.3.6 Vehicle 3.3.7 Concentration in vehicle Total volume 3.3.8 applied 3.3.9 Controls 3.4 **Examinations** 3.4.1 Observations * 3.4.1.1 Clinical signs 3.4.1.2 Mortality 3.4.2 Body weight 3.4.3 Food consumption 3.4.4 Water consumption 3.4.5 Ophthalmoscopic examination 3.4.6 Haematology

IPBC Task Force
3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate
(IPBC)

CA: DK

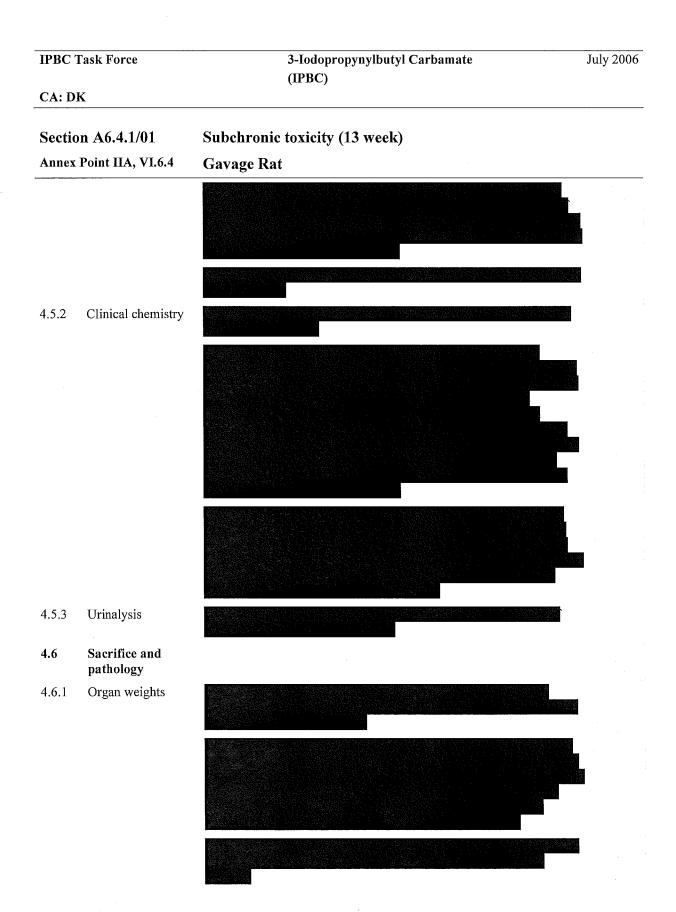


4.1.1 Clinical signs



July 2006 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate IPBC Task Force (IPBC) CA: DK Subchronic toxicity (13 week) **Section A6.4.1/01** Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4 Gavage Rat 4.1.2 Mortality 4.2 Body weight gain 4.3 Food consumption and food conversion ratio Ophthalmoscopic 4.4 examination 4.5 **Blood** analysis 4.5.1 Haematology

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IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate July 2006 (IPBC) CA: DK Subchronic toxicity (13 week) **Section A6.4.1/01** Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4 Gavage Rat 4.6.2 Gross and histopathology 4.7 Other none 5 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION In an 90-day gavage study, 10 rats/sex/group were treated with 0, 10, 20, 35 and 80 mg/kg bw/day according to US EPA Guideline 870.3100 (OPPTS), OECD Guideline No. 408, and Directive 96/54 EEC B.26. 5.1 Materials and methods Results and 5.2 discussion

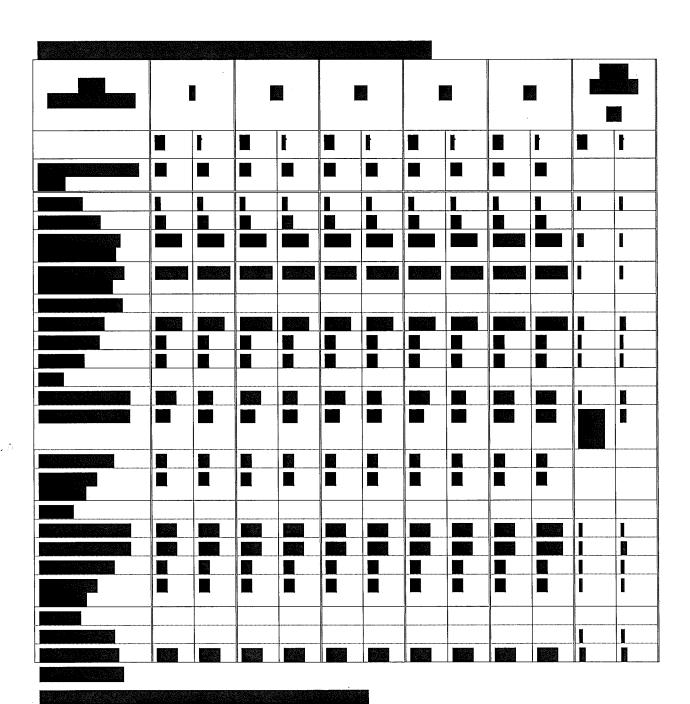
IPBC	Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: D	K		
Secti	on A6.4.1/01	Subchronic toxicity (13 week)	
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.4	Gavage Rat	
5.3	Conclusion		
5.3.1	LO(A)EL	80 mg/kg bw/day for both sexes	
5.3.2	NOAEL	35 mg/kg bw/day for both sexes, based on reduced body weight and body weight gain at the next higher dose (80 mg/kg bw/day)	*
5.3.3	NOEL	10 mg/kg bw/day for both sexes	,
5.3.4	Other		
5.3.5	Reliability	1	
5.3.6	Deficiencies	No	
		Evaluation by Competent Authorities	
		Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted	

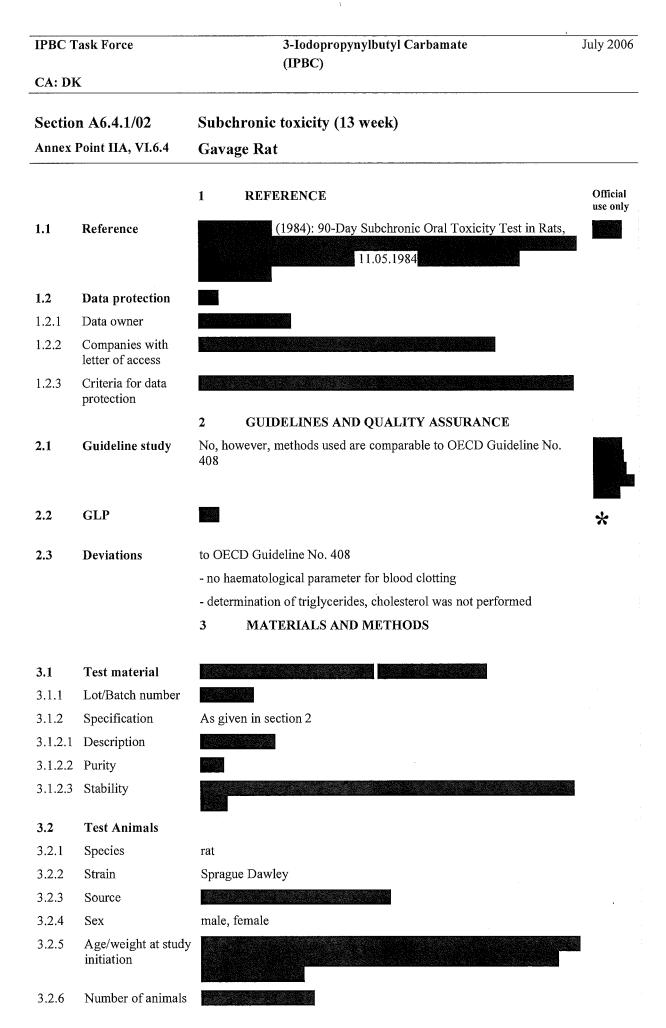
	Evaluation by Competent Authorities
	Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted
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Date	
Materials and Methods	
Results and discussion	
Conclusion	
Reliability	1
Acceptability	
Remarks	

IPBC	Task	Force

July 2006

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IPBC T	ask Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: DI	<	(ii be)	
Sectio	n A6.4.1/02	Subchronic toxicity (13 week)	
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.4	Gavage Rat	
	per group		
3.2.7	Control animals		
3.3	Administration/ Exposure	Oral	
3.3.1	Duration of treatment		
3.3.2	Frequency of exposure		
3.3.3	Post-exposure period		
3.3.4	Type		
3.3.5	Concentration		
3.3.6	Vehicle		
3.3.7	Concentration in vehicle		
3.3.8	Total volume applied		
3.3.8.1	Controls		
3.4	Examinations		
3.4.1	Observations		
3.4.1.1	Clinical signs		
3.4.1.2	Mortality		
3.4.2	Body weight		
3.4.3	Food consumption		
3.4.4	Water consumption		
3.4.5	Ophthalmoscopic examination		
3.4.6	Haematology		
3.4.7	Clinical Chemistry		

3.4.8

Urinalysis

IPBC Task Force July 2006 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC) CA: DK Subchronic toxicity (13 week) **Section A6.4.1/02** Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4 Gavage Rat 3.5 Sacrifice and pathology Organ Weights 3.5.1 3.5.2 Gross and histopathology 3.5.3 Other examinations 3.5.4 Statistics 3.6 Further remarks none 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 4.1 Observations 4.1.1 Clinical signs 4.1.2 Mortality 4.2 Body weight gain 4.3 Food consumption 4.4 Ophthalmoscopic examination 4.5 **Blood** analysis 4.5.1 Haematology 4.5.2 Clinical chemistry

IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
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Section A6.4.1/02

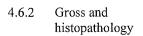
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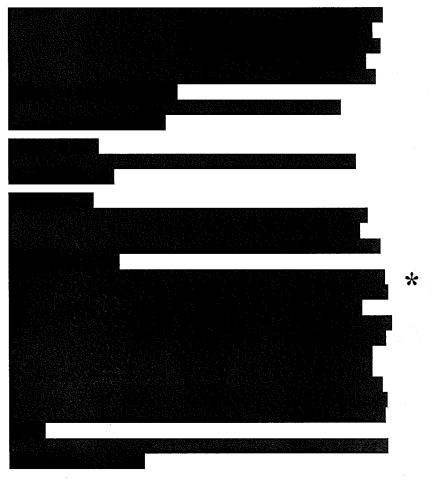
Subchronic toxicity (13 week)

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4

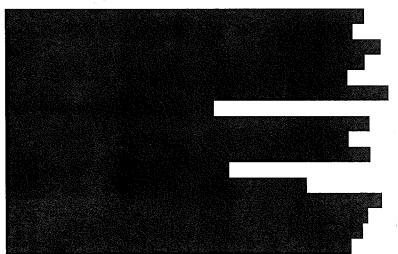
Gavage Rat

- 4.6 Sacrifice and pathology
- 4.6.1 Organ weights

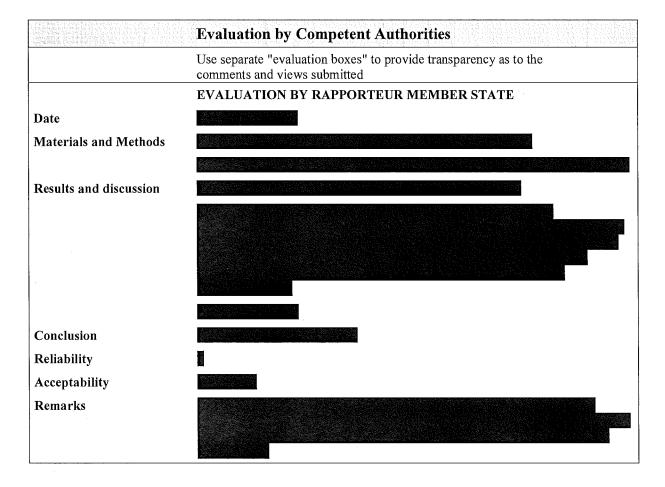




- 4.7 Other
- none
- 5.1 Materials and methods
- 5 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION
- 5.2 Results and discussion
- In an 90-day gavage study, 10 rats/sex/group were treated with 0, 20, 50 and 125 mg/kg bw/day, 5 days per week (comparable to OECD Guideline No. 408).



IPBC	Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: D	K		
Section	on A6.4.1/02	Subchronic toxicity (13 week)	
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.4	Gavage Rat	
5.3	Conclusion		
5.3.1	LO(A)EL	50 mg/kg bw/day for both sexes	
5.3.2	NO(A)EL	20 mg/kg bw/day for both sexes, based on clinical signs (burrowing behavior).	*
5.3.3	Other		
5.3.4	Reliability	I	
5.3.5	Deficiencies	No	



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IPBC Task Force		3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
		(IPBC)	
CA: D	K		
Sectio	n A6.4.1/03	Repeated dose toxicity (13 week)	
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.4	Feeding rabbit	
		1 totaling 1 to 200	
		1 REFERENCE	Official 💉 use only
1.1	Reference	. (1997): A Subchronic (3-Month) Toxicity Study of Troysan Polyphase P100 in the Rabbit via Dietary Administration; 13.02.1997;	
1.2	Data protection		
1.2.1	Data owner		1.00
1.2.2	Companies with letter of access		
1.2.3	Criteria for data protection		
		2 GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE	
2.1	Guideline study	Yes,	
		OECD guideline for testing of chemicals, No. 409 "Subchronic Oral Toxicity – Non-rodent: 90-Day Study" (Adopted 1981)	
	CLD		
2.2	GLP	W from anyment OECD 400 (adapted 1009)	
2.3	Deviations	Yes from current OECD 409 (adopted 1998),	
		One of the four groups consisted of 6 males and 4 females (recommended 5 animals per sex). Urinalysis was not conducted. Gall bladder ovaries, uterus, thymus, spleen, brain, and heart were not weighed. Prostate was not examined by histopathology.	*
		3 MATERIALS AND METHODS	
3.1	Test material		
3.1.1	Lot/Batch number		
3.1.2	Specification	As given in section 2	
3.1.3	Purity		
3.1.4	Description		
3.1.5	Stability		
			-

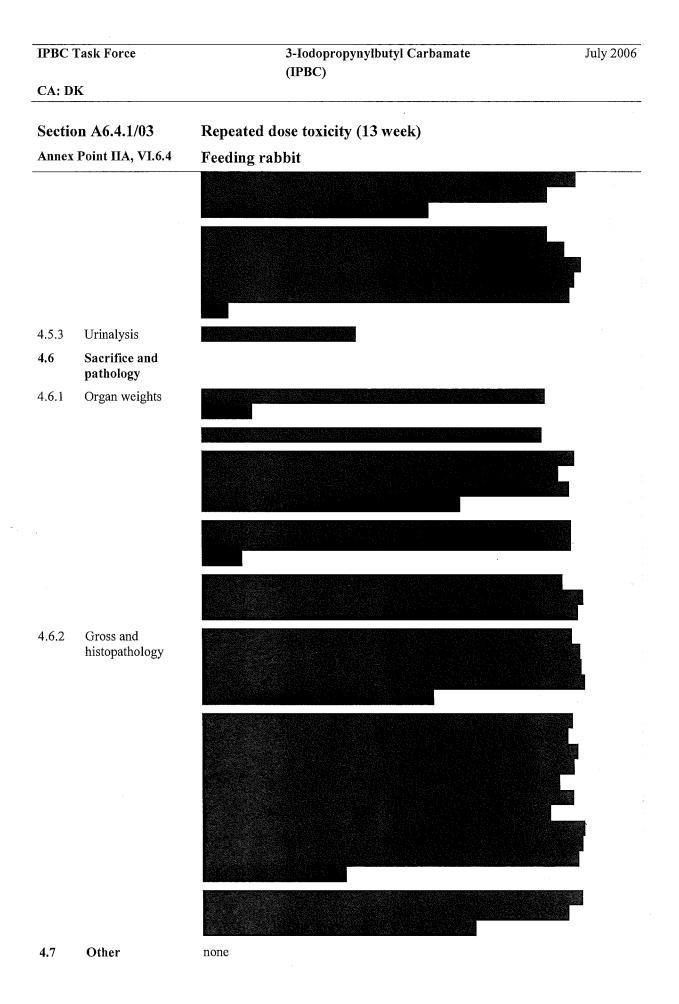
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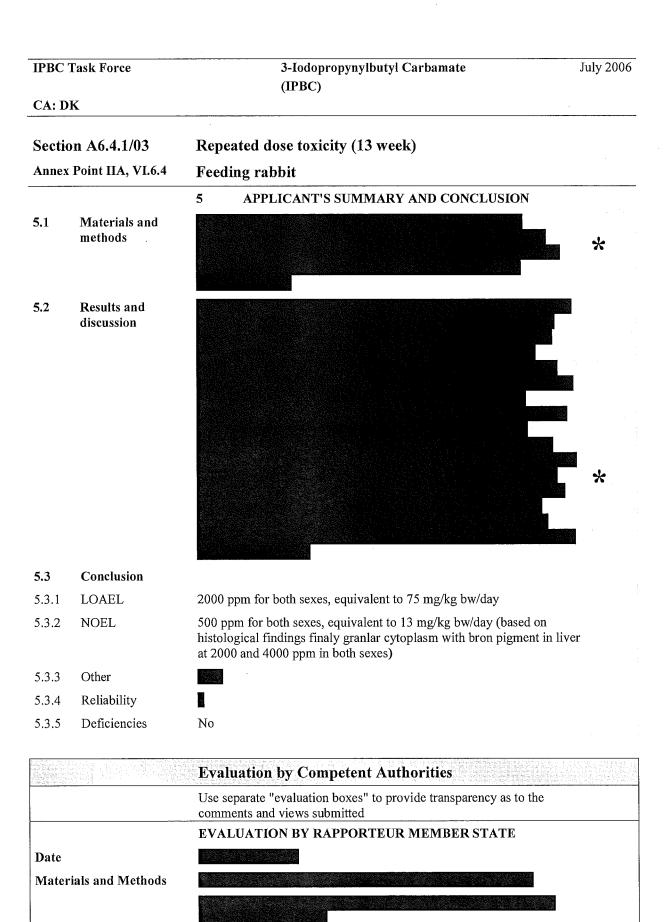
July 2006

Sectio	n A6.4.1/03	Repeated dose toxicity (13 week)	
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.4	Feeding rabbit	
3.2	Test Animals		
3.2.1	Species	rabbit	
3.2.2	Strain	New Zealand White	
3.2.3	Source		
3.2.4	Sex	male, female	
3.2.5	Age/weight at study initiation		
3.2.6	Number of animals per group		
3.2.7	Control animals		
3.3	Administration/ Exposure	Oral	
3.3.1	Duration of treatment		
3.3.2	Frequency of exposure		
3.3.3	Post-exposure period		
3.3.4	Type		
3.3.5	Concentration		l
3.3.6	Vehicle		
3.3.7	Concentration in vehicle		
3.3.8	Total volume applied		
3.3.8.1	Controls		
3.4	Examinations		
3.4.1	Observations		
3.4.1.1	Clinical signs		
3.4.1.2	Mortality		
3.4.2	Body weight		
3.4.3	Food consumption		
3.4.4	Water consumption		
3.4.5	Ophthalmoscopic examination		

IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate July 2006 (IPBC) CA: DK Repeated dose toxicity (13 week) **Section A6.4.1/03** Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4 Feeding rabbit 3.4.6 Haematology 3.4.7 Clinical Chemistry 3.4.8 Urinalysis Sacrifice and 3.5 pathology 3.5.1 Organ Weights 3.5.2 Gross and histopathology 3.5.3 Other examinations 3.5.4 Statistics 3.6 Further remarks none RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 4 4.1 Observations 4.1.1 Clinical signs 4.1.2 Mortality

IPBC	Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: D	ρK	(пъс)	
Sooti	on A6.4.1/03	Deposted dogs toxisity (12 wools)	
	on A0.4.1/03 CPoint IIA, VI.6.4	Repeated dose toxicity (13 week)	
		Feeding rabbit	
4.2	Body weight gain		
			I
4.3	Food consumption		
	and compound intake		
4.4	Ophthalmoscopic		
	examination	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
4.5	Blood analysis		
4.5.1	Haematology		
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4.5.2	Clinical chemistry		
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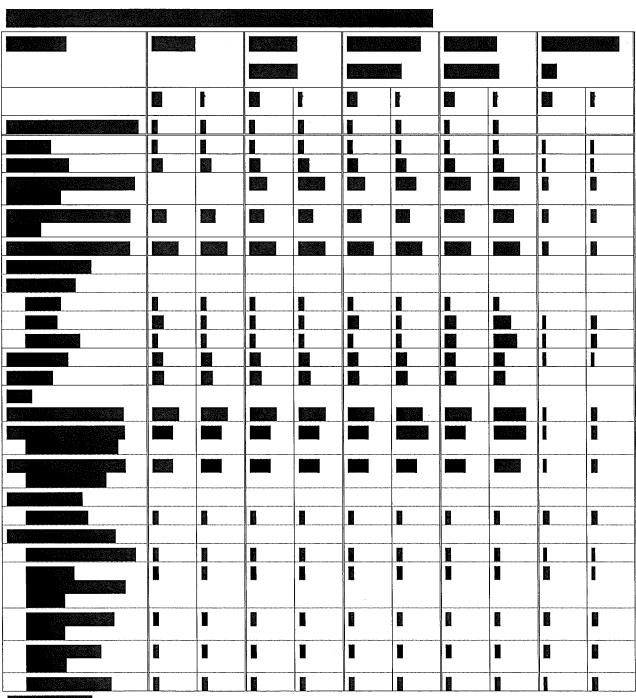
IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
	(IPBC)	
CA: DK		-
Section A6.4.1/03	Repeated dose toxicity (13 week)	
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4	Feeding rabbit	
Results and discussion		



IPBC Task Force

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

July 2006



IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate July 2006 (IPBC) CA: DK Subchronic toxicity (13-week) **Section A6.4.2/01** Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4 Dermal, Rat Official 1 REFERENCE use only 1.1 Reference (1991): 91-Day Dermal Toxicity Study in Rat with Troysan Polyphase P-100; 06.12.1991 1.2 Data protection 1.2.1 Data owner 1.2.2 Companies with letter of access 1.2.3 Criteria for data protection 2 **GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE** 2.1 Guideline study Yes, US EPA guideline 82-3 which is in compliance with OECD 411 2.2 **GLP** 2.3 **Deviations** salivary glands were not preserved as required by OECD 411 3 MATERIALS AND METHODS 3.1 Test material 3.1.1 Lot/Batch number 3.1.2 Specification As given in section 2. The purity of the test substance was slightly lower than the specification given in Section 2. Thios does not influence the integrity of the study 3.1.3 Purity 3.1.4 Description 3.1.5 Stability 3.2 **Test Animals** 3.2.1 Species Rat Sprague-Dawley Crl:CD® BR VAF/Plus® 3.2.2 Strain 3.2.3 Source 3.2.4 Sex male, female 3.2.5 Age/weight at study initiation

IPBC	Task	Force

July 2006

CA: DF	X	
Section	n A6.4.2/01	Subchronic toxicity (13-week)
Annex 3	Point IIA, VI.6.4	Dermal, Rat
3.2.6	Number of animals per group	
3.2.7	Control animals	
3.3	Administration/ Exposure	dermal
3.3.1	Duration of treatment	13 weeks
3.3.2	Frequency of exposure	
3.3.3	Post-exposure period	
3.3.4	Area covered	
3.3.5	Occlusion	
3.3.6	Vehicle	
3.3.7	Concentration in vehicle	
3.3.8	Total volume applied	
3.3.9	Duration of exposure	
3.3.10	Removal of test substance	
3.3.11	Controls	
3.4	Examinations	
3.4.1	Observations	
3.4.1.1	Clinical signs	
3.4.1.2	Mortality	
3.4.2	Body weight	
3.4.3	Food consumption	
3.4.4	Water consumption	
3.4.5	Ophthalmoscopic examination	
3.4.6	Haematology	

IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate July 2006 (IPBC) CA: DK Subchronic toxicity (13-week) Section A6.4.2/01 Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4 Dermal, Rat 3.4.7 Clinical Chemistry 3.4.8 Urinalysis 3.5 Sacrifice and pathology 3.5.1 Organ Weights 3.5.2 Gross and histopathology 3.5.3 Other examinations 3.5.4 Statistics Further remarks 3.6 none 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 4.1 Observations 4.1.1 Clinical signs 4.1.2 Mortality 4.1.3 Dermal observations

IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate July 2006 (IPBC) CA: DK Section A6.4.2/01 Subchronic toxicity (13-week) Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4 Dermal, Rat 4.2 Body weight gain 4.3 Food consumption 4.4 Ophthalmoscopic examination 4.5 **Blood** analysis 4.5.1 Haematology 4.5.2 Clinical chemistry

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IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate July 2006 (IPBC) CA: DK Subchronic toxicity (13-week) **Section A6.4.2/01** Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4 Dermal, Rat 4.5.3 Urinalysis 4.6 Sacrifice and pathology Organ weights 4.6.1 4.6.2 Gross and histopathology 4.7 Other none APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION 5 In compliance with OECD 411 guideline and according to US EPA 5.1 Materials and guideline 82-3, 10 animals/sex/dose were dermally treated with 0, 50, methods

per week for 6 hours the day.

200, and 500 mg/kg bw/day for 13 weeks. Animals were treated 5 days

IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
	(IPBC)	

CA: DK

5.3.3

5.3.4

5.3.5

5.3.6

NOEL

Other

Reliability

Deficiencies

Subchronic toxicity (13-week) **Section A6.4.2/01** Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4 Dermal, Rat 5.2 Results and discussion * 5.3 Conclusion 5.3.1 LO(A)EL 500 mg/kg bw/day for both sexes * 5.3.2 The systemic NOAEL of this study is considered to be NOAEL 200 mg/kg bw/day based on effects persistent irritation of the treated skin observed at 500 mg/kg bw/day. Hyperkeratosis observed at 200 mg/kg bw/day was mild and not considered to be reversible.

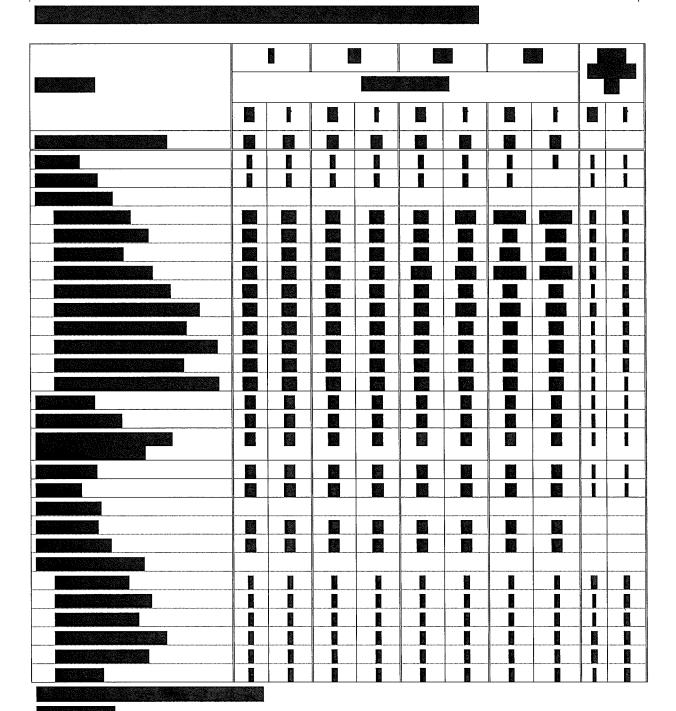
50 mg/kg bw/day

none

No

	Evaluation by Competent Authorities
	Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted
	EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE
Date	
Materials and Methods	
Results and discussion	
Conclusion	
Reliability	

IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: DK		
Section A6.4.2/01	Subchronic toxicity (13-week)	
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4	Dermal, Rat	
Acceptability		
Remarks		





IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
	(IPBC)	
CA: DK		

IPBC Task Force		3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)	July 2006
CA: D	K		
Section	on A6.4.3/01	Subchronic toxicity (13 weeks)	
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.4	Inhalation, Rat	
		1 REFERENCE	Official use only
1.1	Reference	(1994): 13-week inhalation toxicity study in rats;	
1.2	Data protection		
1.2.1	Data owner		
1.2.2	Companies with letter of access		
1.2.3	Criteria for data protection		
		2 GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE	
2.1	Guideline study	A specific guideline in not mentioned. The method used is comparable to OECD guideline 413 adopted 1981.	
2.2	GLP		
2.3	Deviations	Yes, adrenals were not weighed	
2.5	Deviations	3 MATERIALS AND METHODS	
3.1	Test material		
3.1.1	Lot/Batch number		
3.1.2	Specification	The purity of the test material is slightly lower than the specifications given in section 2. This does not influence the integrity of the study.	
3.1.3	Purity		
3.1.4	Description		
3.1.5	Stability		
3.2	Test Animals		
3.2.1	Species	rat	
3.2.2	Strain	Sprague Dawley Crl:CD BR	
3.2.3	Source		
3,2.4	Sex	Male, female	

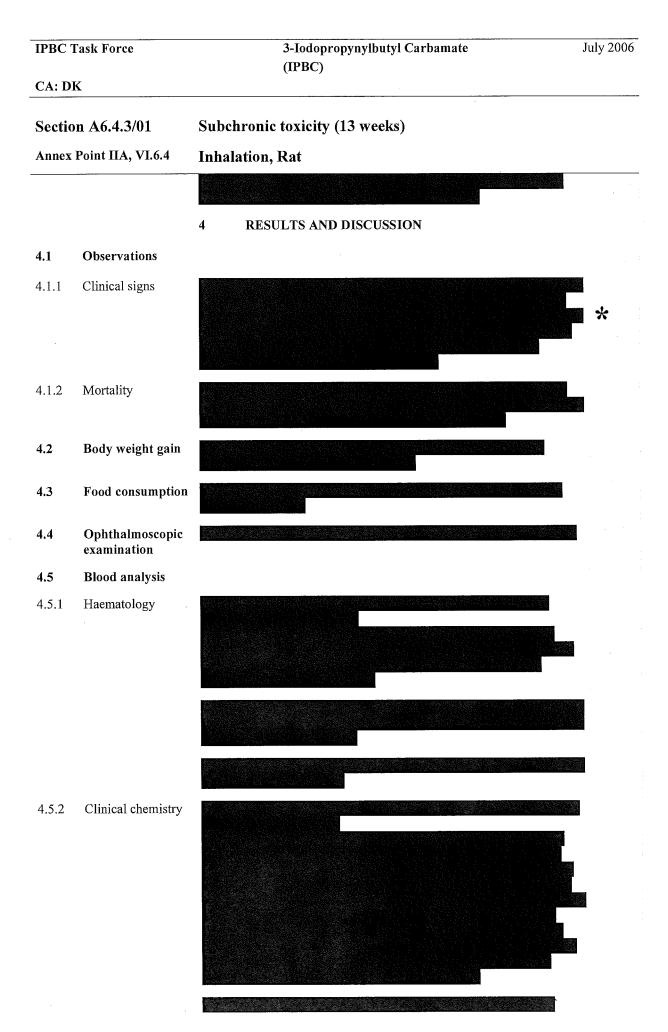
IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate July 2006 (IPBC) CA: DK Subchronic toxicity (13 weeks) **Section A6.4.3/01** Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4 Inhalation, Rat 3.2.5 Age/weight at study initiation Number of animals 3.2.6 per group 3.2.7 Control animals 3.3 Administration/ Exposure Duration of 3.3.1 treatment 3.3.2 Frequency of exposure 3.3.3 Post-exposure period 3.3.4 Concentrations

IPBC Task Force CA: DK		3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate July 2006 (IPBC)	
	n A6.4.3/01	Subchronic toxicity (13 weeks)	
	Point IIA, VI.6.4	Inhalation, Rat	
3.3.5	Particle size		
3.3.6	Type or preparation of particles		,
3.3.7	Type of exposure		
3.3.8	Vehicle		
3.3.9	Concentration in vehicle		
3.3.10	Duration of exposure		
3.3.11	Controls		
3.4	Examinations		
3.4.1	Observations		
3.4.1.1	Clinical signs		
3.4.1.2	Mortality		
3.4.2	Body weight		
3.4.3	Food consumption		
3.4.4	Water consumption		
3.4.5	Ophthalmoscopic examination		
3.4.6	Haematology		

3.4.7

Clinical Chemistry

IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate July 2006 (IPBC) CA: DK Subchronic toxicity (13 weeks) Section A6.4.3/01 Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4 Inhalation, Rat 3.4.8 Urinalysis 3.5 Sacrifice and pathology 3.5.1 Organ Weights 3.5.2 Gross and histopathology 3.5.3 Other examinations 3.5.4 Statistics 3.6 Further remarks



IPBC Task Force

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

July 2006

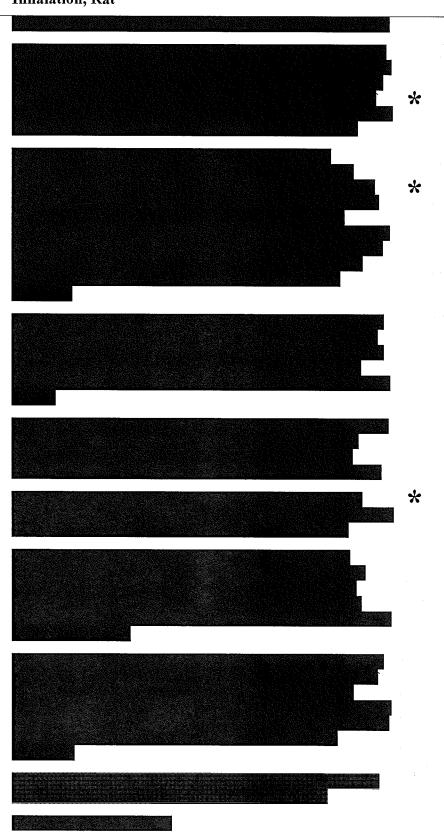
CA: DK

Section A6.4.3/01

Subchronic toxicity (13 weeks)

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4

Inhalation, Rat



4.5.3 Urinalysis

4.6 Sacrifice and

IPBC Task Force

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

July 2006

CA: DK

Section A6.4.3/01

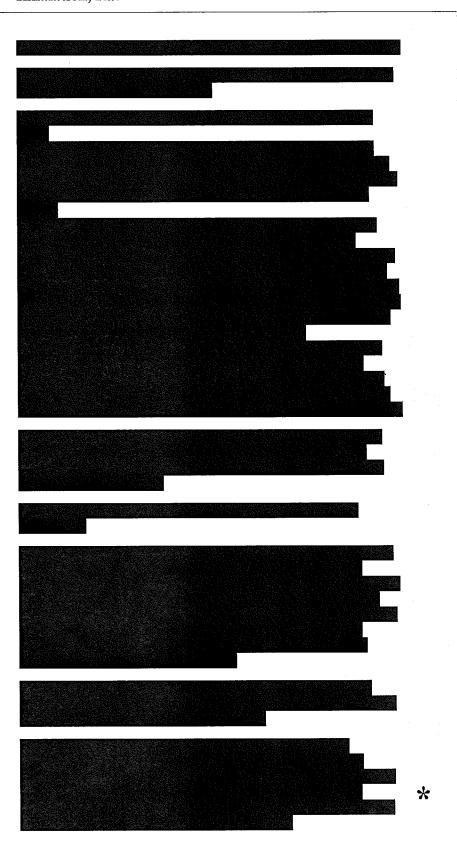
Subchronic toxicity (13 weeks)

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4

Inhalation, Rat

pathology

- 4.6.1 Organ weights
- 4.6.2 Gross and histopathology



July 2006 IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC) CA: DK **Section A6.4.3/01** Subchronic toxicity (13 weeks) Annex Point IIA, VI.6.4 Inhalation, Rat 4.7 Other none 5 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION **5.1** Materials and However, the method used is in compliance with current OECD 413 (Subchronic methods Inhalation Toxicity: 90-day Study) adopted 1981. Deviations did not influence the outcome of the study. 5.2 Results and discussion * 5.3 Conclusion The LOEL of this study was considered to be 6.7 mg/m³ (high dose). 5.3.1 LO(A)EL

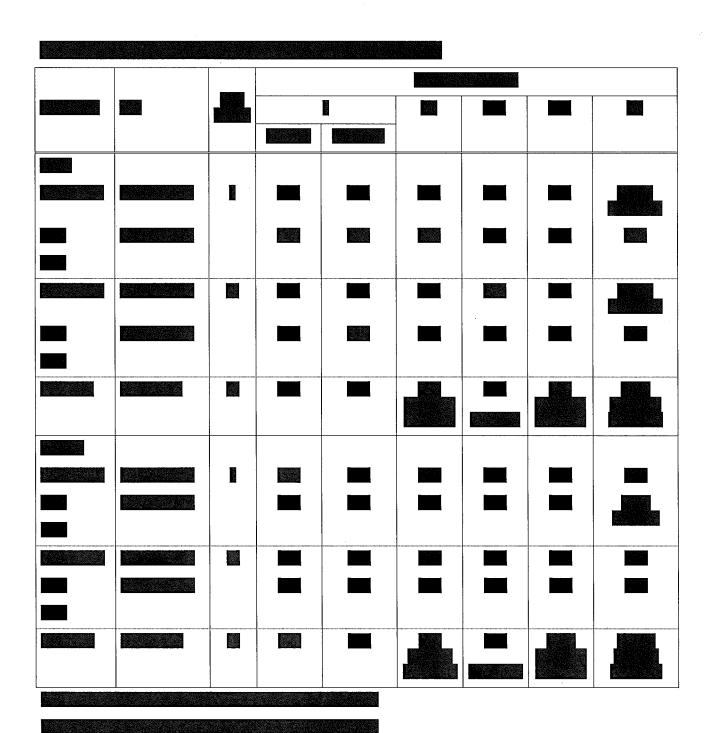
NO(A)EL

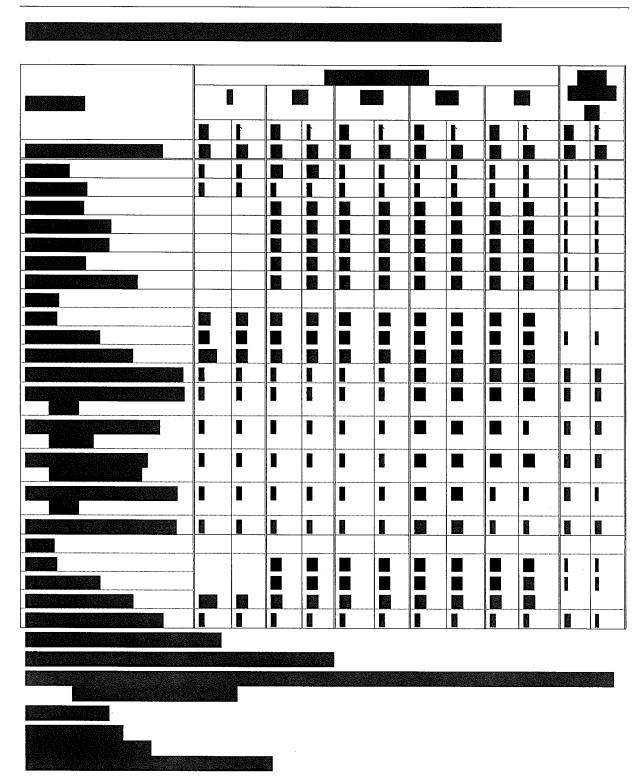
5.3.2

The LOEL of this study was considered to be 6.7 mg/m³ (high dose). This LOEL based on histopathological findings in larynx in rats.

The NOAEL of this 90-day inhalation toxicity study was considered to be 1.16 mg/m^3 .

IPBC	Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
CA: D	OK	(IPBC)	
Section	on A6,4.3/01	Subchronic toxicity (13 weeks)	
	x Point IIA, VI.6.4	Inhalation, Rat	
5.3.3	Other	None .	
		None .	
5.3.4	Reliability	No	
5.3.5	Deficiencies	NO	
		Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted	
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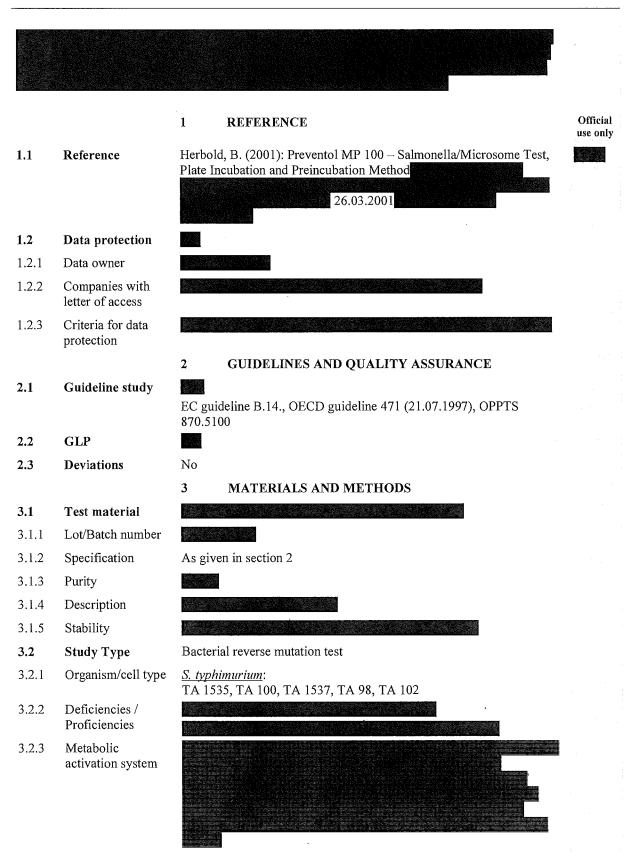


Section A6.6.1/01

Genotoxicity in vitro

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.6.1

Gene mutation in bacteria



IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
	(IPBC)	
CA: DK		

Section	on A6.6.1/01	Genotoxicity in vitro		
Annex	Point IIA, VI.6.6.1	Gene mutation in bacteria		
3.2.4	Positive control			
3.3	Administration /			
	Exposure; Application of test substance			
3.3.1	Concentrations		t	
3.3.2	Way of application			
3.3.3	Pre-incubation time			
3.4	Examinations			
3.4.1	Number of cells evaluated			
		4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION		
4.1	Genotoxicity			
4.1.1	without metabolic activation			
4.1.2	with metabolic activation			
4.2	Cytotoxicity			

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Section A6.6.1/01

Genotoxicity in vitro

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.6.1

Gene mutation in bacteria

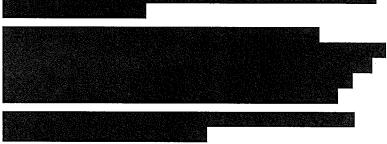
5.1 Materials and methods

This study was performed to assess the potential of IPBC to induce gene mutations in bacteria (OECD guideline 471).

APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION



5.2 Results and discussion



5.3 Conclusion

IPBC was considered to be non-mutagenic without and with S9 mix in the plate incorporation as well as in the preincubation modification of the Salmonella/microsome test.

5.3.1 Reliability

5.3.2

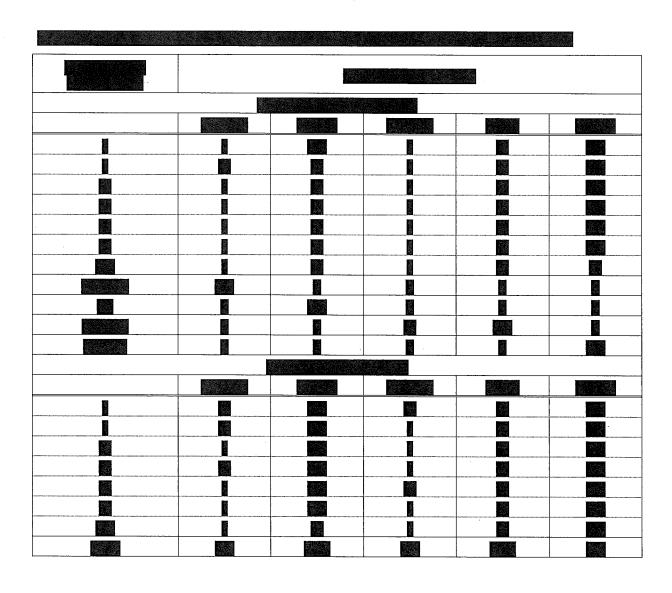
Reliability
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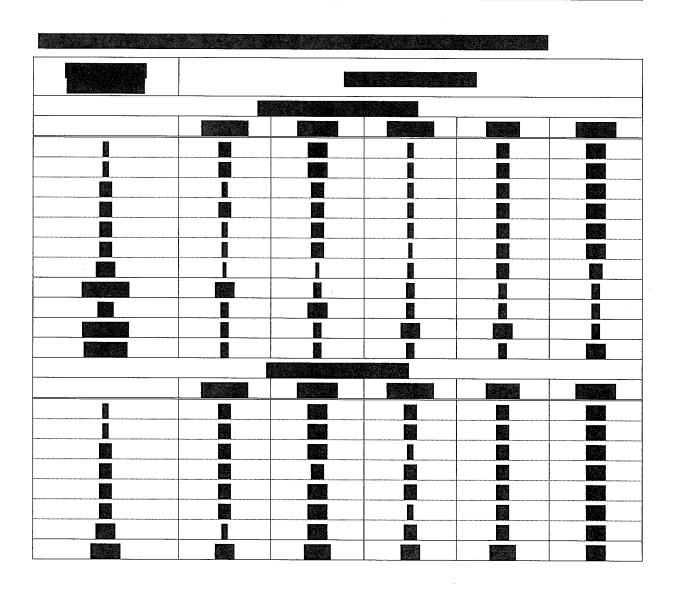
Reliability

Deficiencies

Evaluation by Competent Authorities Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE Date Materials and Methods Results and discussion Conclusion

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IPBC	Task	Force

July 2006

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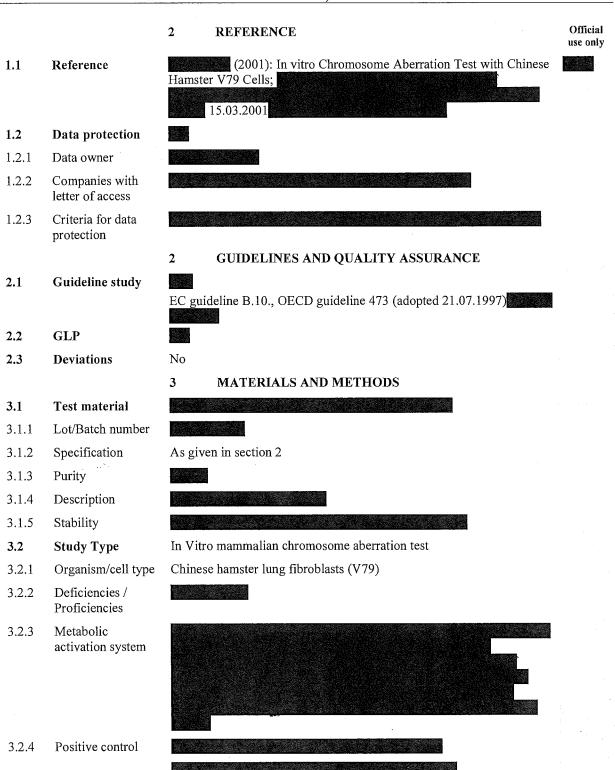
Section A6.6.2/01

Genotoxicity in vitro

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.6.2

Cytogenicity in Mammalian Cells (Chromosome

Aberration in V79 cells)



CA: D	K		
Section A6.6.2/01 Annex Point IIA, VI.6.6.2		Genotoxicity <i>in vitro</i> Cytogenicity in Mammalian Cells (Chromosome Aberration in V79 cells)	
3.3	Administration / Exposure; Application of test substance		
3.3.1	Concentrations		
3.3.2	Way of application		
3.3.3	Pre-incubation time		
3.4	Examinations		
3.4.1	Number of cells evaluated		
		4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	
4.1	Genotoxicity		
4.1.1	without metabolic activation		
4.1.2	with metabolic activation		
4.2	Cytotoxicity		*

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate

(IPBC)

IPBC Task Force

July 2006

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CA: DK

Section A6.6.2/01

Genotoxicity in vitro

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.6.2

Cytogenicity in Mammalian Cells (Chromosome Aberration in V79 cells)

5 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

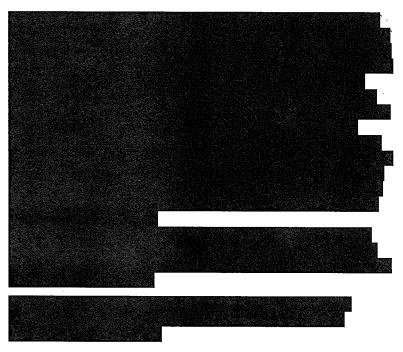
5.1 Materials and methods

This study was performed to assess the effects of IPBC on cytogenicity *in vitro* (OECD guideline 473).



5.2 Results and discussion

With or without metabolic activation, no biologically relevant and statistically significant increases of metaphases with aberrations were detected after a treatment time of 4 h and total culture times of 18 or 30 h.



5.3 Conclusion

IPBC was considered to be not clastogenic for mammalian cells in vitro.



5.3.1 Reliability

5.3.2 Deficiencies



Evaluation by Competent Authorities

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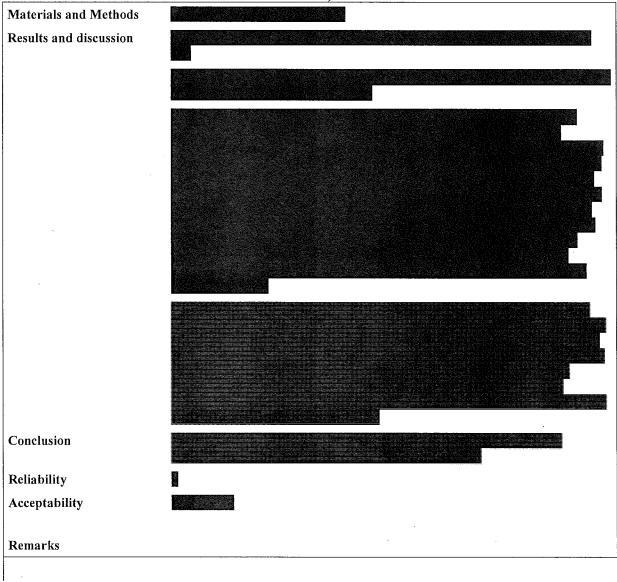
Section A6.6.2/01

Genotoxicity in vitro

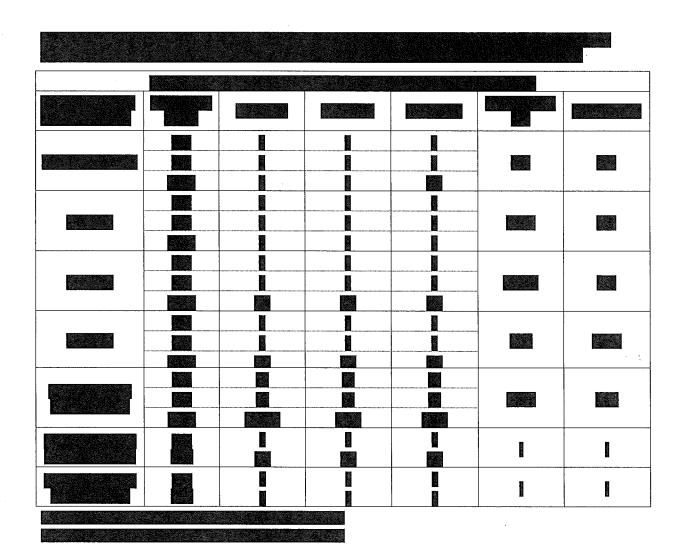
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.6.2

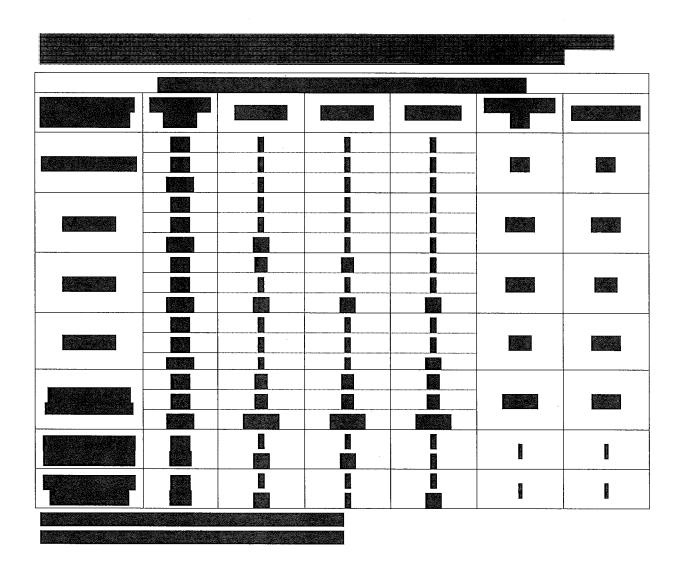
Cytogenicity in Mammalian Cells (Chromosome

Aberration in V79 cells)

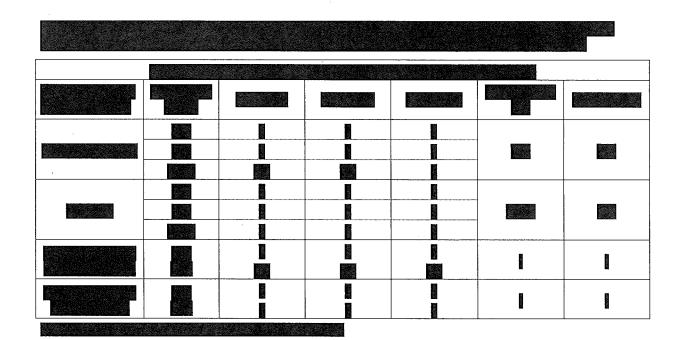


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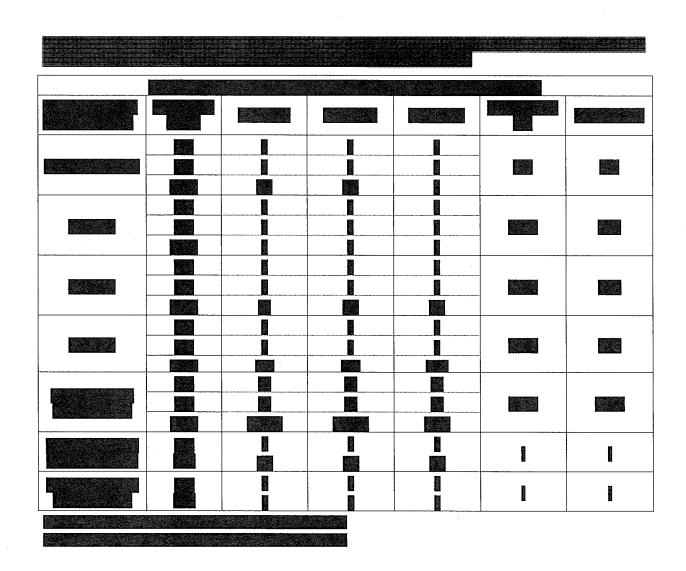
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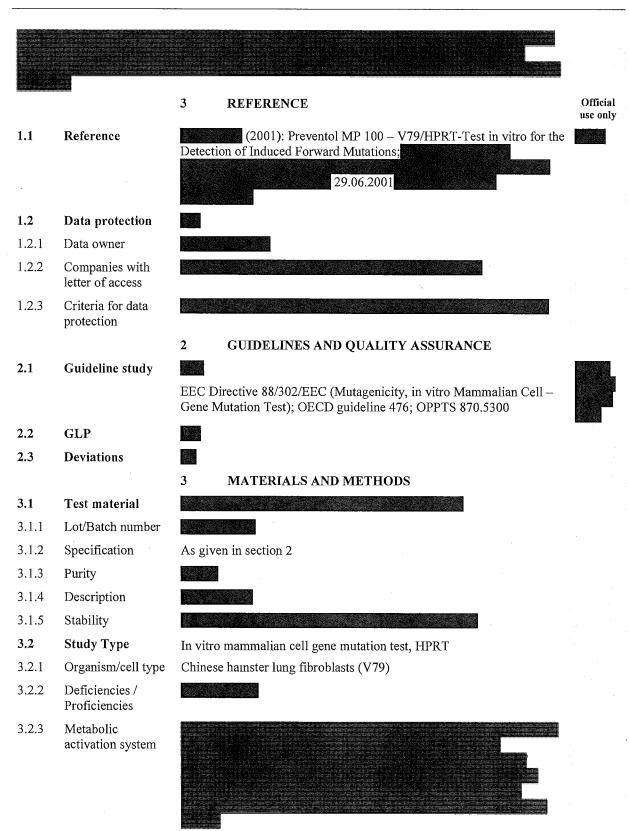
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Section A6.6.3/01

Genotoxicity in vitro

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.6.3

Gene Mutation in Mammalian Cells (HPRT, V79)



July 2006

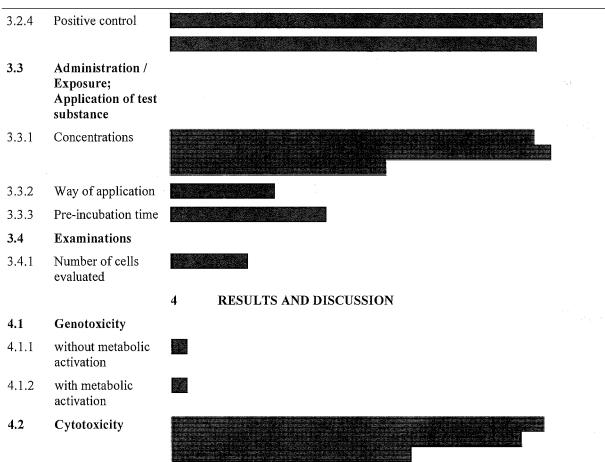
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Section A6.6.3/01

Genotoxicity in vitro

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.6.3

Gene Mutation in Mammalian Cells (HPRT, V79)



IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
	(IPBC)	
CA: DK		

Genotoxicity in vitro **Section A6.6.3/01** Gene Mutation in Mammalian Cells (HPRT, V79) Annex Point IIA, VI.6.6.3 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION This study was performed to assess the mutagenic effects of IPBC in 5.1 Materials and vitro on mammalian cells (V79, OECD guideline 476). methods 5.2 Results and discussion 5.3 Conclusion IPBC is considered to be non-mutagenic in the V79/HPRT forward mutation assay, both with and without metabolic activation.

	Evaluation by Competent Authorities
	Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted
	EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE
Date	
Materials and Methods	
Results and discussion	
Conclusion	
Reliability	

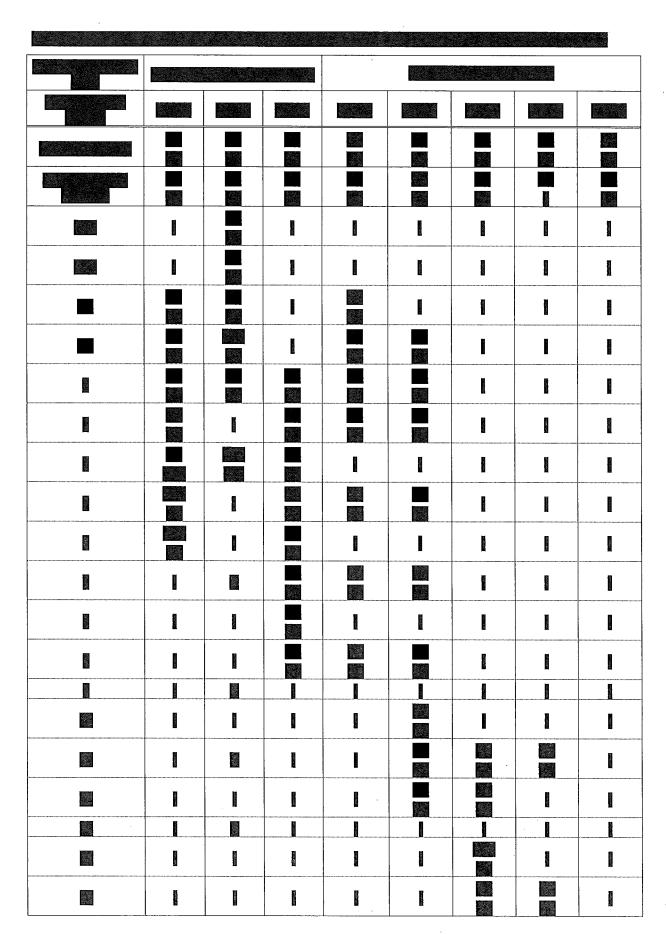
5.3.1

5.3.2

Reliability

Deficiencies

IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006	
	(IPBC)		
CA: DK			
		,	
Section A6.6.3/01	Genotoxicity in vitro		
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.6.3			
Acceptability			



IPBC	Task	Force

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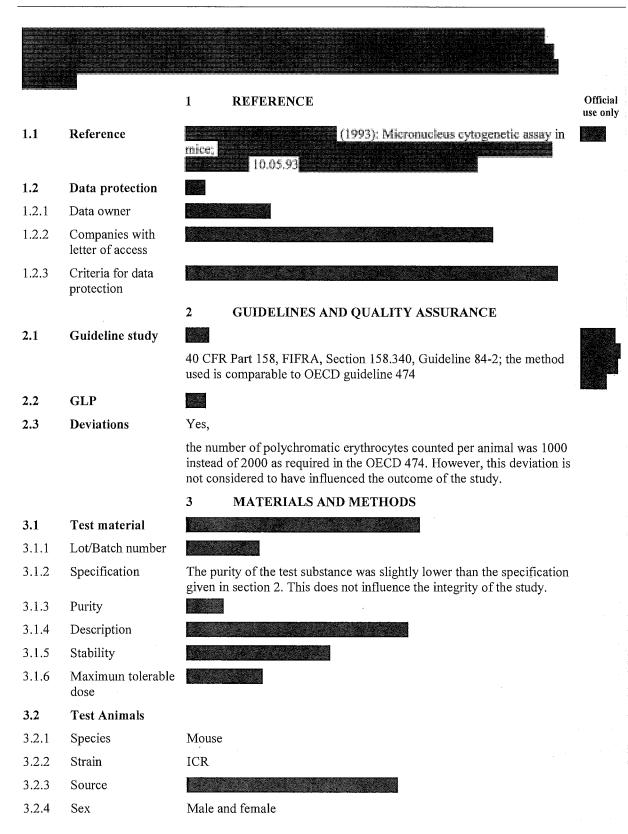
July 2006

CA: DK

Section A6.6.4/01

Genotoxicity in vivo

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.6.4 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test, Mice



IPBC	Task	Force
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July 2006

CA: DK

Section A6.6.4/01

Genotoxicity in vivo

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.6.4

Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test, Mice



4.1

Section A6.6.4/01

Genotoxicity in vivo

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.6.4

Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test, Mice

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Clinical signs

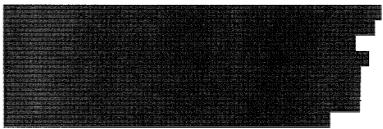


- 4.2 Haematology / Tissue examination
- 4.3 Genotoxicity
- 4.4 Other

APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

5.1 Materials and methods

This in vivo study was performed to assess the mutagenic effects of IPBC on bone marrow and erythrocytes of mice (40 CFR Part 158, FIFRA, Section 158.340, Guideline 84-2).



5.2 Results and discussion



5.3 Conclusion

Under the conditions of the assay described in this report, IPBC did not induce a significant increase in the incidence of micronucleated polychromatic erythrocytes in bone marrow and was concluded to be negative in the micronucleus test using male and female ICR mice.

- 5.3.1 Reliability
- 5.3.2 Deficiencies



Evaluation by Competent Authorities

Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted

EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE

Date

Materials and Methods

Results and discussion

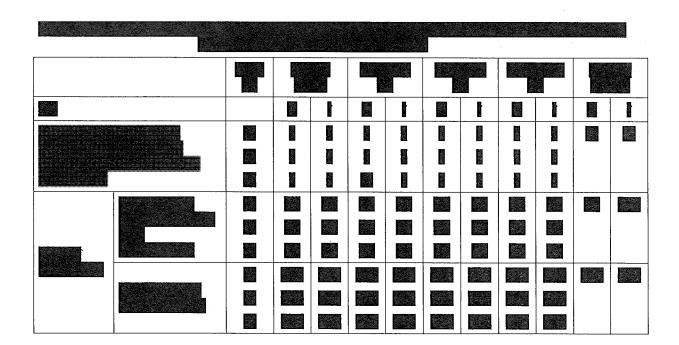


IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
	(IPBC)	
CA: DK		

Section A6.6.4/01 Genotoxicity in vivo

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.6.4 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test, Mice

Conclusion
Reliability
Acceptability
Remarks



IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
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CA: DK		

Section A6.6.5 Annex Point IIA, VI.6.6.5	Genotoxicity in vivo (e.g. DNA damage)	
	JUSTIFICATION FOR NON-SUBMISSION OF DATA	Official use only
Other existing data []	Technically not feasible [] Scientifically unjustified [X]	
Limited exposure []	Other justification []	
Detailed justification:	The submission of studies investigating DNA damage <i>in vivo</i> is only required if genotoxicity was demonstrated <i>in vitro</i> . However, genotoxicity testing <i>in vitro</i> demonstrated the absence of mutagenic or cytogenic effects. Thus, the submission of further genotoxicity studies <i>in vivo</i> is not required.	
	Evaluation by Competent Authorities	
	Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted	
	EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE	
Date		
Evaluation of applicant's justification		
Conclusion		
Remarks		

IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
	(IPBC)	
CA: DK		

Section A6.6.6 Annex Point IIA, VI.6.6.6	Germ cell effects	
	JUSTIFICATION FOR NON-SUBMISSION OF DATA	Official use only
Other existing data []	Technically not feasible [] Scientifically unjustified [X]	
Limited exposure []	Other justification []	
Detailed justification:	The submission of a study testing germ cell effects is only required if genotoxicity was demonstrated <i>in vitro</i> and <i>in vivo</i> . However, genotoxicity tests <i>in vitro</i> and <i>in vivo</i> with IPBC demonstrated the absence of mutagenic or cytogenic effects. Thus, the submission of a study investigating germ cell effects is not required.	
	Evaluation by Competent Authorities	
	Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted	
	EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE	
Date		
Evaluation of applicant's justification		
Conclusion		
Remarks		

IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
	(IPBC)	
CA: DK		

Section A6.6.7 Annex Point IIA, VI.6.6.7	Further genotoxicity testing	
	JUSTIFICATION FOR NON-SUBMISSION OF DATA	Official use only
Other existing data []	Technically not feasible [] Scientifically unjustified [X]	
Limited exposure []	Other justification []	
Detailed justification:	The submission of further studies on genotoxicity is only required if metabolites of concern are formed in mammals	
	Evaluation by Competent Authorities	
	Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted	
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Evaluation of applicant's justification		
Conclusion	and the second second	
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July 2006

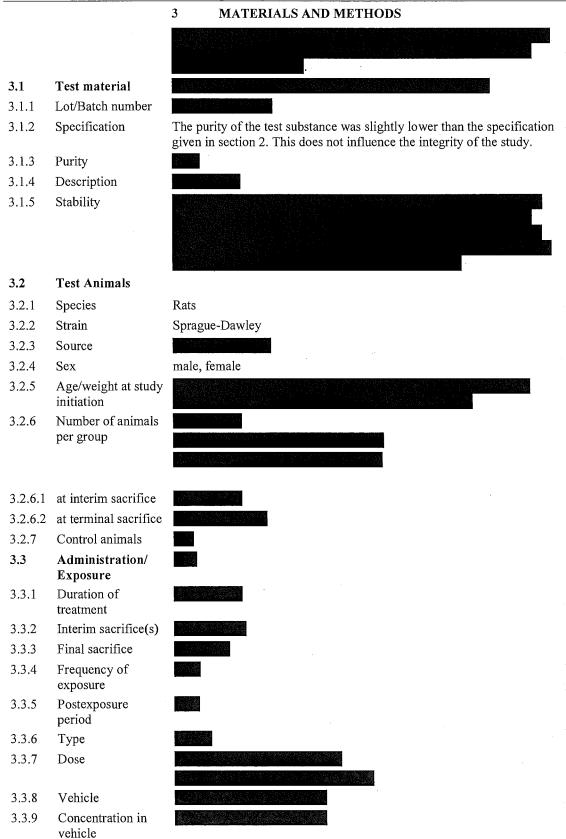
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Section A6.7/01/02/03 Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity (104 weeks)
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.7 Feeding Study in Rats

Official . 1 REFERENCE use only A6.7/01 1.1 Reference 3-Iodo-2-Propynyl Butyl Carbamate (IPBC) – 104 Week Dietary Carcinogenicity Study in Rats 21.03.1989 A6.7/02: (1988: 3-Iodo-2-Propynyl Butyl Carbamate (IPBC) - Chronic Dietary Toxicity Study in Rats 18.03.1988 A6.7/03: (1995): Review and Interpretation of Selected Thyroid and Forestomach Lesions in the Carcinogenicity Study of 3-Iodo-2-Propynyl Butyl Carbamate (IPBC) in Sprague-Dawley Rats 15.06.1995 A6.3.1/03: (1986): Establishment of Methodology and the Routine Analysis of Iodopropynylbutyl carbamate in Diets prepared for a 4 Week Dose Range Finding Study in the Rat 01.09,1986 1.2 Data protection 1.2.1 Data owner 1.2.2 Companies with letter of access 1.2.3 Criteria for data protection GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE 2 A6.7/01 and A6.7/02: Yes 2.1 Guideline study EPA Pesticide Assessment Guidelines F, Subdivision 83-5 which is comparable to OECD guideline 453 A6.7/03: not applicable 2.2 **GLP** 2.3 **Deviations** A6.7/01 and A6.7/02: Yes, \star Individual body weight of the animals designated for the interim kill after one year are not given. Haematology, clinical chemistry, and urinalysis were not performed after 18 months. Only 10 instead of 20 animals per sex and group were Haematology, clinical chemistry, and urinalysis were not performed after 18 months. A6.7/03: not applicable

Section A6.7/01/02/03 Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity (104 weeks)

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.7 Feeding Study in Rats



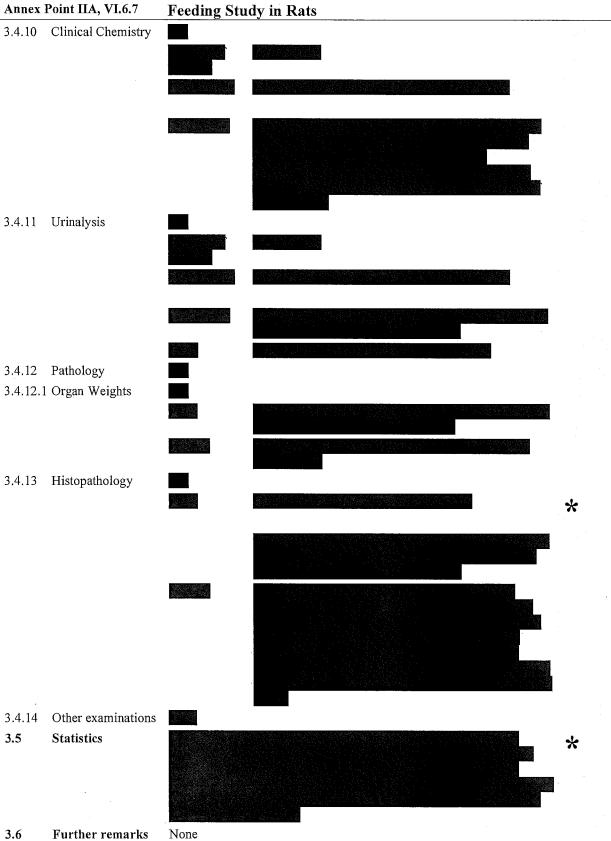
IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
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Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity (104 weeks) Section A6.7/01/02/03 Annex Point IIA, VI.6.7 **Feeding Study in Rats** 3.3.10 Total volume applied 3.3.11 Controls 3.4 **Examinations** 3.4.1 Clinical signs 3.4.2 Palpable masses 3.4.3 Mortality 3.4.4 Body weight 3.4.5 Food consumption 3.4.6 Water consumption 3.4.7 Ophthalmoscopic examination 3.4.8 Haematology 3,4.9 Differential blood count

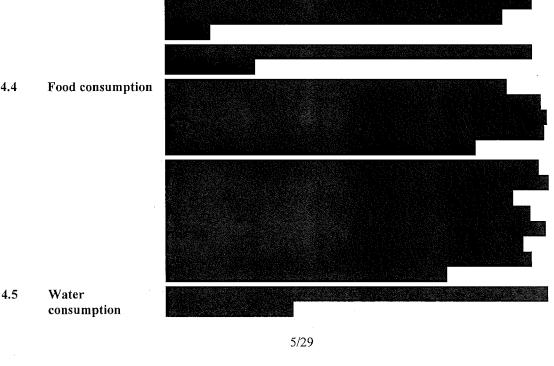
IPBC Task Force
3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate
(IPBC)

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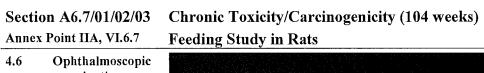
Section A6.7/01/02/03 Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity (104 weeks)

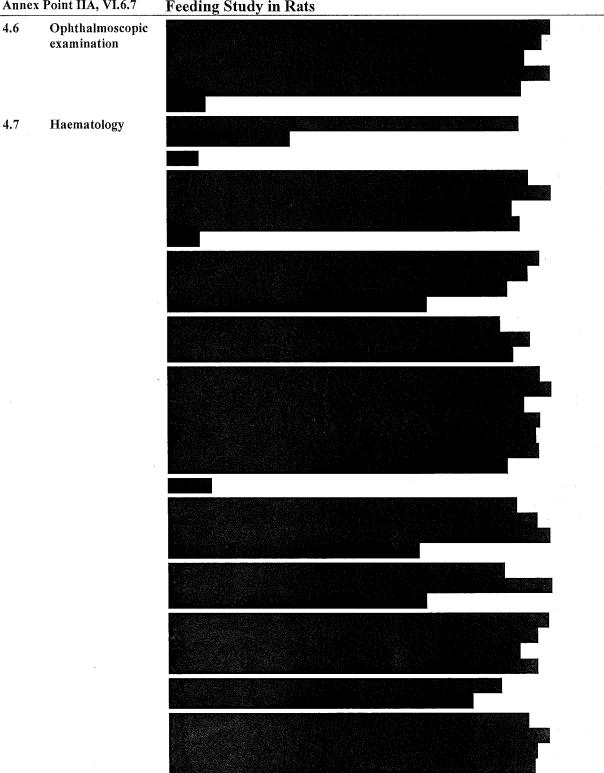


IPBC Task Force 3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate July 2006 (IPBC) CA: DK Section A6.7/01/02/03 Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity (104 weeks) Annex Point IIA, VI.6.7 **Feeding Study in Rats** RESULTS AND DISCUSSION 4.1 Clinical signs 4.2 Mortality 4.3 **Body** weight and body weight gain 4.4 Food consumption



IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	 July 2006
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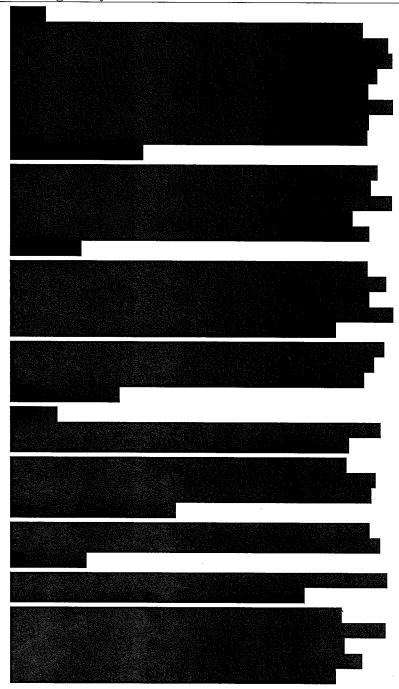
July 2006

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Section A6.7/01/02/03 Annex Point IIA, VI.6.7 Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity (104 weeks)

Feeding Study in Rats

4.8 Clinical Chemistry



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Section A6.7/01/02/03 Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity (104 weeks)

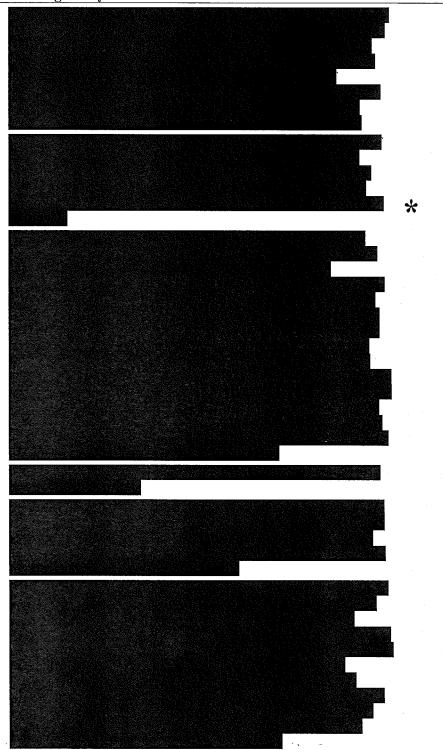
Annex Point IIA, VI.6.7 Feeding Study in Rats 4.9 Choline steraseactivity 4.10 Urinalysis 4.11 Organ Weights

Section A6.7/01/02/03 Chronic Annex Point IIA, VI.6.7 Feeding

Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity (104 weeks)

Feeding Study in Rats

4.12 Pathology



IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate
	(IPBC)

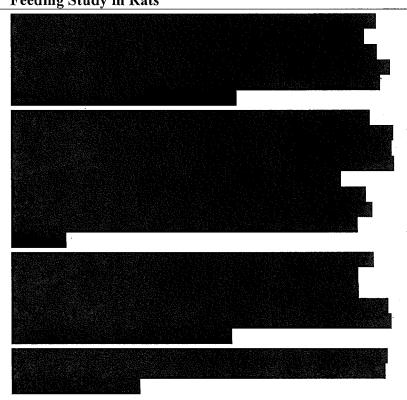
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Annex Point IIA, VI.6.7 Feeding Study in Rats

4.12 Pathology (contindued)

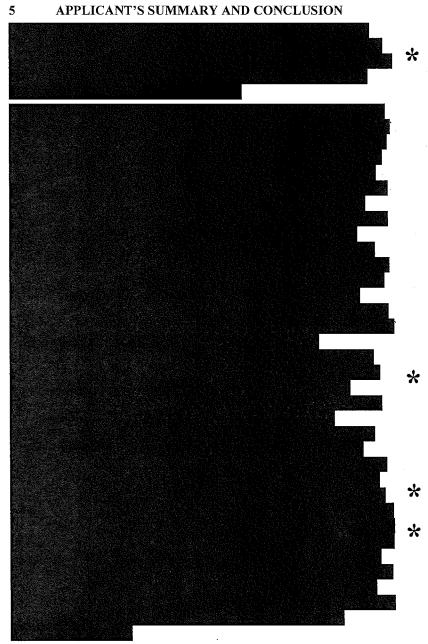


Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity (104 weeks) Section A6.7/01/02/03

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.7 Feeding Study in Rats

5.1 Materials and methods

5.2 Results and discussion



5.3	Conclusion		
5.3.1	LOAEL	40 mg/kg bw/day in both sexes based on reduced mean body weight at 40 mg/kg bw/day	*
5.3.2	NOAEL	20 mg/kg bw/day	
5.3.3	Reliability		
5.3.4	Deficiencies		

IPBC Task Force	3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate	July 2006
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Section A6.7/01/02/03 Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity (104 weeks)

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.7 Feeding Study in Rats Evaluation by Competent Authorities Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE Date Materials and Methods Results and discussion Conclusion Reliability Acceptability

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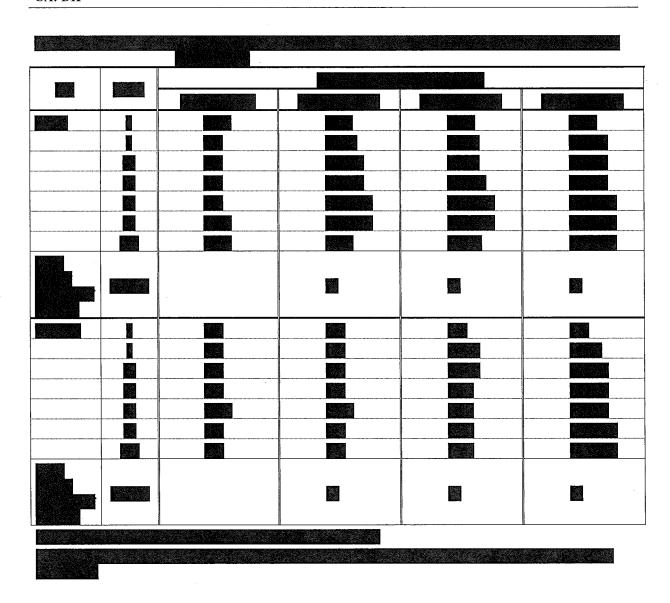
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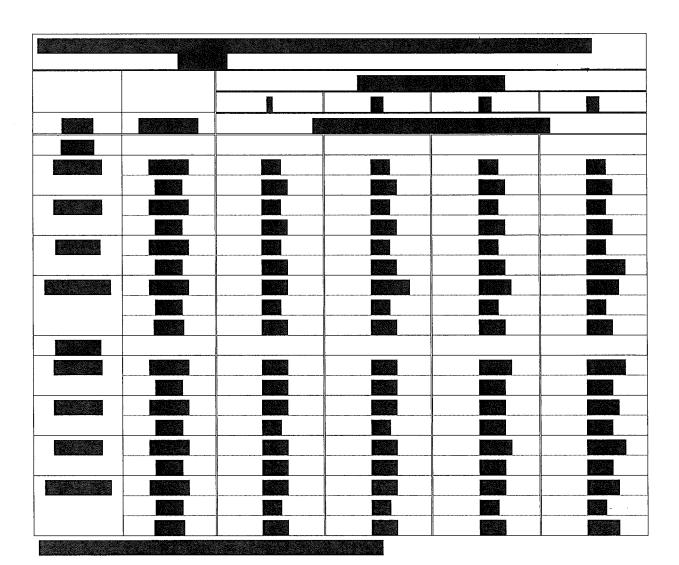
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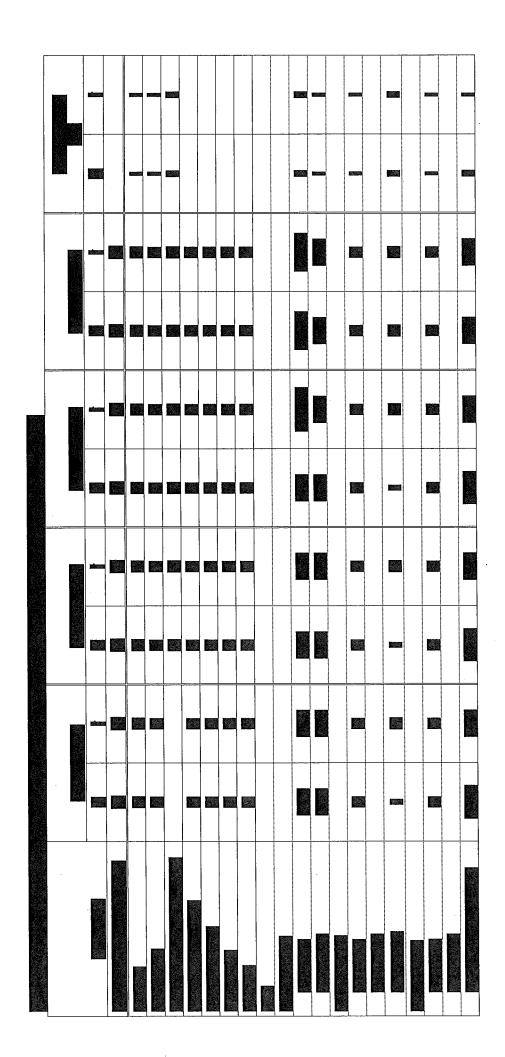
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IPBC Task Force

3-Iodopropynylbutyl Carbamate (IPBC)

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2.3

Deviations

None

Section A6.7/04/05/06/07/08/09

Carcinogenicity
Feeding Study in Mice

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.7

Official 1 REFERENCE use only 1.1 A6.7/04: Reference (1989): IPBC 78 Week Dietary Carcinogenicity Study in Mice Volume 1; 16.06.1989 A6.7/05: (1989) IPBC 78 Week Dietary Carcinogenicity Study in Mice Volume 2; 16.06.1989 A6.7/06: (1989): IPBC 78 Week Dietary Carcinogenicity Study in Mice Volume 2 continued to Volume 3; 16.06.1989 A6.7/07: (1989): IPBC 78 Week Dietary Carcinogenicity Study in Mice Volume 3; 16.06.1989 A6.7/08: (1995): Pathology Working Group (PWG) Report on the 78-Week Dietary Carcinogenicity Study of 3-Iodo-2-Propynyl Butyl Carbamate (IPBC) in CD-1 Mice 02.02.1995 A6.7/09 (1988); Results of Dietary Analysis for IPBC for the 78-Week Study in Mice; 01:03:1988 1.2 Data protection 1.2.1 Data owner 1.2.2 Companies with letter of access 1.2.3 Criteria for data protection GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE 2.1 Guideline study US EPA Pesticide Assessment Guidelines Subdivision F, 83-2 which is comparable to OECD 451 **GLP** 2.2

Section A6.7/04/05/06/07/08/09

Carcinogenicity Feeding Study in Mice

Annex Point IIA, VI.6.7

