Justification for the selection of a substance for CoRAP inclusion

- Update -

Substance Name (Public Name):	3-Methylpyrazole
Chemical Group:	Pyrazole
EC Number:	215-925-7
CAS Number:	1453-58-3
Submitted by:	BE CA
Date:	17/03/2015 21/03/2017 (Updated version)

Note

This document has been prepared by the evaluating Member State given in the CoRAP update.

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1 IDENTITY OF THE SUBSTANCE

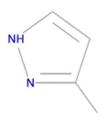
1.1 Other identifiers of the substance

Table 1: Substance identity

EC name:	3-methylpyrazole	
IUPAC name:	3-methyl-1H-pyrazole	
Index number in Annex VI of the CLP Regulation	ΝΑ	
Molecular formula:	C4H6N2	
Molecular weight or molecular weight range:	82.10 g/mol	
Synonyms/Trade names:	/	

Type of substance Mono-constituent Multi-constituent UVCB

Structural formula:



1.2 Similar substances/grouping possibilities

Not known

2 CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING

2.1 Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

NA

2.2 Self classification

• In the registration

Acute Tox. 4 H302: Harmful if swallowed.

Skin Corr. 1B H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Damage 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage

Repr. 2; H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child <state specific effect if known> <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>. route of exposure: Oral

The following hazard classes are in addition notified among the aggregated •

Skin Irrit. 2; H315: Causes skin irritation

Eye Irrit. 2; H319: Causes serious eye irritation

STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory sys...)(Inhalation): May cause respiratory irritation

Acute Tox. 3; H331: Toxic if inhaled

STOT RE 2; H373(all organs): May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

2.3 Proposal for Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

NA

3 INFORMATION ON AGGREGATED TONNAGE AND USES

From ECHA dissemination site*					
⊠ 1 – 10 tpa □ 10 – 100 tpa			🗌 100 – 1000 tpa		
🗌 1000 – 10,000 tpa	□ 10,000 - 100	🗌 10,000 – 100,000 tpa		🗌 100,000 – 1,000,000 tpa	
🗌 1,000,000 - 10,000,000 tpa	□ 10,000,000 -	🗌 10,000,000 – 100,000,000 tpa		□ > 100,000,000 tpa	
□ <1 >+ tpa (e.g. 10+ ; 100+ ; 10,000+ tpa) □ Confidential				dential	
*the total tonnage band has been calculated by excluding the intermediate uses; for details see the Manual for Dissemination and Confidentiality under REACH Regulation (section 2.6.11): <u>https://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/22308542/manual_dissemination_en.pdf/7e0b87c2-2681-</u> 4380-8389-cd655569d9f0					
🗌 Industrial use 🛛 🕅	rofessional use	Consumer use		Closed System	
Formulation Handling of nitrification inhibitors and liquid fertilisers with nitrification inhibitors by retailers. Handling and application of liquid fertilisers by farmers					

Handling and application of liquid fertilisers by farmers.

4 OTHER COMPLETED/ONGOING REGULATORY PROCESSES THAT MAY AFFECT SUITABILITY FOR SUBSTANCE EVALUATION

Compliance check, Final decision			
Testing proposal	Existing Substances Regulation 793/93/EEC		
Annex VI (CLP)	Plant Protection Products Regulation 91/414/EEC		
Annex XV (SVHC)	□ Biocidal Products Directive 98/8/EEC ; Biocidal Product Regulation (Regulation (EU) 528/2012)		
Annex XIV (Authorisation)			
Annex XVII (Restriction)			
Information on other completed/ongoing regulatory processes was not found.			

5 JUSTIFICATION FOR THE SELECTION OF THE CANDIDATE CORAP SUBSTANCE

5.1 Legal basis for the proposal

- Article 44(2) (refined prioritisation criteria for substance evaluation)
- Article 45(5) (Member State priority)

5.2 Selection criteria met (why the substance qualifies for being in CoRAP)

- \boxtimes Fulfils criteria as CMR/ Suspected CMR
- Fulfils criteria as Sensitiser/ Suspected sensitiser
- Fulfils criteria as potential endocrine disrupter
- □ Fulfils criteria as PBT/vPvB / Suspected PBT/vPvB
- \Box Fulfils criteria high (aggregated) tonnage (*tpa* > 1000)
- \boxtimes Fulfils exposure criteria
- □ Fulfils MS's (national) priorities

5.3 Initial grounds for concern to be clarified under Substance Evaluation

Substance Evaluation				
Hazard based concerns				
CMR □C □M ⊠R	Suspected CMR^1 $\Box C \Box M \Box R$	Potential endocrine disruptor		
Sensitiser	Suspected Sensitiser ¹			
PBT/vPvB	Suspected PBT/vPvB ¹	Other (please specify below)		
Exposure/risk based concer	'ns			
$oxed{\boxtimes}$ Wide dispersive use	Consumer use	Exposure of sensitive populations		
Exposure of environment	Exposure of workers	Cumulative exposure		
High RCR	High (aggregated) tonnage	Other (please specify below)		
<u>Reprotoxicity</u> : self-classification in the registration dossier Repro 2 (but 31 notified C&L do not contain this classification)				
There is a need for an assessme ffect of the substance on the		offsprings in relation to the toxic		
If the effects on fetuses are not considered to be related to the observed maternal toxicity, the classification could be more severe.				
Dose related reprotoxic effects are seen in an OECD Guideline 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study). The test substance was administered to the animals orally (by gavage; 15, 45 and 90 mg/kg body weight) once a day during the period of major organogenesis (day 6 to day 15 p.c.).				
<u>Embryotoxic / teratogenic effects are:</u> At dose group 90 mg/kg, embryo-/foetotoxicity and clear indication for teratogenicity: Besides reduced fetal body weights and delayed ossification, malformations of the urogenital tract, cardiovascular system, thoracic vertebral bodies were observed				
At dose group 45 mg/kg, embr	yo-/foetotoxicity, but no terato	ogenic effects		
At 15 mg/kg bw/day, no signs	of developmental toxicity.			
Maternal toxic effects are reported (details are not given) At dose group: 90 mg/kg -reduced food consumption -significantly lower body weights				
At dose group: 45 mg/kg -reduced food consumption				
Furthermore, there are indications that 3-methylpyrazole crosses the placental barrier.				
Potential endocrine disruptor : concern linked to the group family (pyrazole)				

¹ <u>CMR/Sensitiser</u>: known carcinogenic and/or mutagenic and/or reprotoxic properties/known sensitising properties (according to CLP harmonized or registrant self-classification or CLP Inventory) <u>Suspected CMR/Suspected sensitiser</u>: suspected carcinogenic and/or mutagenic and/or reprotoxic

properties/suspected sensitising properties (not classified according to CLP harmonized or registrant selfclassification)

Suspected PBT: Potentially Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

Exposure:

The registrant did not take into account the application of the fertilizer on crops and this is most likely the path with the highest environmental exposure. In view of the tonnage of the imported substance and the foreseen use, wide dispersive use is expected.

5.4 Preliminary indication of information that may need to be requested to clarify the concern

Information on toxicological properties	Information on physico-chemical properties
Information on fate and behaviour	Information on exposure
☐ Information on ecotoxicological properties	☐ Information on uses
Information ED potential Other (provide further details below)	
An extended-one generation test could be requested to clarify the concern.	

5.5 Potential follow-up and link to risk management

Harmonised C&L	Restriction	Authorisation	Other (provide further details)	
Depending on the outcome of the evaluation any of the above mentioned risk management measures could be initiated if warranted.				