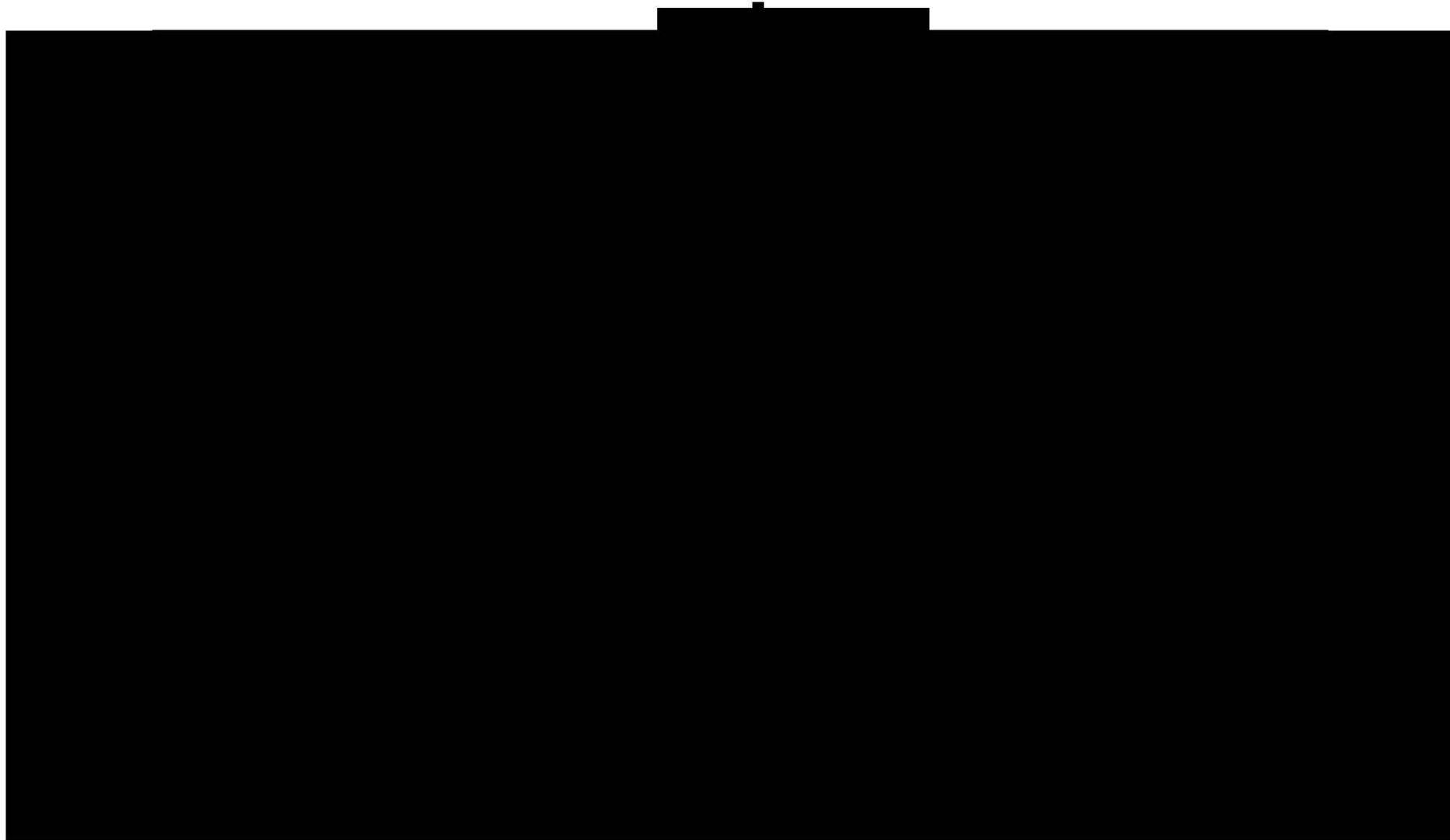


[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

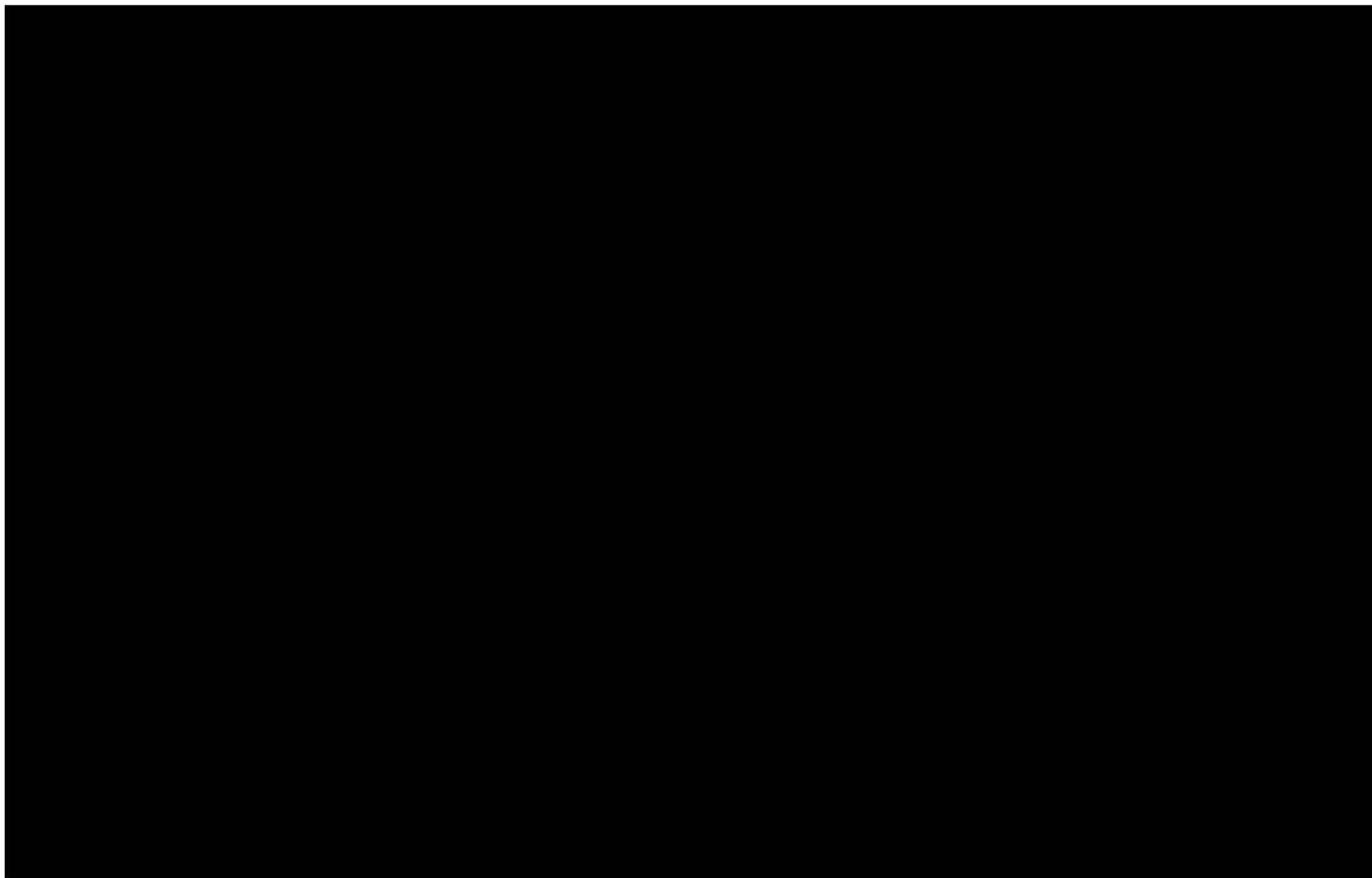
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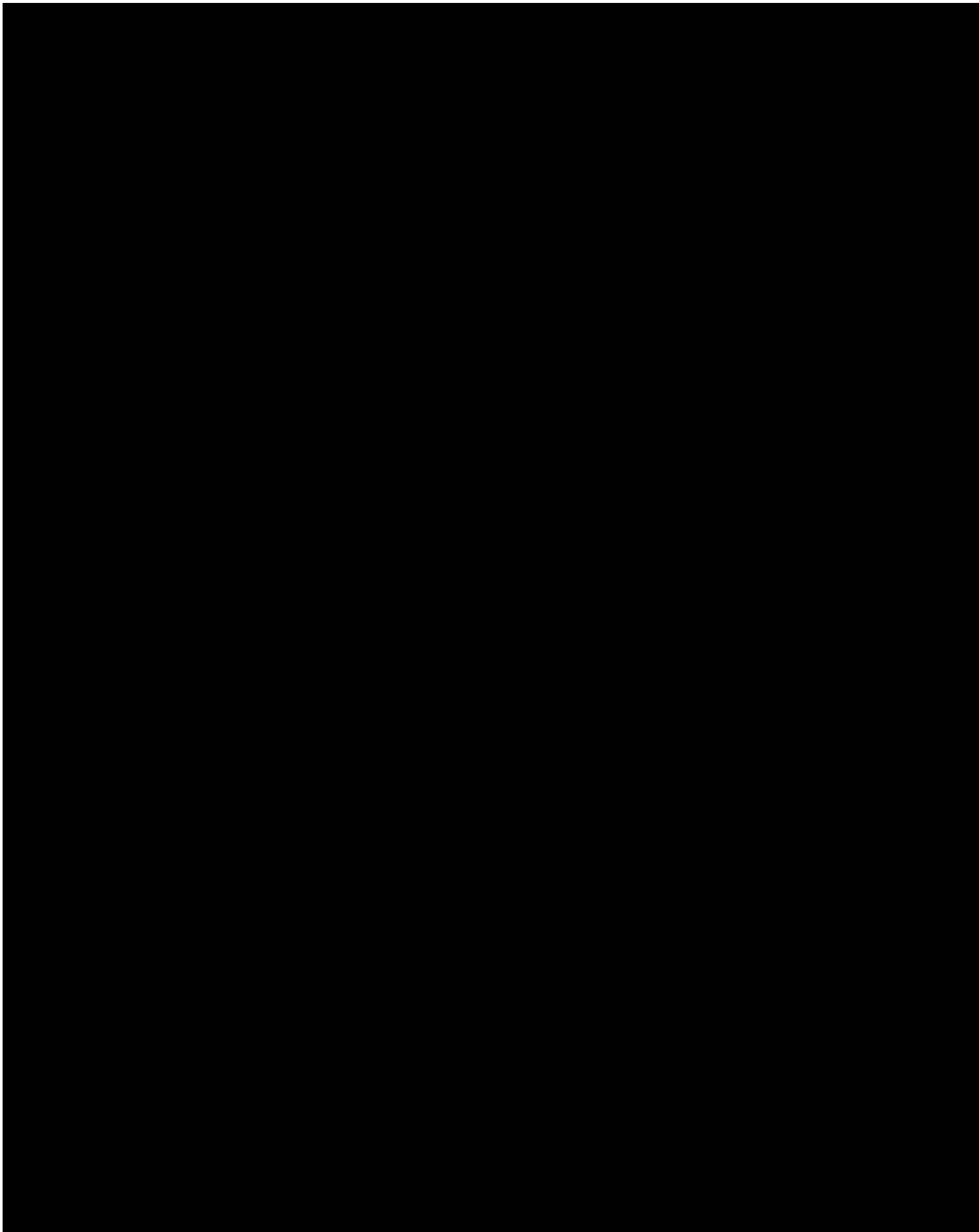


[REDACTED]

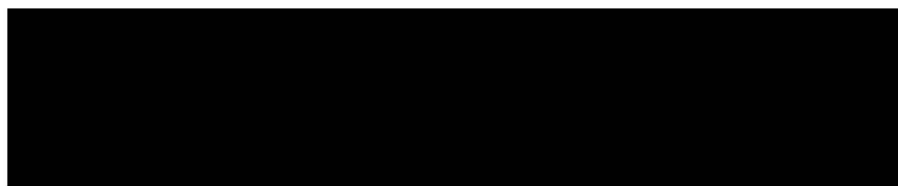
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]


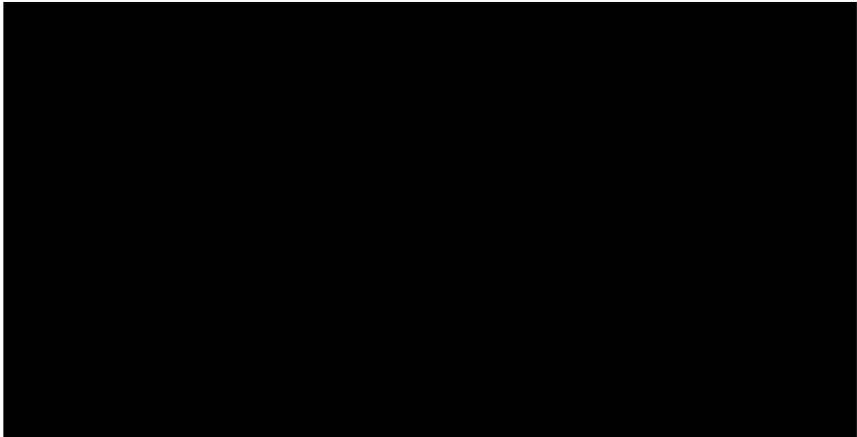









		19	REFERENCE	Official use only
1.1	Reference			
1.2	Data protection	Yes		
1.2.1	Data owner	Sumitomo Chemicals Co., Ltd.		
1.2.2	Companies with letter of access	Sumitomo Chemical (UK) PLC.		
1.2.3	Criteria for data protection	Data submitted to the MS after 13 May 2000 on existing a.s. for the purpose of its entry into Annex I/IA.		
		2	GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE	
2.1	Guideline study			x
		The study essentially meets the requirements of OECD Test Guideline 413 (adopted 12 May 1981).		
2.2	GLP			
2.3	Deviations			
		3	MATERIALS AND METHODS	
3.1	Test material	d-Phenothrin.		
3.1.1	Lot/Batch number			
3.1.2	Specification			
3.1.2.1	Description			
3.1.2.2	Purity			
3.1.2.3	Stability			
3.2	Test Animals	Non-entry field		
3.2.1	Species	Rat		
3.2.2	Strain			
3.2.3	Source			
3.2.4	Sex	Male and female.		
3.2.5	Age/weight at study initiation			
3.2.6	Number of animals			

Section A6.4.3	Subchronic inhalation toxicity
Annex Point IIA6.4	Subchronic inhalation toxicity study in rats
IUCLID 5.4/9	
per group	
3.2.7 Control animals	Yes
3.3 Administration/ Exposure	Inhalation
3.3.1 Duration of treatment	90 days.
3.3.2 Frequency of exposure	
3.3.3 Postexposure period	None
3.3.4 <u>Inhalation</u>	
3.3.4.1 Type	Inhalation, whole body exposure.
3.3.4.2 Concentration	
3.3.4.3 Particle size	See point 3.3.4.2.
3.3.4.4 Type or preparation of particles	-
3.3.4.5 Vehicle	None
3.3.4.6 Concentration in vehicle	Not relevant.
3.3.4.7 Duration of exposure	
3.3.4.8 Controls	Yes, control rats received air only.
3.4 Examinations	
3.4.1 Observations	

Section A6.4.3	Subchronic inhalation toxicity
Annex Point IIA6.4	Subchronic inhalation toxicity study in rats
IUCLID 5.4/9	
3.4.1.1 Clinical signs	During exposure [Redacted]
3.4.1.2 Mortality	Animals were examined twice each day.
3.4.2 Body weight	[Redacted]
3.4.3 Food consumption	The quantity of food consumed by each cage of rats was recorded weekly commencing one week prior to the start of exposures until the end of the study.
3.4.4 Water consumption	Not measured.
3.4.5 Ophthalmoscopic examination	The eyes of all rats were examined prior to allocation and during Week 13 using a Keeler indirect ophthalmoscope.
3.4.6 Haematology	[Redacted]
3.4.7 Clinical Chemistry	[Redacted]
3.4.8 Urinalysis	Not performed.
3.5 Sacrifice and pathology	
3.5.1 Organ Weights	[Redacted]
3.5.2 Gross and histopathology	[Redacted]

Section A6.4.3

Subchronic inhalation toxicity

Annex Point IIA6.4

Subchronic inhalation toxicity study in rats

IUCLID 5.4/9

[REDACTED]

3.5.3 Other examinations None

3.5.4 Statistics Parameters were analysed with recognised statistical techniques.

3.6 Further remarks None

4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

4.1 Observations

4.1.1 Clinical signs

[REDACTED]

4.1.2 Mortality No deaths occurred during the study.

4.2 Body weight gain

[REDACTED]

4.3 Food consumption and compound intake

[REDACTED]

4.4 Ophthalmoscopic examination

[REDACTED]

4.5 Blood and urine analysis

4.5.1 Haematology

[REDACTED]

Section A6.4.3

Subchronic inhalation toxicity

Annex Point IIA6.4

Subchronic inhalation toxicity study in rats

IUCLID 5.4/9

4.5.2 Clinical chemistry

[Redacted]

4.5.3 Urinalysis

Not investigated.

4.6 Sacrifice and pathology

4.6.1 Organ weights

[Redacted]

4.6.2 Gross and histopathology

Macroscopic pathology

[Redacted]

Section A6.4.3
Annex Point IIA6.4
IUCLID 5.4/9

Subchronic inhalation toxicity
Subchronic inhalation toxicity study in rats

[REDACTED]

4.7 Other

None.

5 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

5.1 Materials and methods

The study was conducted to GLP. [REDACTED]

x

5.2 Results and discussion

[REDACTED]

Section A6.4.3
Annex Point IIA6.4
IUCLID 5.4/9

[REDACTED] toxicity
Subchronic inhalation toxicity study in rats

- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]

5.3 Conclusion

[REDACTED]

5.3.1 LO(A)EL

5.3.2 NO(A)EL

5.3.3 Other

5.3.4 Reliability

5.3.5 Deficiencies

0.104 mg/l

None

■

■

[REDACTED]

EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE

Date




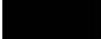

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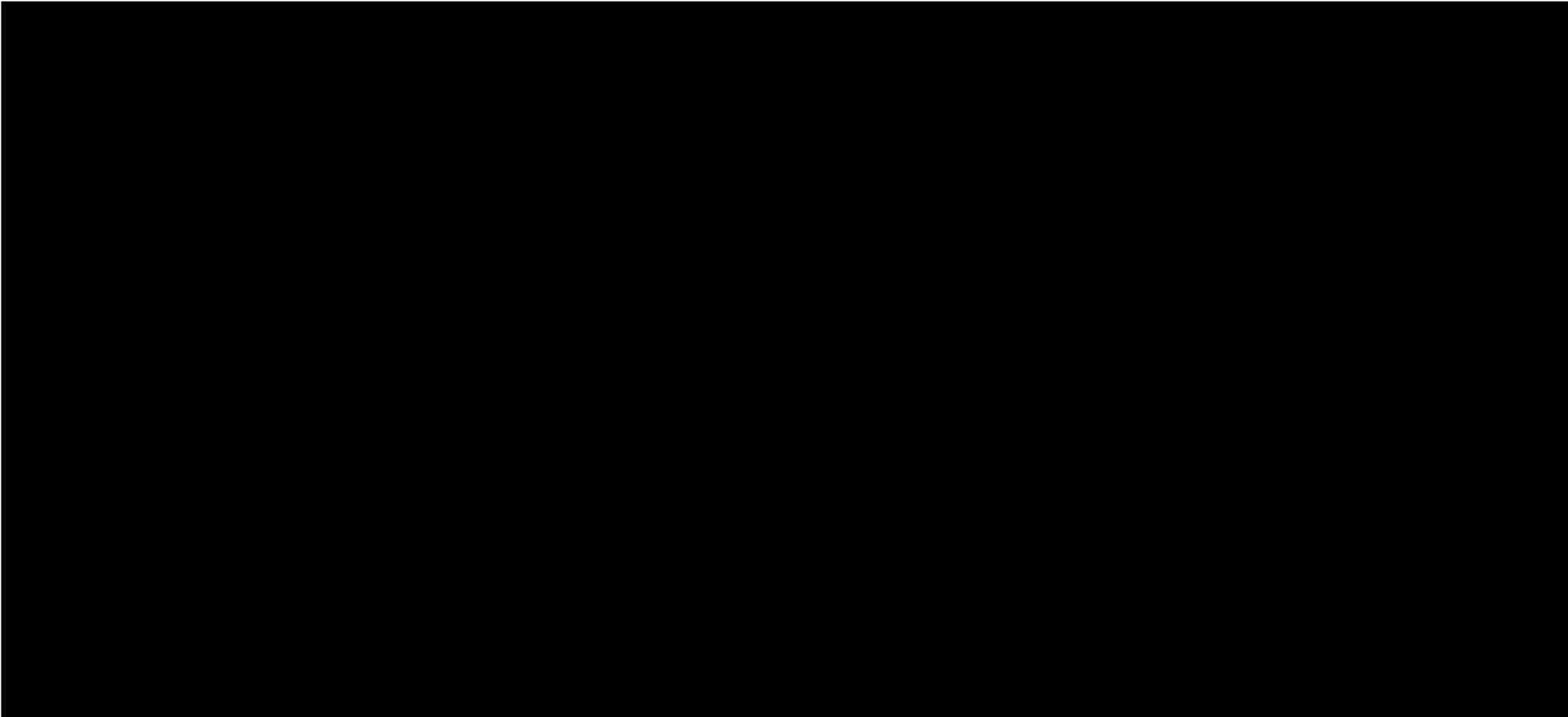
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Section A6.4.3	Subchronic inhalation toxicity
Annex Point IIA6.4	Subchronic inhalation toxicity study in rats
IUCLID 5.4/9	
Reliability	
	
	
	COMMENTS FROM ... (specify)
Date	<i>Give date of comments submitted</i>
Materials and Methods	<i>Discuss additional relevant discrepancies referring to the (sub)heading numbers and to applicant's summary and conclusion. Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Results and discussion	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Conclusion	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Reliability	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Acceptability	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Remarks	





Section 6.5 Chronic toxicity**Annex Point IIA6.5****52-week dietary chronic toxicity study in dogs****IUCLID 5.4/6**

	20	REFERENCE
1.1	Reference	[REDACTED]
1.2	Data protection	Yes
1.2.1	Data owner	Sumitomo Chemicals Co., Ltd.
1.2.2	Companies with letter of access	Sumitomo Chemical (UK) PLC.
1.2.3	Criteria for data protection	Data submitted to the MS after 13 May 2000 on existing a.s. for the purpose of its entry into Annex I/IA.
	2	GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE
2.1	Guideline study	[REDACTED] The requirements under the above guideline are essentially equivalent to OECD Test Guideline 452 (adopted 12 May 1981).
2.2	GLP	[REDACTED]
2.3	Deviations	No
	3	MATERIALS AND METHODS
3.1	Test material	[REDACTED] (equivalent to d-Phenothrin).
3.1.1	Lot/Batch number	[REDACTED]
3.1.2	Specification	[REDACTED]
3.1.2.1	Description	[REDACTED]
3.1.2.2	Purity	[REDACTED]
3.1.2.3	Stability	Not reported.
3.2	Test Animals	<i>Non-entry field</i>

Official use only

Section 6.5 Chronic toxicity**Annex Point IIA6.5****52-week dietary chronic toxicity study in dogs****IUCLID 5.4/6**

3.2.1	Species	Dog																								
3.2.2	Strain	[REDACTED]																								
3.2.3	Source	[REDACTED]																								
3.2.4	Sex	Male and female.																								
3.2.5	Age/weight at study initiation	[REDACTED]																								
3.2.6	Number of animals per group	[REDACTED] als.																								
3.2.7	Control animals	Yes																								
3.3	Administration/ Exposure	Oral																								
3.3.1	Duration of treatment	52 weeks.																								
3.3.2	Frequency of exposure	Daily																								
3.3.3	Postexposure period	None																								
3.3.4	Oral																									
3.3.4.1	Type	Dietary																								
3.3.4.2	Concentration	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Group</th> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>3</th> <th>4</th> <th>5</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>[REDACTED]</td> <td>[REDACTED]</td> <td>[REDACTED]</td> <td>[REDACTED]</td> <td>[REDACTED]</td> <td>[REDACTED]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Achieved dose (mg/kg bw/d) - Males</td> <td>0</td> <td>2.7</td> <td>8.2</td> <td>27.7</td> <td>80.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Achieved dose (mg/kg bw/d) - Females</td> <td>0</td> <td>2.6</td> <td>7.1</td> <td>26.8</td> <td>79.8</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Group	1	2	3	4	5	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	Achieved dose (mg/kg bw/d) - Males	0	2.7	8.2	27.7	80.2	Achieved dose (mg/kg bw/d) - Females	0	2.6	7.1	26.8	79.8
Group	1	2	3	4	5																					
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]																					
Achieved dose (mg/kg bw/d) - Males	0	2.7	8.2	27.7	80.2																					
Achieved dose (mg/kg bw/d) - Females	0	2.6	7.1	26.8	79.8																					
3.3.4.3	Vehicle	None																								
3.3.4.4	Concentration in vehicle	Not relevant.																								
3.3.4.5	Total volume applied	Not applicable.																								
3.3.4.6	Controls	Yes, controls received plain diet.																								
3.4	Examinations																									
3.4.1	Observations																									

Section 6.5 Chronic toxicity**Annex Point IIA6.5****52-week dietary chronic toxicity study in dogs****IUCLID 5.4/6**

3.4.1.1	Clinical signs	All animals were examined once daily for obvious indications of a toxic effect. Physical examinations were performed weekly.	
3.4.1.2	Mortality	All dogs were observed twice daily for mortality and moribundity.	
3.4.2	Body weight	Individual body weights were recorded weekly.	
3.4.3	Food consumption	Individual food consumption was recorded daily.	
3.4.4	Water consumption	Not measured.	
3.4.5	Ophthalmoscopic examination	Indirect ophthalmologic examinations were performed on all dogs prior to the initiation of treatment and at termination using a mydriatic.	
3.4.6	Haematology	[REDACTED]	
3.4.7	Clinical Chemistry	[REDACTED]	x
3.4.8	Urinalysis	Yes. [REDACTED]	
3.5	Sacrifice and pathology		
3.5.1	Organ Weights	[REDACTED]	x
3.5.2	Gross and histopathology	[REDACTED]	x
3.5.3	Other examinations	None	
3.5.4	Statistics	All parameters were analysed with recognised statistical techniques.	
3.6	Further remarks	None	

Section 6.5 Chronic toxicity**Annex Point IIA6.5****52-week dietary chronic toxicity study in dogs****IUCLID 5.4/6****4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION****4.1 Observations**

4.1.1 Clinical signs

[REDACTED]

4.1.2 Mortality

No deaths occurred during the study.

4.2 Body weight gain

[REDACTED]

4.3 Food consumption and compound intake

No significant differences were noted between treated group values and respective control values for food consumption. Mean food efficiency values were similar between treated and control groups for both sexes.

4.4 Ophthalmoscopic examination

There were no treatment related effects.

4.5 Blood and urine analysis

4.5.1 Haematology

[REDACTED]

4.5.2 Clinical chemistry

[REDACTED]

Section 6.5 Chronic toxicity

Annex Point IIA6.5

52-week dietary chronic toxicity study in dogs

IUCLID 5.4/6

	[Redacted]
4.5.3	Urinalysis [Redacted]
4.6	Sacrifice and pathology
4.6.1	Organ weights Increased mean absolute and relative liver weights were noted [Redacted]
4.6.2	Gross and histopathology [Redacted]

Section 6.5 Chronic toxicity

Annex Point IIA6.5

52-week dietary chronic toxicity study in dogs

IUCLID 5.4/6

4.7 Other None

5 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

5.1 Materials and methods

■ [Redacted]

■ [Redacted]

■ [Redacted]

[Redacted]



Section 6.5 Chronic toxicity**Annex Point II A6.5****52-week dietary chronic toxicity study in dogs****IUCLID 5.4/6**

5.3.2	NO(A)EL	Males - NOEL = 3 [REDACTED] 8.2 mg/kg bw/d). Females - NOEL = [REDACTED] 26.8 mg/kg bw/d).	
5.3.3	Other	None	
5.3.4	Reliability	1	
5.3.5	Deficiencies	No	

Evaluation by Competent Authorities

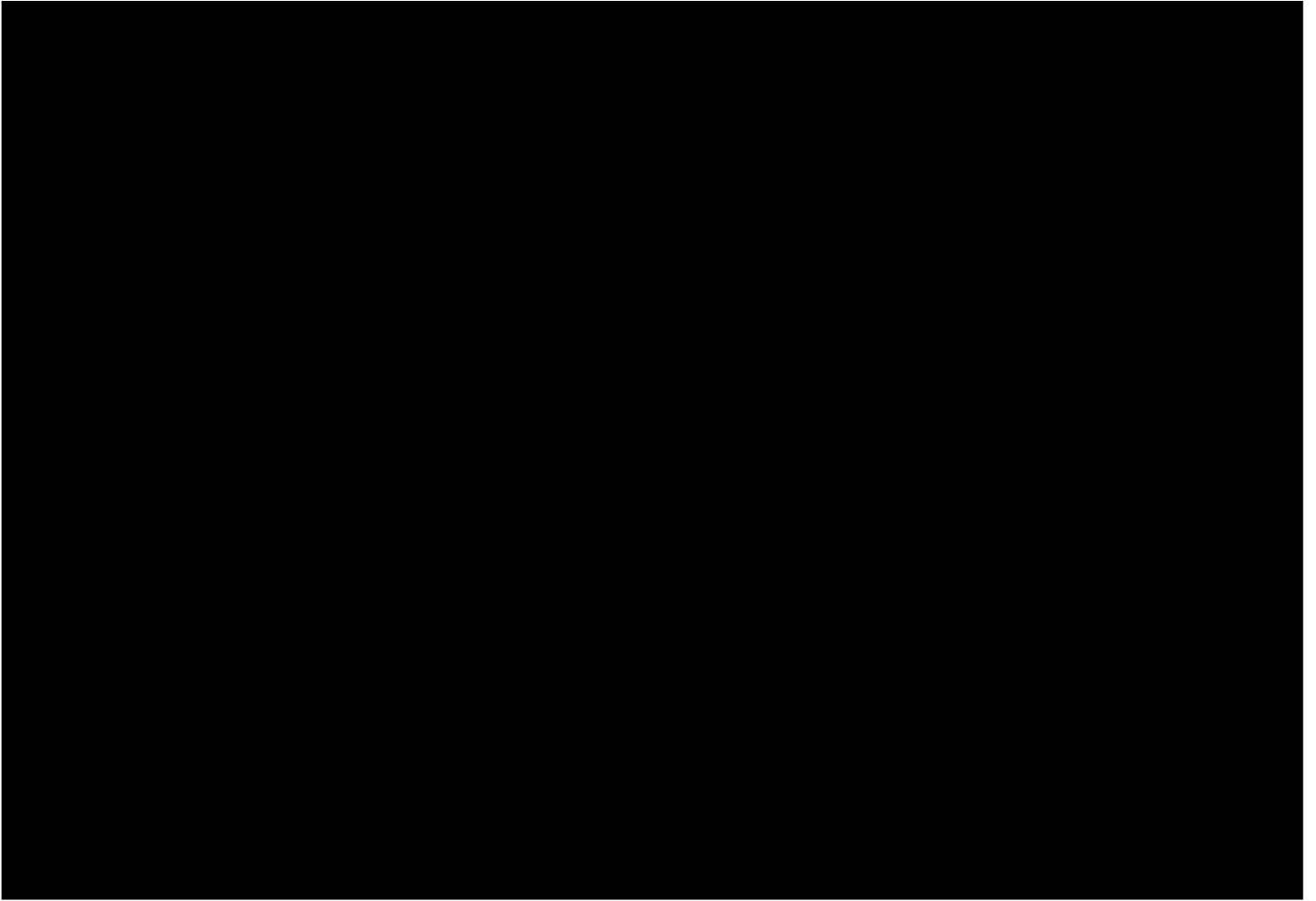
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[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

Remarks**COMMENTS FROM ... (specify)****Date***Give date of comments submitted*

Section 6.5 Chronic toxicity**Annex Point II A6.5****52-week dietary chronic toxicity study in dogs****IUCLID 5.4/6**

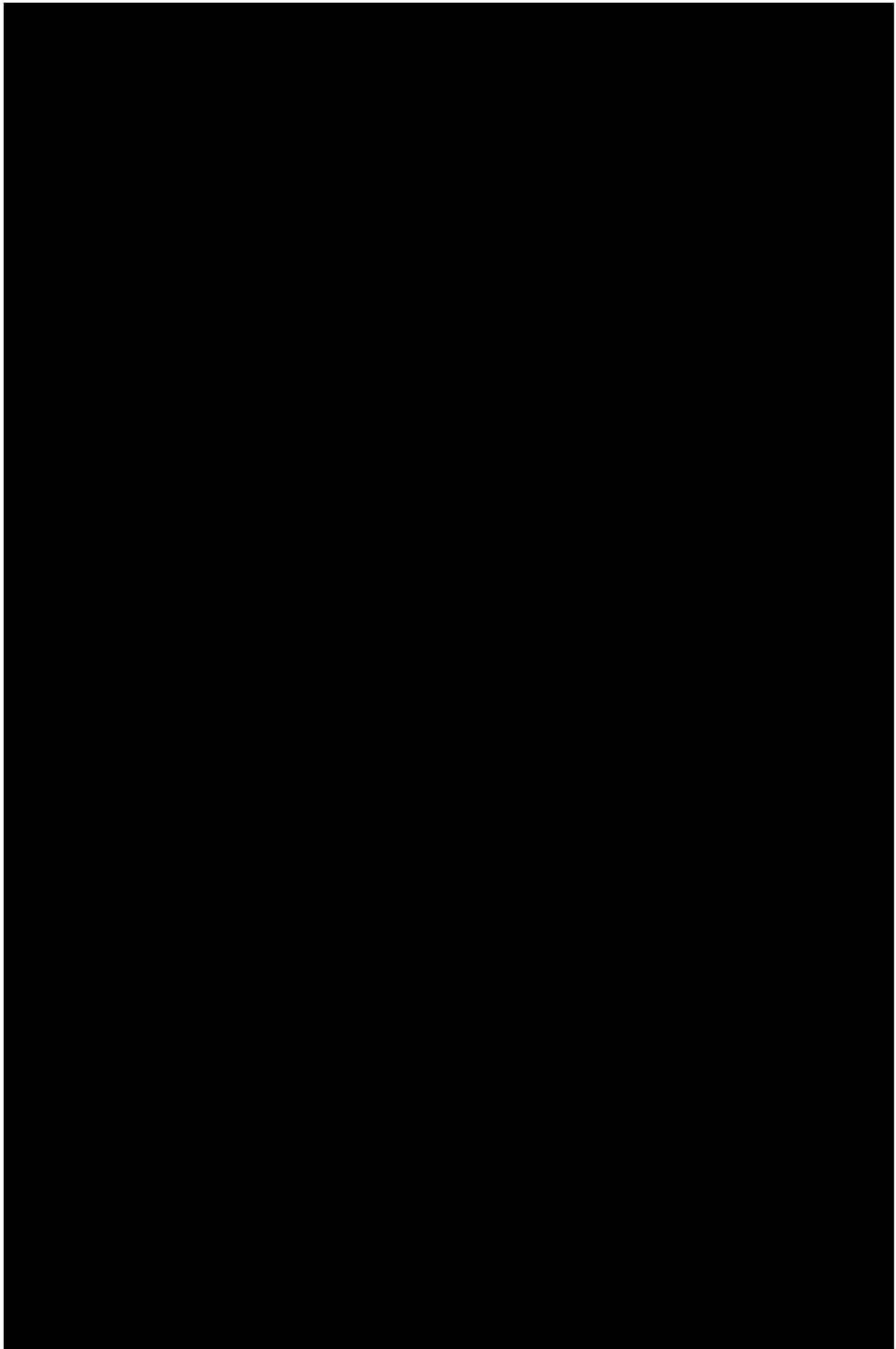
Materials and Methods	<i>Discuss additional relevant discrepancies referring to the (sub)heading numbers and to applicant's summary and conclusion. Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Results and discussion	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Conclusion	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Reliability	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Acceptability	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Remarks	

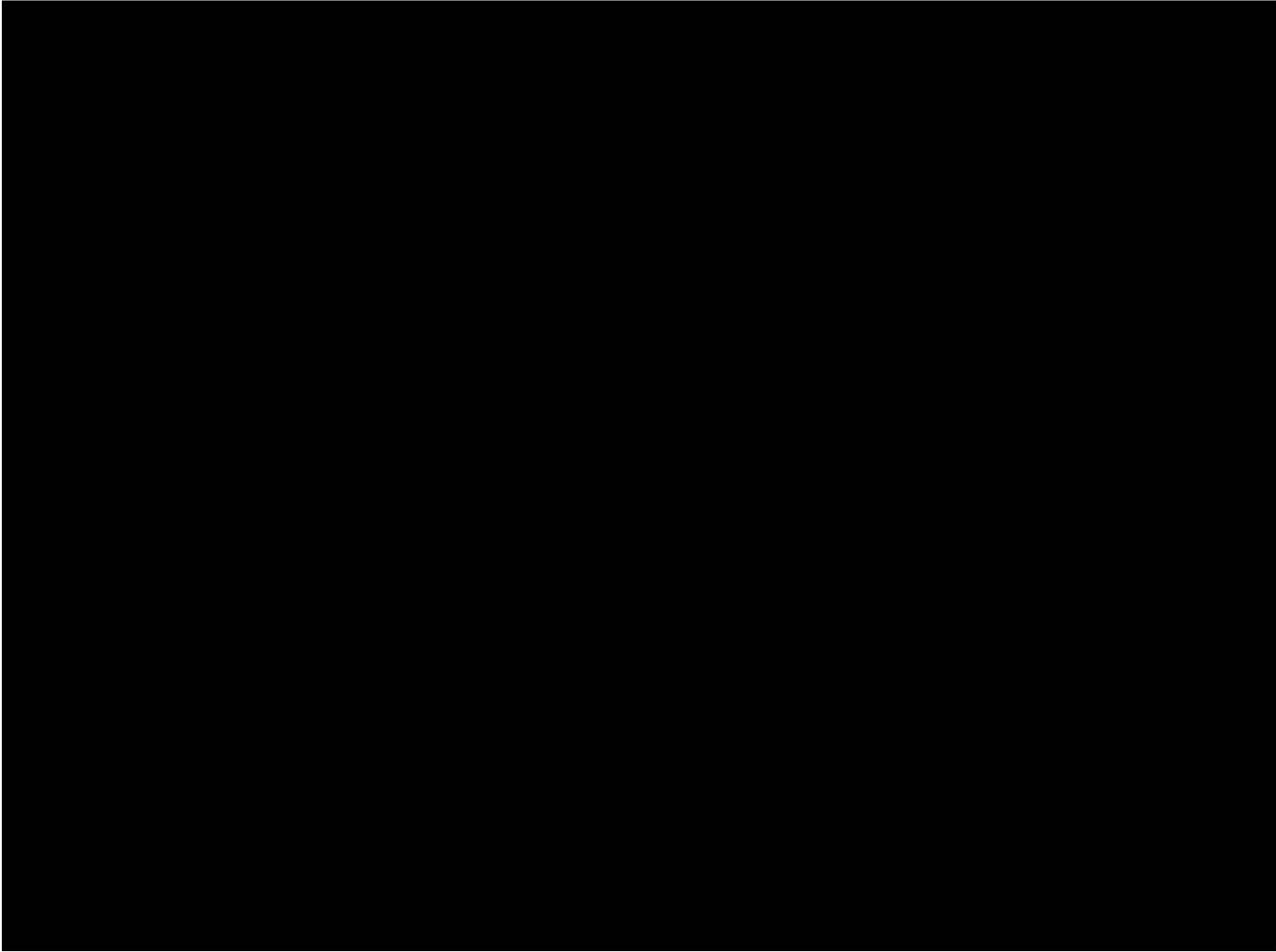


[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]





Section 6.6.1 Genotoxicity in vitro

Annex Point IIA6.6.1

In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria

IUCLID 5.5/1

	21	REFERENCE	Official use only	
1.1	Reference	[REDACTED]		
1.2	Data protection	Yes		
1.2.1	Data owner	Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.		
1.2.2	Companies with letter of access	Sumitomo Chemical (UK) PLC.		
1.2.3	Criteria for data protection	Data submitted to the MS after 13 May 2000 on existing a.s. for the purpose of its entry into Annex I/IA.		
		2		GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE
2.1	Guideline study	Performed according to the methods described by Ames et. al and Yahagi et. al: B. N. Ames, T. McCann and E. Yamasaki; Mutation Res., 31, 347, (1975), T. Yahagi, M.Degawa, Y.Seino, T. Matsushima, N.Nagao, T. Sugimura and Y. Hashimoto; Cancer letters, 1, 91, (1975).		
2.2	GLP	[REDACTED]		
2.3	Deviations	[REDACTED]		
		3	MATERIALS AND METHODS	
3.1	Test material	[REDACTED] d-Phenothrin.		
3.1.1	Lot/Batch number	[REDACTED]		
3.1.2	Specification	[REDACTED]		
3.1.2.1	Description	Not provided.		
3.1.2.2	Purity	[REDACTED]		
3.1.2.3	Stability	Not specified.		
3.2	Study Type	Bacterial reverse mutation test.		
3.2.1	Organism/cell type	<u>Salmonella typhimurium</u> TA98, TA100, TA1535, TA1537 and TA1538. <u>Escherichia coli</u> WP-2 <u>uvrA</u> .		
3.2.2	Deficiencies / Proficiencies	Histidine requiring <u>Salmonella typhimurium</u> mutant strains. Tryptophan requiring <u>Escherichia coli</u> WP-2 <u>uvrA</u> .		

Section 6.6.1 Genotoxicity
in vitro

Annex Point IIA6.6.1 In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria

IUCLID 5.5/1

3.2.3 Metabolic activation system

[REDACTED]

3.2.4 Positive control

[REDACTED]

3.3 Administration / Exposure; Application of test substance

Non-entry field

3.3.1 Concentrations

Main tests: 0, 10, 50, 100, 500, 1000 and 5000 µg/plate.

**Section 6.6.1 Genotoxicity
in vitro**

**Annex Point IIA6.6.1 In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria
IUCLID 5.5/1**

3.3.2 Way of application [Redacted]

3.3.3 Pre-incubation time See point 3.3.2

3.3.4 Other modifications None.

3.4 Examinations

3.4.1 Number of cells evaluated [Redacted]

22 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Non-entry field

3.5 Genotoxicity

3.5.1 without metabolic activation

No

3.5.2 with metabolic activation

No

3.6 Cytotoxicity

[Redacted]

4 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

4.1 Materials and methods

[Redacted]

**Section 6.6.1 Genotoxicity
in vitro**

**Annex Point IIA6.6.1
IUCLID 5.5/1**

In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria

**4.2 Results and
discussion**

The number of the revertants at each dose level did not increase

[Redacted]

4.3 Conclusion

Sumithrin did not induce significant number of revertants as compared with the vehicle control for each strain.

So, it was concluded that Sumithrin was not mutagenic under the test condition.

4.3.1 Reliability

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

Evaluation by Competent Authorities

Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted

[Redacted]

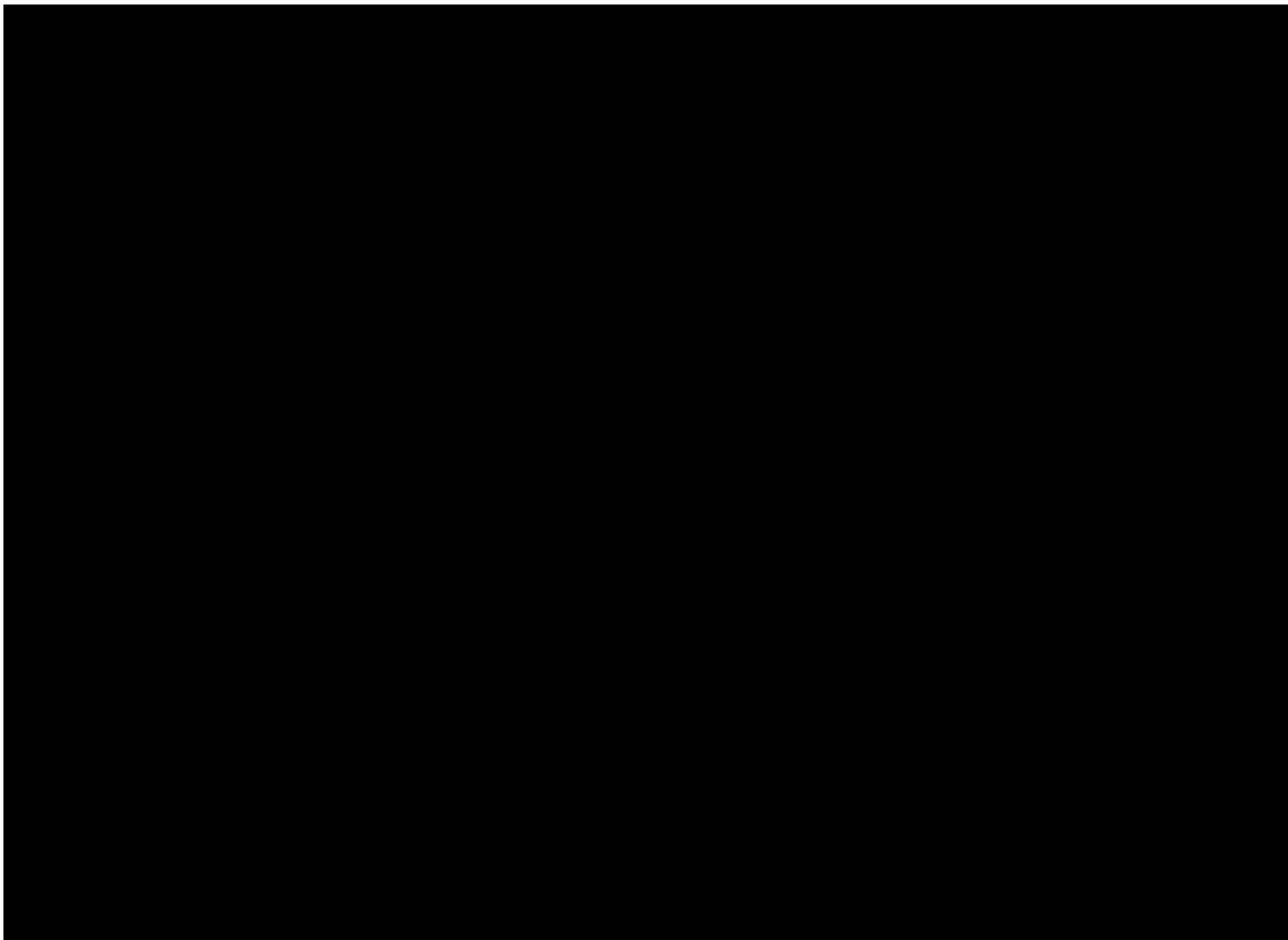
Reliability
Acceptability

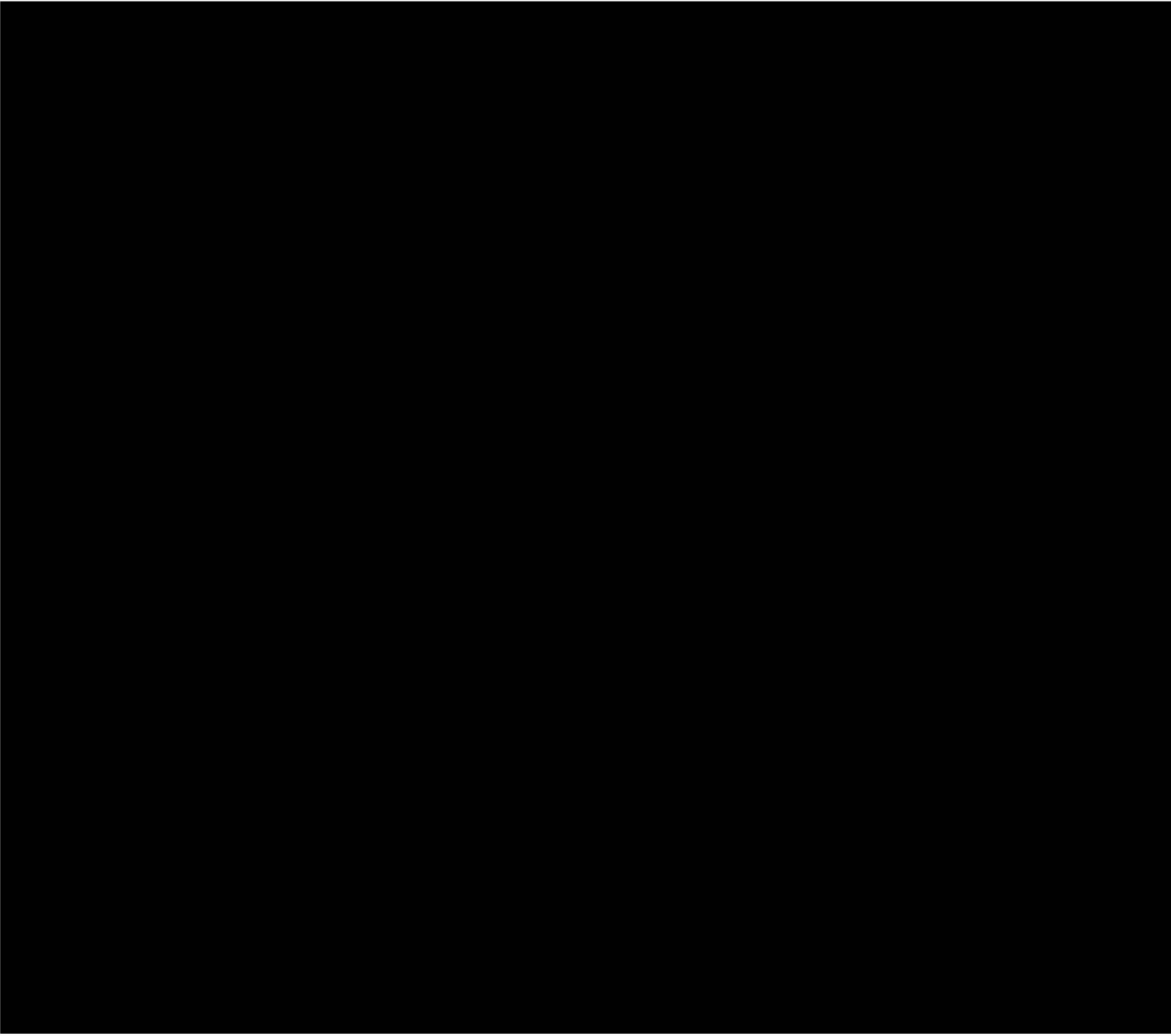
1
Acceptable

Remarks

**Section 6.6.1 Genotoxicity
in vitro****Annex Point IIA6.6.1 In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria
IUCLID 5.5/1**

	COMMENTS FROM ...
Date	Give date of comments submitted
Materials and Methods	Discuss additional relevant discrepancies referring to the (sub)heading numbers and to applicant's summary and conclusion. Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state
Results and discussion	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Conclusion	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Reliability	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Acceptability	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Remarks	





**Section 6.6.2 Genotoxicity
in vitro**

Annex Point IIA6.6.2

In-vitro cytogenicity study in mammalian cells

IUCLID 5.5/5

		23 REFERENCE	Official use only
1.1 Reference		[REDACTED]	
1.2 Data protection		Yes	
1.2.1 Data owner		Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.	
1.2.2 Companies with letter of access		Sumitomo Chemical (UK) PLC.	
1.2.3 Criteria for data protection		Data submitted to the MS after 13 May 2000 on existing a.s. for the purpose of its entry into Annex I/IA.	
		2 GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE	
2.1 Guideline study		The study report makes no claims on guideline compliance. The study appears to meet the requirements of OECD 473 (adopted 21 July 1997).	
2.2 GLP		[REDACTED]	
2.3 Deviations		[REDACTED]	
		3 MATERIALS AND METHODS	
3.1 Test material		[REDACTED] d-Phenothrin.	
3.1.1 Lot/Batch number		[REDACTED]	
3.1.2.1 Description		[REDACTED]	
3.1.2.2 Purity		[REDACTED]	
3.1.2.3 Stability		Not specified.	
3.2 Study Type		In vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test.	
3.2.1 Organism/cell type		Chinese Hamster Ovary cell (CHO-WBL)	
3.2.2 Deficiencies / Proficiencies		–	
3.2.3 Metabolic activation system		S9 reaction mixture (S9 15 µl/ml, NADP 1.5 mg/ml, and isocitric acid 2.7 mg/ml). The S9 fraction was derived from the liver of male Sprague-Dawley rats which had previously been treated with Aroclor 1254.	

Section 6.6.2 Genotoxicity in vitro

Annex Point IIA6.6.2

In-vitro cytogenicity study in mammalian cells

IUCLID 5.5/5

3.2.4 Positive control



3.3 Administration / Exposure; Application of test substance

Non-entry field

- 3.3.1 Concentrations Without S9-mix: 35.3 to 252 µg/ml culture medium.
With S9-mix (20 or 30 hour harvest): 126 to 505 µg/ml culture medium.
- 3.3.2 Way of application The test article was dissolved in dimethyl sulfoxide
- 3.3.3 Pre-incubation time In the non-activation assay, 20 hour harvest was conducted. In the activation assay, 20 and 30 hour harvests were conducted
- 3.3.4 Other modifications None

3.4 Examinations

- 3.4.1 Number of cells evaluated One hundred cells from each duplicate culture at four dose levels of the test article and from each of the negative and solvent control cultures were analyzed for the different types of chromosomal aberrations.

24 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

3.5 Genotoxicity

Non-entry field

- 3.5.1 without metabolic activation No
- 3.5.2 with metabolic activation No

3.6 Cytotoxicity

Cytotoxic concentrations were investigated.
See point 5.1 and 5.2.



4 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

4.1 Materials and methods



Section 6.6.2 Genotoxicity
in vitro

Annex Point II A6.6.2

In-vitro cytogenicity study in mammalian cells

IUCLID 5.5/5

4.2 Results and
discussion

[Redacted content]

**Section 6.6.2 Genotoxicity
in vitro**

Annex Point IIA6.6.2

In-vitro cytogenicity study in mammalian cells

IUCLID 5.5/5

4.3 Conclusion	[Redacted]	The test article, Sumithrin T.G., is considered negative for inducing chromosomal aberrations in Chinese hamster ovary cells under both nonactivation and activation conditions of these assays.
4.3.1 Reliability	[Redacted]	
4.3.2 Deficiencies	[Redacted]	

Evaluation by Competent Authorities

Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted

[Redacted]	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
[Redacted]	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
[Redacted]	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
[Redacted]	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
[Redacted]	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
[Redacted]	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
[Redacted]	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
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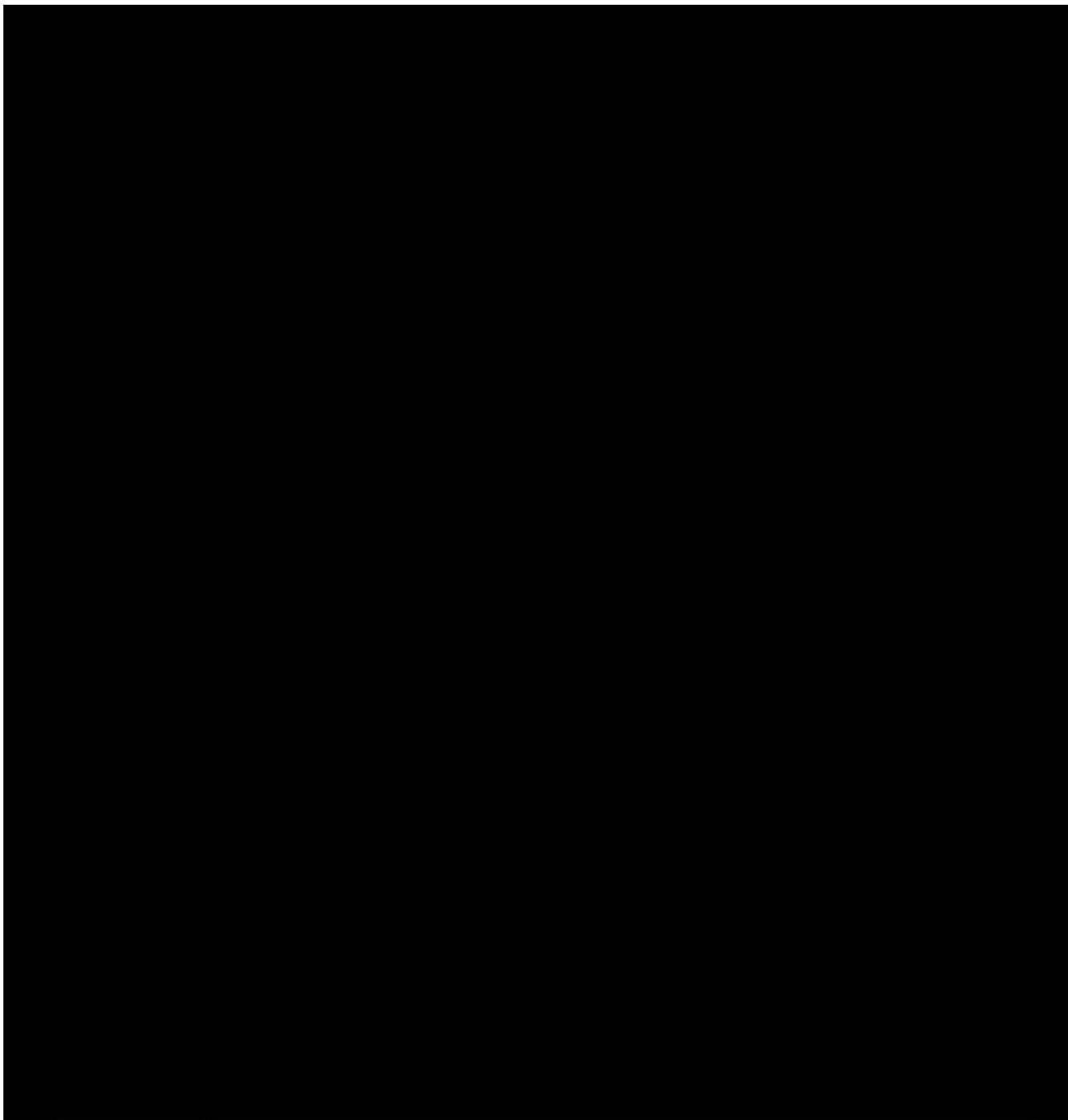
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[Redacted]	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
[Redacted]	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
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[Redacted]	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
[Redacted]	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
[Redacted]	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
[Redacted]	[Redacted]	[Redacted]
[Redacted]	[Redacted]	[Redacted]

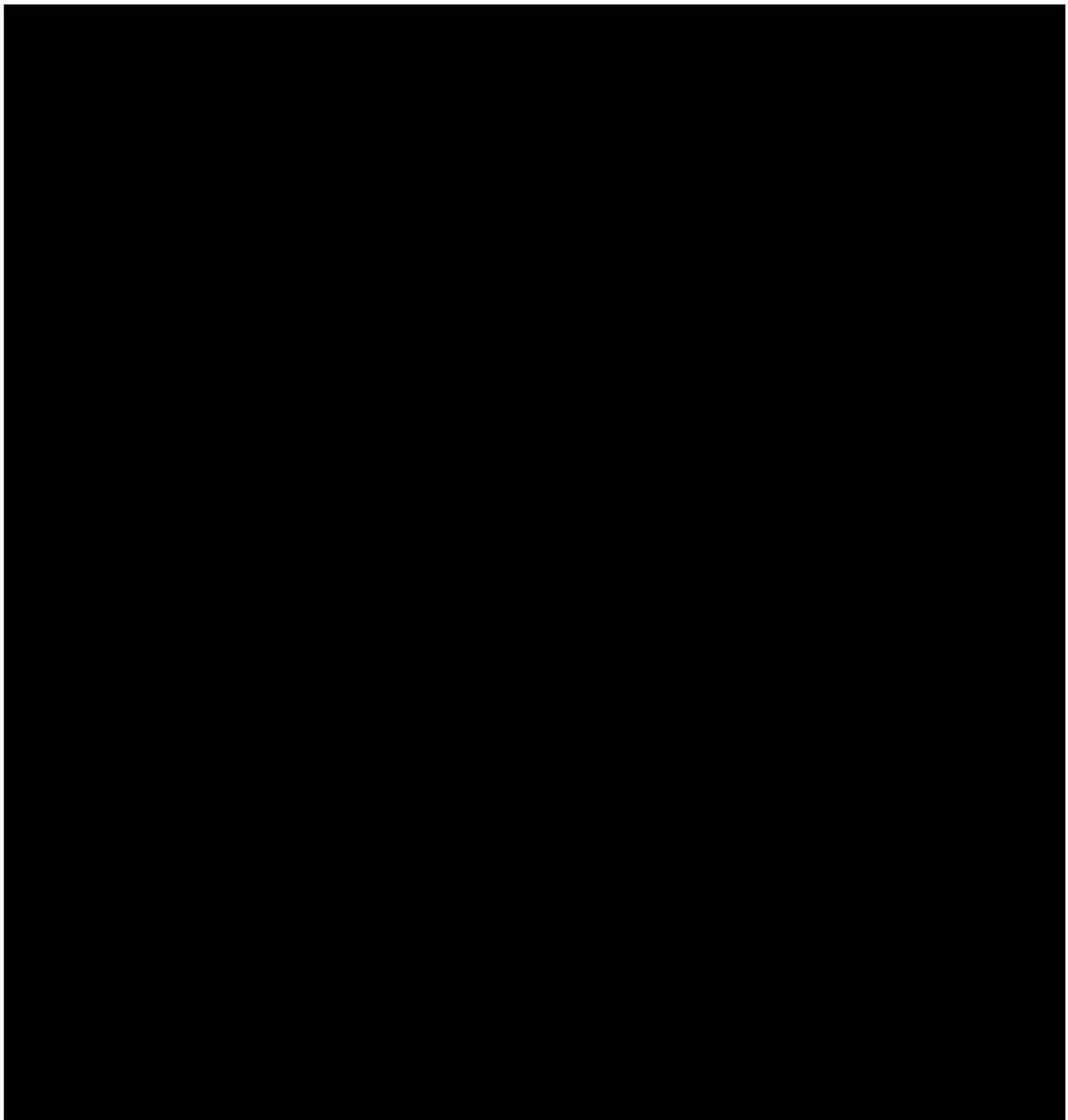
**Section 6.6.2 Genotoxicity
in vitro**

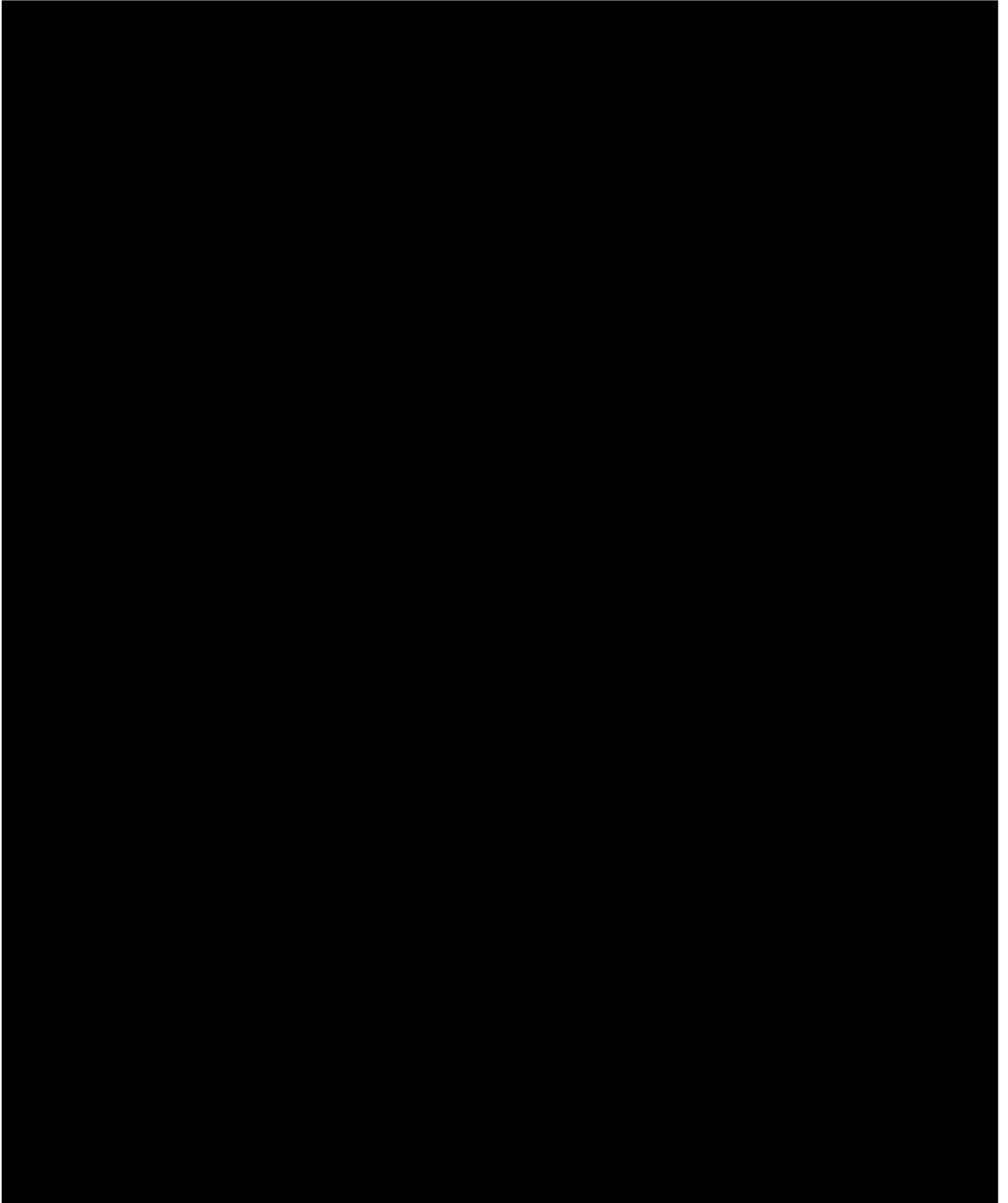
Annex Point II A6.6.2 In-vitro cytogenicity study in mammalian cells

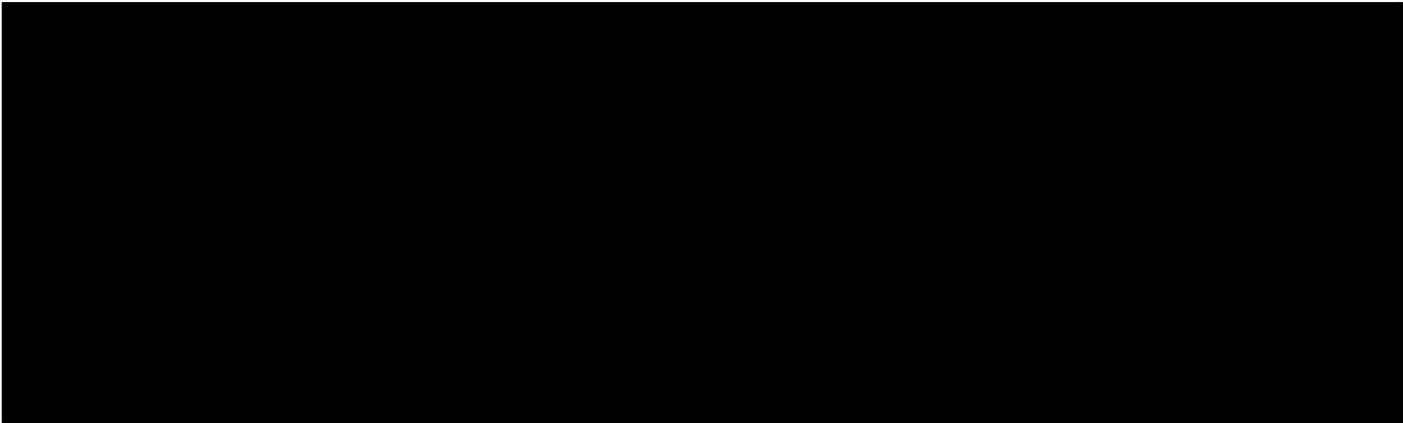
IUCLID 5.5/5

Remarks









Section 6.6.4(1)
Genotoxicity in vivo

Annex Point IIA6.6.4**In vivo chromosomal aberration test in mice****IUCLID 5.6/1**

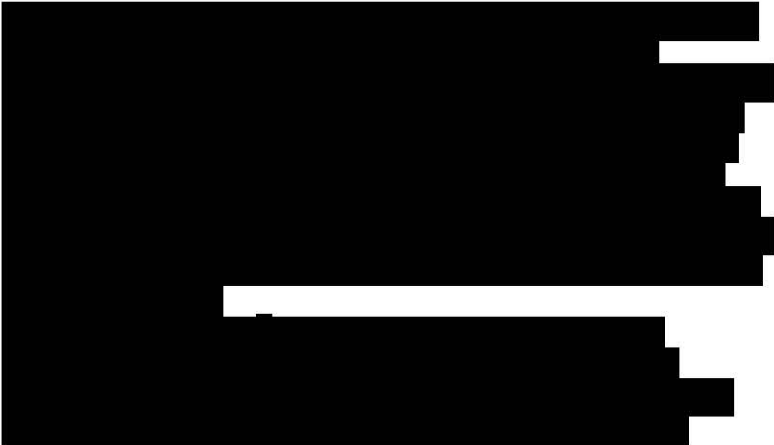

		25 REFERENCE	Official use only
1.1	Reference	[REDACTED]	
1.2	Data protection	Yes	
1.2.1	Data owner	Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.	
1.2.2	Companies with letter of access	Sumitomo Chemical (UK) PLC.	
1.2.3	Criteria for data protection	Data submitted to the MS after 13 May 2000 on existing a.s. for the purpose of its entry into Annex I.	
		2 GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE	
2.1	Guideline study	The report makes no claims on guideline compliance. Deviations from OECD Test Guideline 475 are listed under point 2.3.	
2.2	GLP	[REDACTED]	
2.3	Deviations	The reporting of this study was incomplete. A number of deviations [REDACTED]	
		3 MATERIALS AND METHODS	
3.1	Test material	[REDACTED] d-Phenothrin.	
3.1.1	Lot/Batch number	[REDACTED]	
3.1.2	Specification	[REDACTED]	
3.1.2.1	Description	Not described.	
3.1.2.2	Purity	[REDACTED]	
3.1.2.3	Stability	[REDACTED]	
3.1.2.4	Maximum tolerable dose	The acute toxicity in mice following intraperitoneal administration of Sumithrin® [REDACTED] has been investigated in a separate study	

Section 6.6.4(1)
Genotoxicity in vivo

Annex Point IIA6.6.4**In vivo chromosomal aberration test in mice****IUCLID 5.6/1**

			The LD ₅₀ was found to be greater than 10,000 mg/kg bw. No toxicity data was reported in the current study.
3.2	Test Animals		
3.2.1	Species		Mouse
3.2.2	Strain		
3.2.3	Source		
3.2.4	Sex		Male
3.2.5	Age/weight at study initiation		
3.2.6	Number of animals per group		
3.2.7	Control animals	Yes,	
3.3	Administration/ Exposure		Intraperitoneal
3.3.1	Number of applications		Single dose.
3.3.2	Interval between applications		Not applicable
3.3.3	Postexposure period		6, 24, 48 h.
3.3.4	Type		intraperitoneal
3.3.5	Concentration		2500, 5000 or 10000 mg/kg bw.
3.3.6	Vehicle		None
3.3.7	Concentration in vehicle		Not applicable.
3.3.8	Total volume applied		Not applicable.
3.3.9	Controls		No vehicle (untreated).
3.4	Examinations		
3.4.1	Clinical signs		Not reported.
3.4.2	Tissue		bone marrow
	Number of animals:	All rats	
	Number of cells:		50 metaphase spreads from each animal were scored.

**Section 6.6.4(1)
Genotoxicity in vivo****Annex Point IIA6.6.4****In vivo chromosomal aberration test in mice****IUCLID 5.6/1**

		Time points: 6, 24, 48h after dosing. Type of cells: Bone marrow cells. Parameters: Chromatid and chromosome gaps, Chromatid and chromosome breaks, Exchanges, Fragmentation and pulverisation of chromosomes.
3.5	Further remarks	None
		26 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION
3.6	Clinical signs	Toxicity was not reported in this study.
3.7	Haematology / Tissue examination	The frequencies of chromosomal aberrations are summarised in Table A6_6_4(1)-1. 
3.8	Genotoxicity	No
3.9	Other	None
		4 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION
4.1	Materials and methods	

**Section 6.6.4(1)
Genotoxicity in vivo**

Annex Point IIA6.6.4

In vivo chromosomal aberration test in mice

IUCLID 5.6/1

4.2	Results and discussion	[REDACTED]	
4.3	Conclusion	From the above data, it is concluded that Sumithrin® has no clastogenic effect under the test conditions.	
4.3.1	Reliability	[REDACTED]	
4.3.2	Deficiencies	[REDACTED]	

Evaluation by Competent Authorities	
Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted	
	EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE
Date	1/03/2007
Materials and Methods	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
Reliability	[REDACTED]
Acceptability	[REDACTED]
Remarks	[REDACTED]
COMMENTS FROM ...	

Section 6.6.4(1)
Genotoxicity in vivo**Annex Point IIA6.6.4****In vivo chromosomal aberration test in mice****IUCLID 5.6/1**

Date	<i>Give date of comments submitted</i>
Materials and Methods	<i>Discuss additional relevant discrepancies referring to the (sub)heading numbers and to applicant's summary and conclusion. Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Results and discussion	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Conclusion	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Reliability	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Acceptability	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Remarks	

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

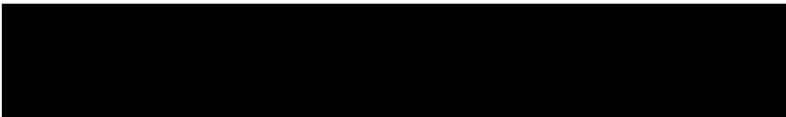




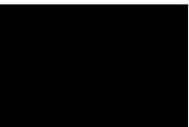
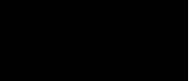
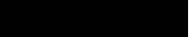



[REDACTED]

Section 6.6.4(2)
Genotoxicity in vivo
Section

Annex Point IIA6.6.4/2

IUCLID 5.6/2

Host mediated assay in mice

		Official I use only
	27	REFERENCE
1.1	Reference	
1.2	Data protection	Yes
1.2.1	Data owner	Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.
1.2.2	Companies with letter of access	Sumitomo Chemical (UK) PLC.
1.2.3	Criteria for data protection	Data submitted to the MS after 13 May 2000 on existing a.s. for the purpose of its entry into Annex I.
	2	GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE
2.1	Guideline study	No OECD or EC guideline available for this assay. The experiment was performed according to the following method: M. S. Legator and H. V. Mailing; Chemical Mutagen, vol 2, pp 569-589 Prenum Press (1971).
2.2	GLP	
2.3	Deviations	
	3	MATERIALS AND METHODS
3.1	Test material	Sumithrin [®] , equivalent to d-Phenothrin.
3.1.1	Lot/Batch number	
3.1.2	Specification	
3.1.2.1	Description	
3.1.2.2	Purity	
3.1.2.3	Stability	
3.1.2.4	Maximum tolerable dose	The report indicates that the (oral) LD ₅₀ of Sumithrin [®] exceeds 10,000 mg/kg bw.
3.2	Test Animals	Non-entry field
3.2.1	Species	Mouse
3.2.2	Strain	
3.2.3	Source	
3.2.4	Sex	

Section 6.6.4(2)
Genotoxicity in vivo
Section

Annex Point IIA6.6.4/2

IUCLID 5.6/2

Host mediated assay in mice

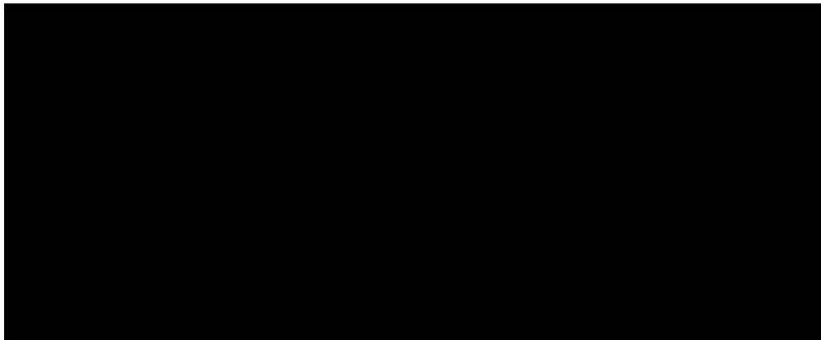



3.2.5	Age/weight at study initiation	██████████
3.2.6	Number of animals per group	████
3.2.7	Control animals	Yes, negative and positive.
3.3	Administration/ Exposure	Oral
3.3.1	Number of applications	2
3.3.2	Interval between applications	24 h
3.3.3	Postexposure period	3 h
3.3.4	Type	Oral Gavage
3.3.5	Concentration	2500, 5000 mg/kg bw
3.3.6	Vehicle	Corn oil
3.3.7	Concentration in vehicle	Not specified.
3.3.8	Total volume applied	Not specified.
3.3.9	Controls	Negative control (vehicle only) Positive control (dimethylnitrosamine)
3.4	Examinations	
3.4.1	Clinical signs	Not described.
3.4.2	Tissue	Indicator bacteria: histidine requiring <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> G46 (his ⁻), Host animals: ICR Mice. Number of animals: 6 animals/group Number of cells: 3 x 10 ⁹ bacterial cells inoculated. Time points: Indicator organisms recovered after 3 h, colonies were counted after 1-2 day incubation. Type of cells: <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> G46 (his ⁻) inoculated into the peritoneum of each animal (immediately following exposure to the test compound). Parameters: Revertants and survivals of recovered cells from each mouse were counted.
3.5	Further remarks	None

Section 6.6.4(2)
Genotoxicity in vivo
Section

Annex Point IIA6.6.4/2

IUCLID 5.6/2

Host mediated assay in mice

		28	RESULTS AND DISCUSSION
3.6	Clinical signs		No data presented.
3.7	Haematology / Tissue examination		
3.8	Genotoxicity		No
3.9	Other		None
4.1	Materials and methods		
4.2	Results and discussion		There was no increase in mutation frequency of Sumithrin [®] -treated groups as compared with the vehicle control group. It was concluded that Sumithrin [®] was not mutagenic under the test conditions.
4.3	Conclusion		Sumithrin [®] was not mutagenic in the host mediated assay in mice.
4.3.1	Reliability		
4.3.2	Deficiencies		

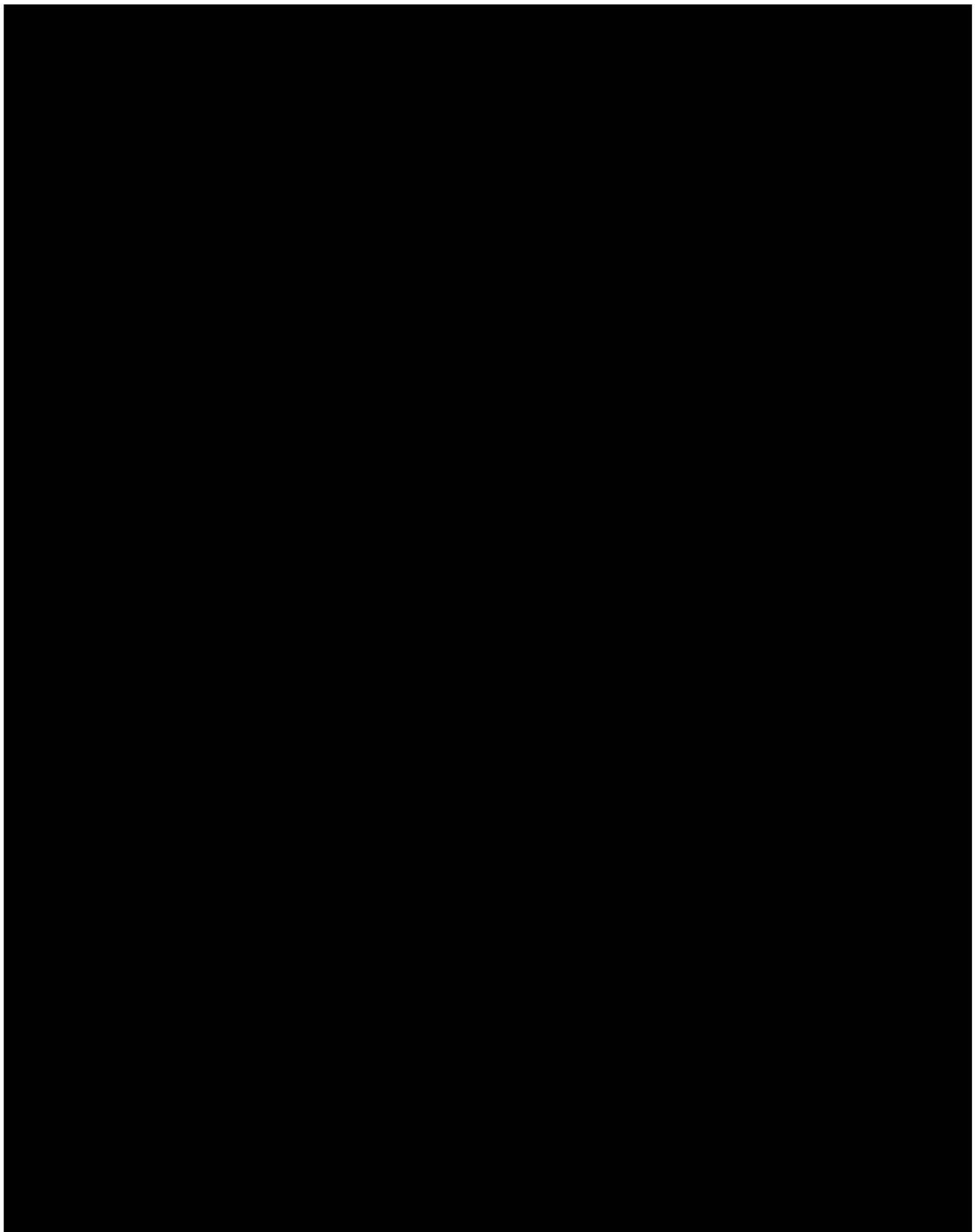
Section 6.6.4(2)
Genotoxicity in vivo
Section

Annex Point IIA6.6.4/2

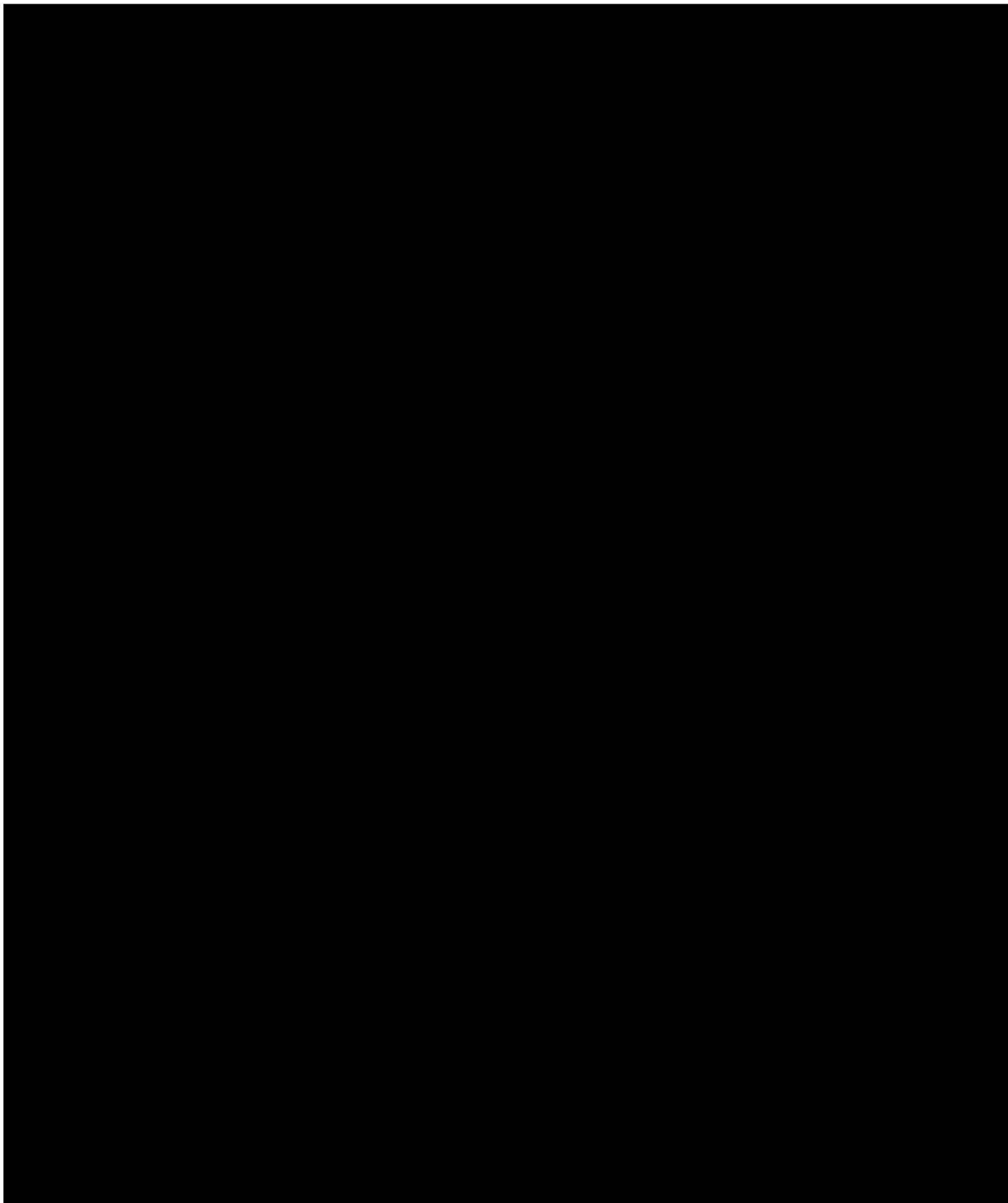
IUCLID 5.6/2

Host mediated assay in mice

Evaluation by Competent Authorities	
Use separate "evaluation boxes" to provide transparency as to the comments and views submitted	
EVALUATION BY RAPPORTEUR MEMBER STATE	
Date	[REDACTED]
Materials and Methods	[REDACTED]
Results and discussion	[REDACTED]
Conclusion	[REDACTED]
Reliability	[REDACTED]
Acceptability	[REDACTED]
Remarks	[REDACTED]
COMMENTS FROM ...	
Date	<i>Give date of comments submitted</i>
Materials and Methods	<i>Discuss additional relevant discrepancies referring to the (sub)heading numbers and to applicant's summary and conclusion. Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Results and discussion	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Conclusion	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Reliability	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Acceptability	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Remarks	



* P<0.005

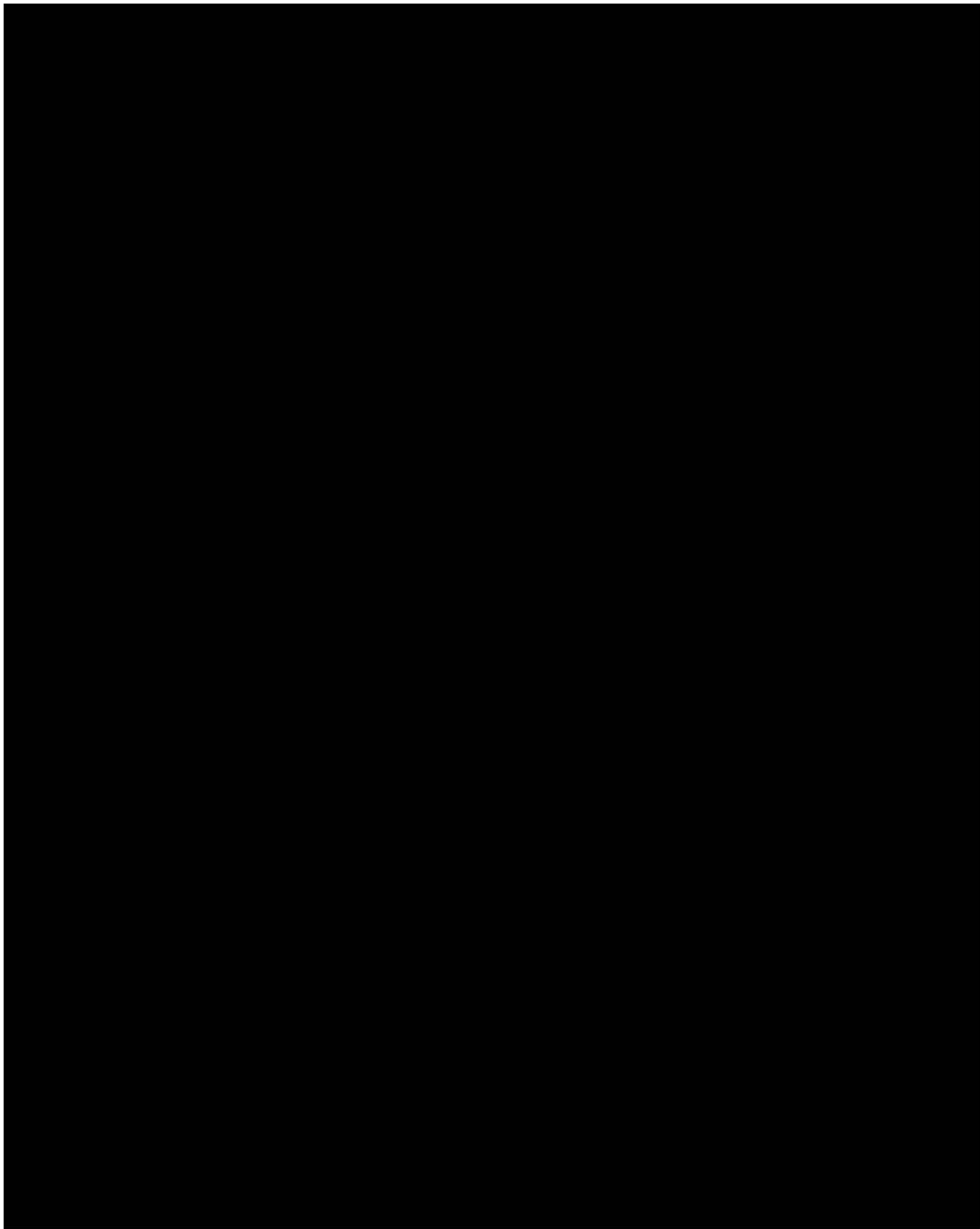


Section 6.6.5. Justification

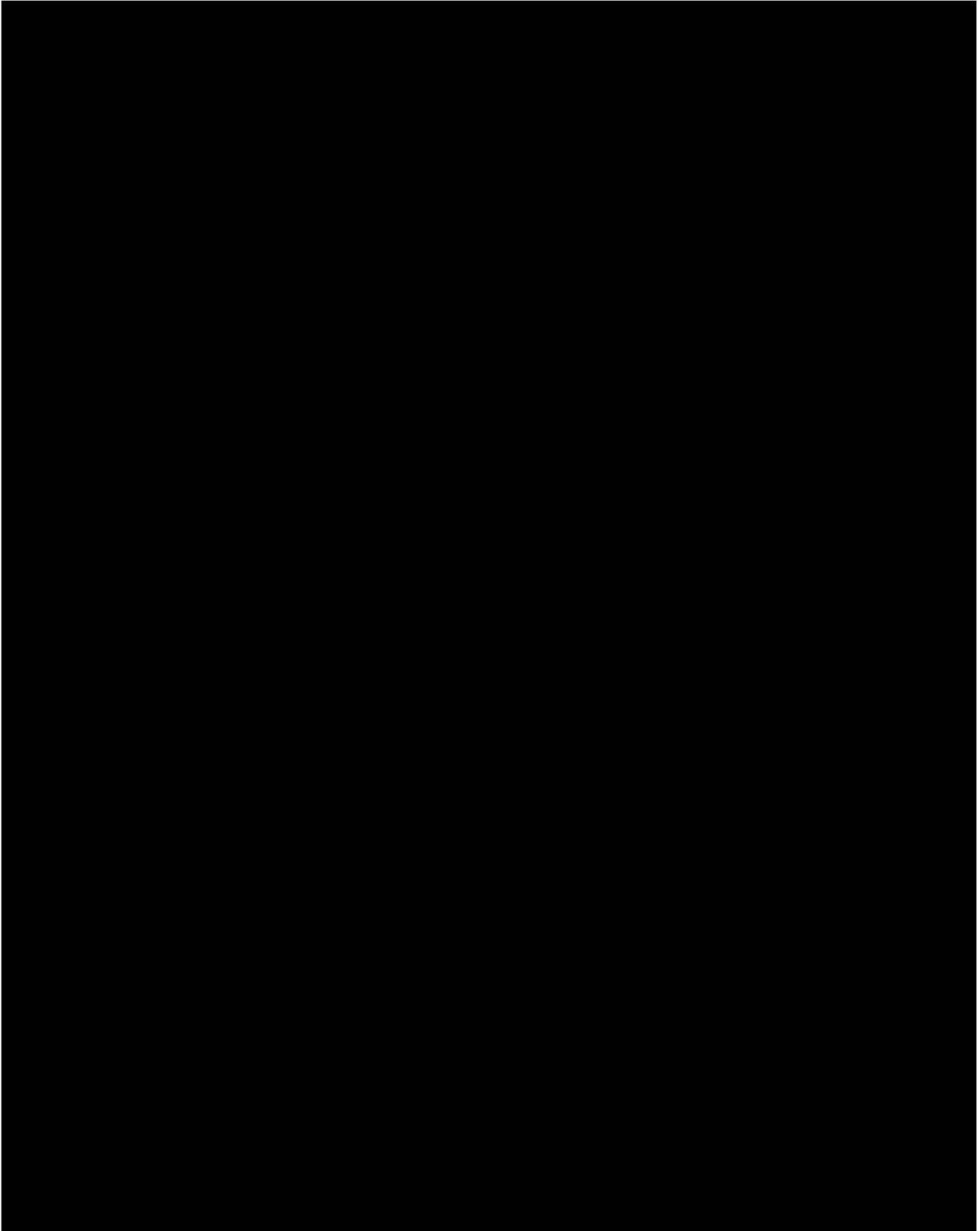
VI.6.VI.6.5 Annex Point



Remarks



Section IIIA 6.6.6.**Justification****Annex Point IIA,
VI.6.VI.6.6****If positive in 6.6.4 then a test to assess possible germ cell effects may
be required****Remarks**



Section IIIA 6.6.7**Justification**

If the results are negative for the three tests 6.6.1, 6.6.2 and 6.6.3, then further testing is normally only required if metabolites of concern are formed in mammals

Remarks

Section 6.7(1)
Carcinogenicity -Rat
Annex Point IIA6.7
IUCLID 5.7/1

2 year dietary combined toxicity/ carcinogenicity study in rats

		29	REFERENCE	Official use only
1.1	Reference	[REDACTED]		
1.2	Data protection	Yes		
1.2.1	Data owner	Sumitomo Chemicals Co., Ltd.		
1.2.2	Companies with letter of access	Sumitomo Chemical (UK) PLC.		
1.2.3	Criteria for data protection	Data submitted to the MS after 13 May 2000 on existing a.s. for the purpose of its entry into Annex I.		
		2	GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE	
2.1	Guideline study	[REDACTED] OECD		
		Test Guideline 453 (adopted 12 May 1981).		
2.2	GLP	[REDACTED]		x
2.3	Deviations	[REDACTED]		
		3	MATERIALS AND METHODS	
3.1	Test material	[REDACTED] d-Phenothrin).		
3.1.1	Lot/Batch number	[REDACTED]		
3.1.2	Specification	[REDACTED]		

**Section 6.7(1)
Carcinogenicity -Rat**

2 year dietary combined toxicity/ carcinogenicity study in rats

Annex Point IIA6.7

IUCLID 5.7/1

3.1.2.1 Description

3.1.2.2 Purity

3.1.2.3 Stability

3.2 Test Animals

Non-entry field

3.2.1 Species

Rat

3.2.2 Strain

3.2.3 Source

3.2.4 Sex

3.2.5 Age/weight at study initiation

3.2.6 Number of animals per group

s:

Group	Dose Level (ppm)
Replicate A	
1	0
2	300
3	1000
4	3000
Replicate B	
1	0
2	300
3	1000
4	3000

Section 6.7(1)
Carcinogenicity -Rat

2 year dietary combined toxicity/ carcinogenicity study in rats

Annex Point IIA6.7

IUCLID 5.7/1

3.2.6.1	at interim sacrifice	[REDACTED]
3.2.6.2	at terminal sacrifice	[REDACTED]
3.2.7	Control animals	Yes. See point 3.2.6.
3.3	Administration/ Exposure	Oral
3.3.1	Duration of treatment	52 or 105 weeks (males)/ 118 weeks (females). Treatment of females was prolonged due to high survival (at least 64-96% at week 104).
3.3.2	Interim sacrifice(s)	After 52 weeks.
3.3.3	Final sacrifice	After 105/118 weeks.
3.3.4	Frequency of exposure	Daily
3.3.5	Postexposure period	None
3.3.6	Type	Oral Via the diet. [REDACTED]
3.3.7	Concentration	[REDACTED]

Achieved dosage in mg/kg bw/day are presented in the report (Table 6)

Dose ppm	Group mean achieved dosage (mg/kg bw/day)	Range of values (mg/kg bw/day)
<i>Males</i>		
[REDACTED]	14.2	37 - 11
[REDACTED]	47.5	115 - 35
[REDACTED]	142.7	342 - 113
<i>Females</i>		
[REDACTED] 0	16.7	35.5 - 13.4
[REDACTED]	54.4	118 - 42.5
[REDACTED]	169.2	342 - 1 25

for each group and each interval (see point 3.4.2). Overall achieved concentrations are not presented in the study report.

Text Table inserted by RMS

Accuracy, homogeneity and stability

The accuracy, homogeneity and stability of diet preparations was assessed and found to be acceptable.

3.3.8	Vehicle	None. Test material mixed directly in the diet.
3.3.9	Concentration in vehicle	See 3.3.7 for concentrations of test material in the diet.
3.3.10	Total volume	Not applicable.

Section 6.7(1)
Carcinogenicity -Rat**2 year dietary combined toxicity/ carcinogenicity study in rats****Annex Point IIA6.7****IUCLID 5.7/1**

	applied	
3.3.11	Controls	Plain diet.
3.4	Examinations	
3.4.1	Body weight	
3.4.2	Food consumption	
3.4.3	Water consumption	
3.4.4	Clinical signs	
3.4.5	Macroscopic investigation	See point 3.4.10.
3.4.6	Ophthalmoscopic examination	
3.4.7	Haematology	

Section 6.7(1)
Carcinogenicity -Rat

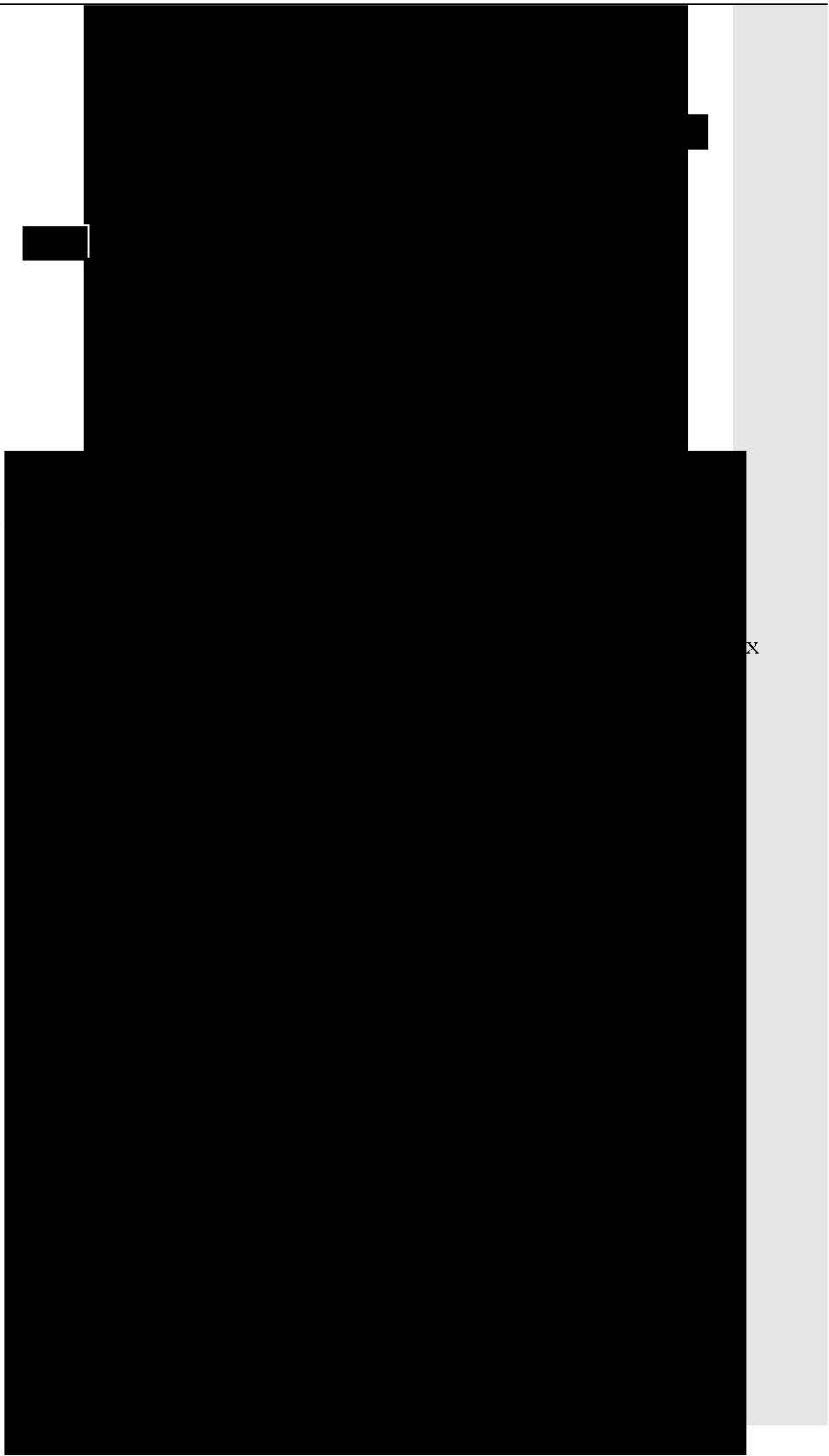
2 year dietary combined toxicity/ carcinogenicity study in rats

Annex Point II A6.7

IUCLID 5.7/1

3.4.8 Clinical Chemistry

3.4.9 Urinalysis



Section 6.7(1)
Carcinogenicity -Rat
Annex Point IIA6.7
IUCLID 5.7/1

2 year dietary combined toxicity/ carcinogenicity study in rats

3.4.10 Pathology

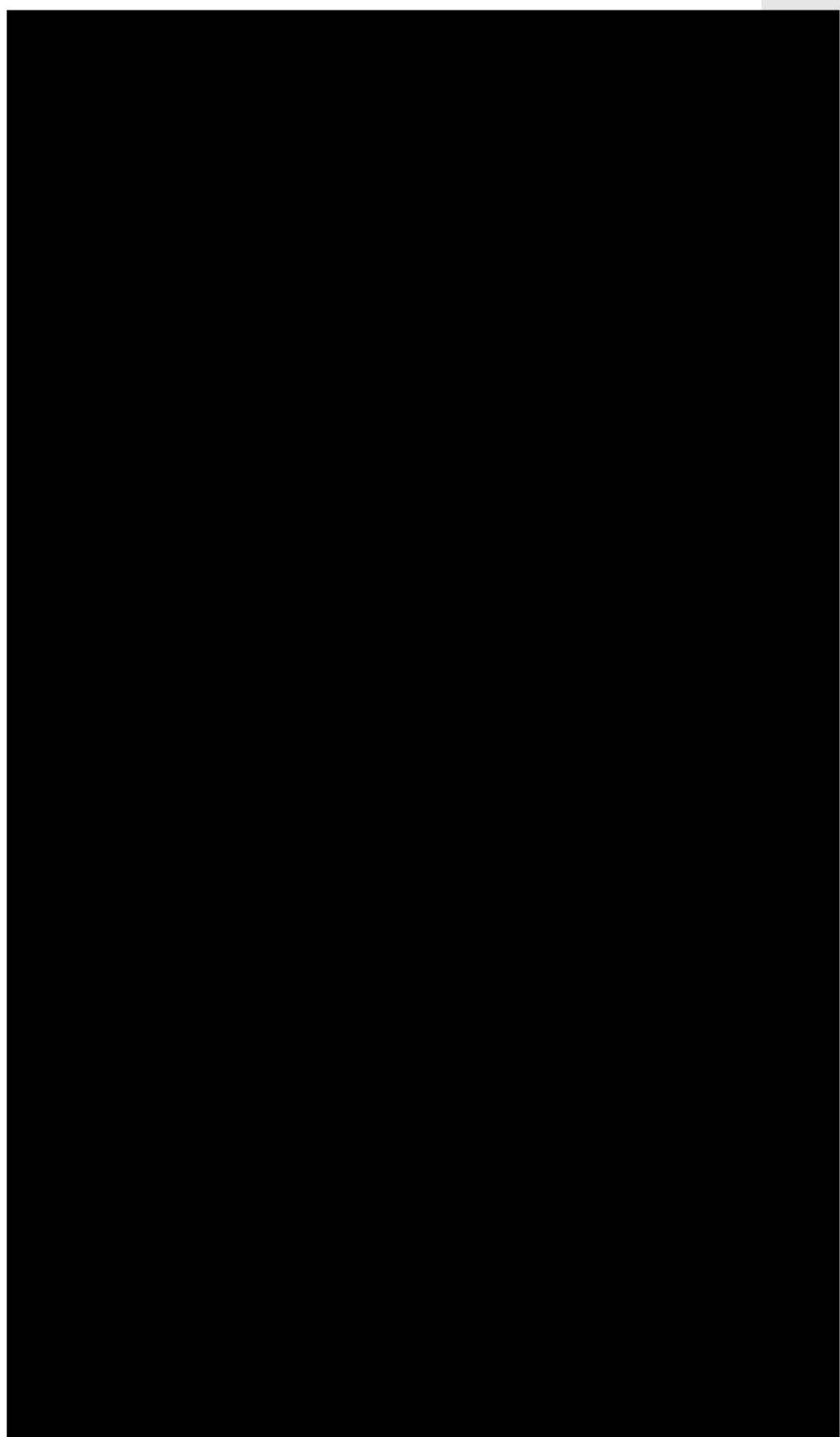
3.4.10.1 Organ Weights

3.4.11 Histopathology

3.4.12 Other
examinations

3.5 Statistics

3.6 Further remarks



Section 6.7(1)
Carcinogenicity -Rat
Annex Point IIA6.7
IUCLID 5.7/1

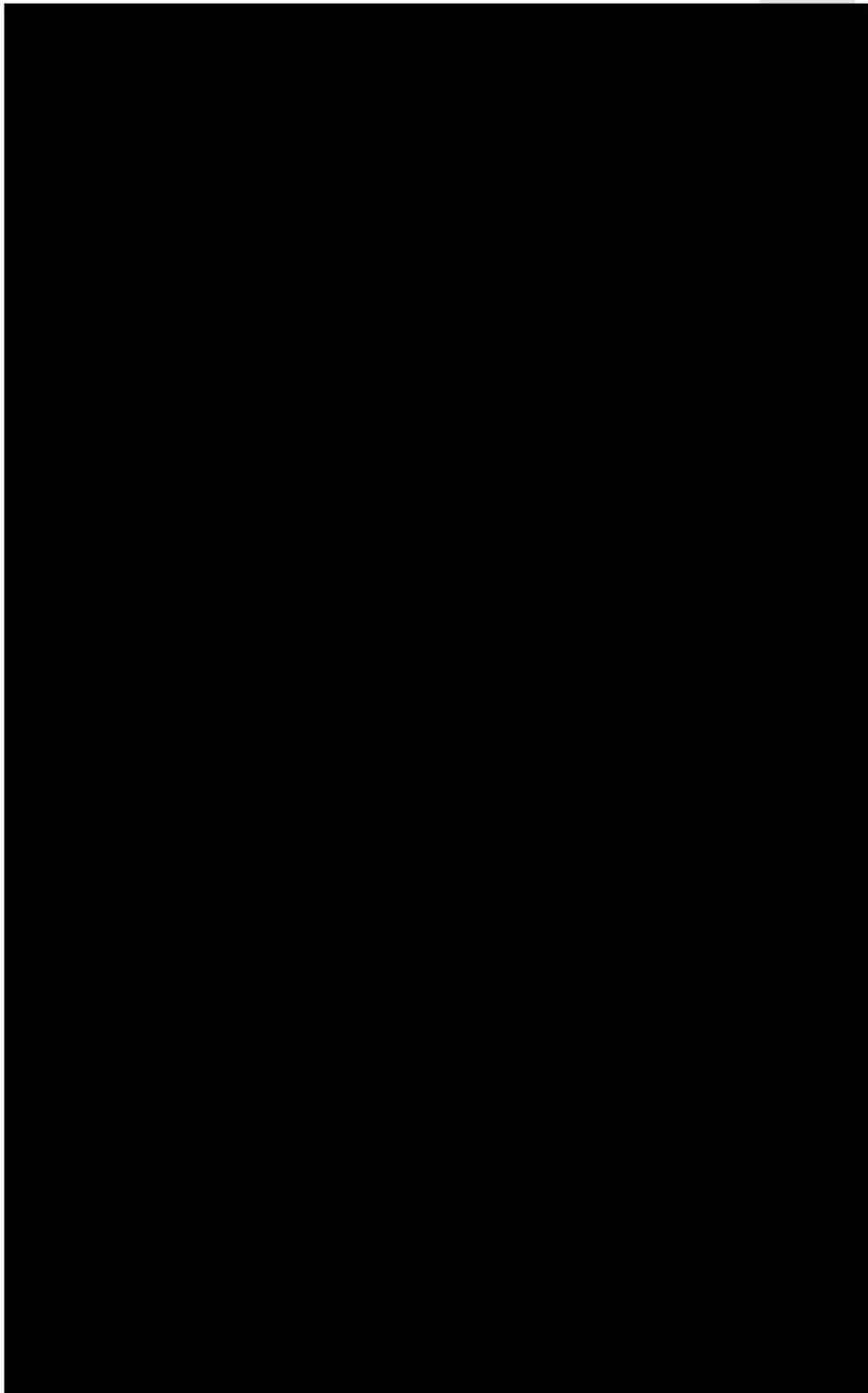
2 year dietary combined toxicity/ carcinogenicity study in rats

4.1 Body weight

4.2 Food consumption

4.3 Water consumption

4.4 Clinical signs



**Section 6.7(1)
Carcinogenicity -Rat**

2 year dietary combined toxicity/ carcinogenicity study in rats

Annex Point IIA6.7

IUCLID 5.7/1

**4.5 Macroscopic
 investigations**

**4.6 Ophthalmoscopy
 examination**

4.7 Haematology

**4.8 Clinical
 Chemistry**

4.9 Urinalysis

4.10 Pathology



Section 6.7(1)
Carcinogenicity -Rat

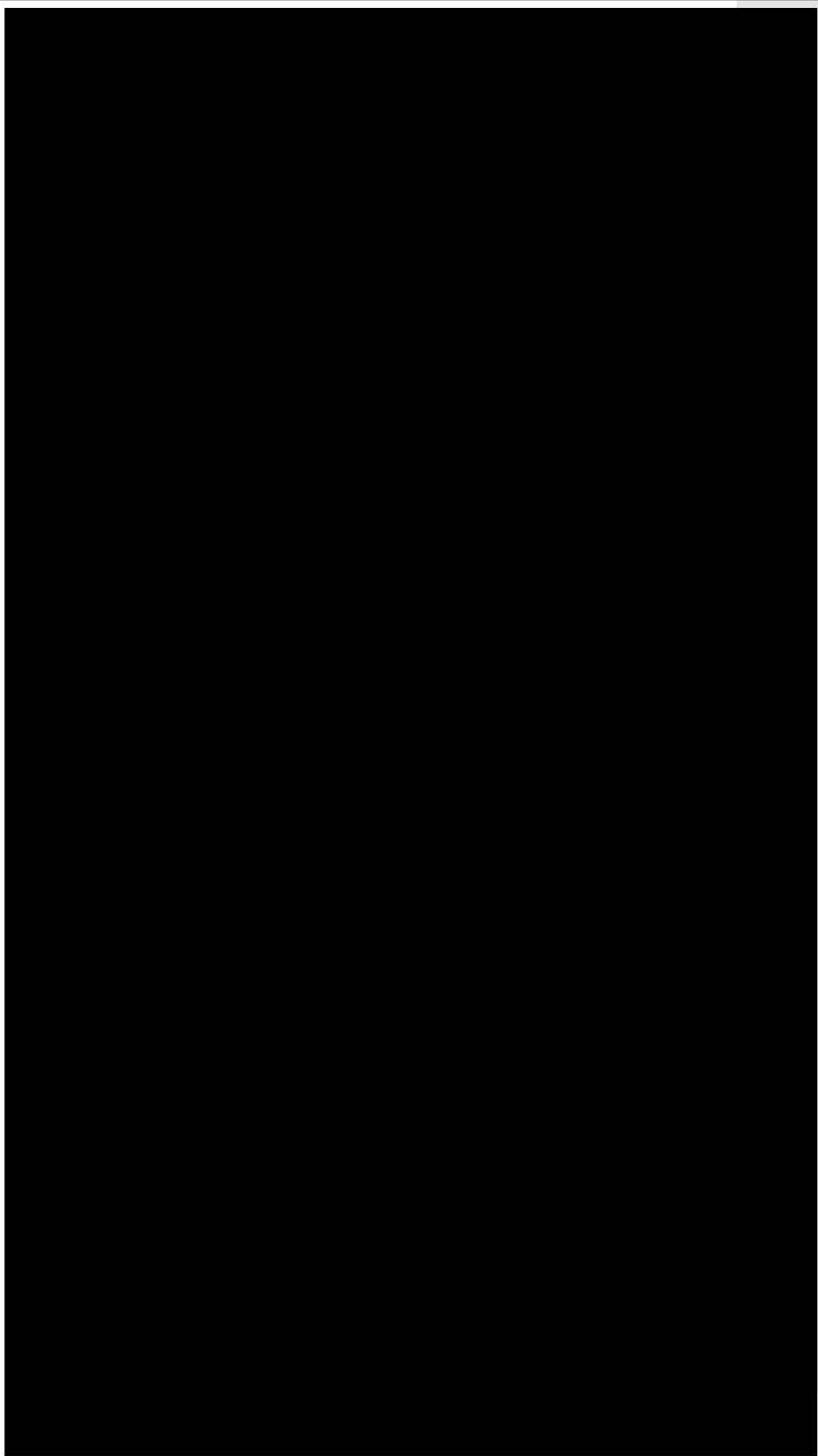
2 year dietary combined toxicity/ carcinogenicity study in rats

Annex Point II A6.7

IUCLID 5.7/1

29.1 Organ Weights

29.2 Histopathology

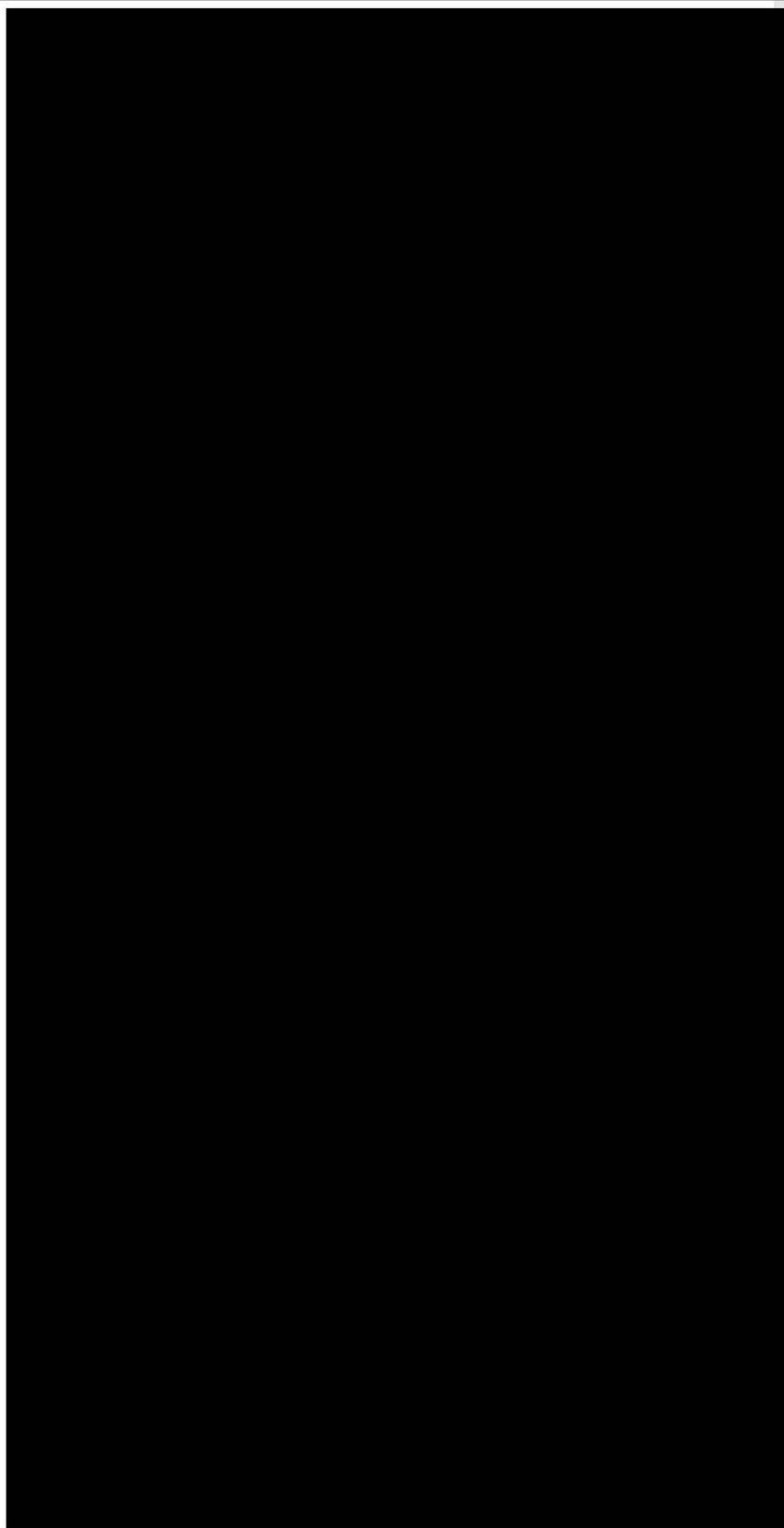


Section 6.7(1)
Carcinogenicity -Rat

2 year dietary combined toxicity/ carcinogenicity study in rats

Annex Point II A6.7

IUCLID 5.7/1



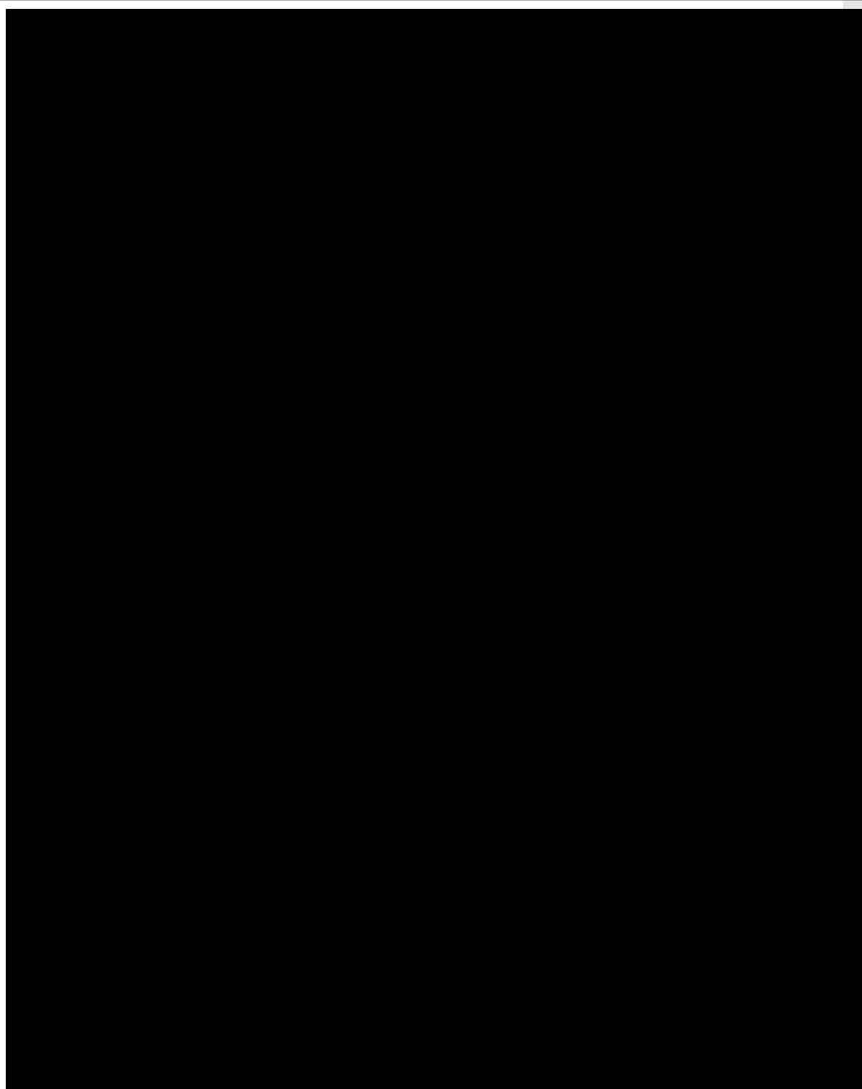
Section 6.7(1)
Carcinogenicity -Rat

2 year dietary combined toxicity/ carcinogenicity study in rats

Annex Point II A6.7

IUCLID 5.7/1

- 4.11 Other examinations
- 4.12 Time to tumou
- 4.13 Other



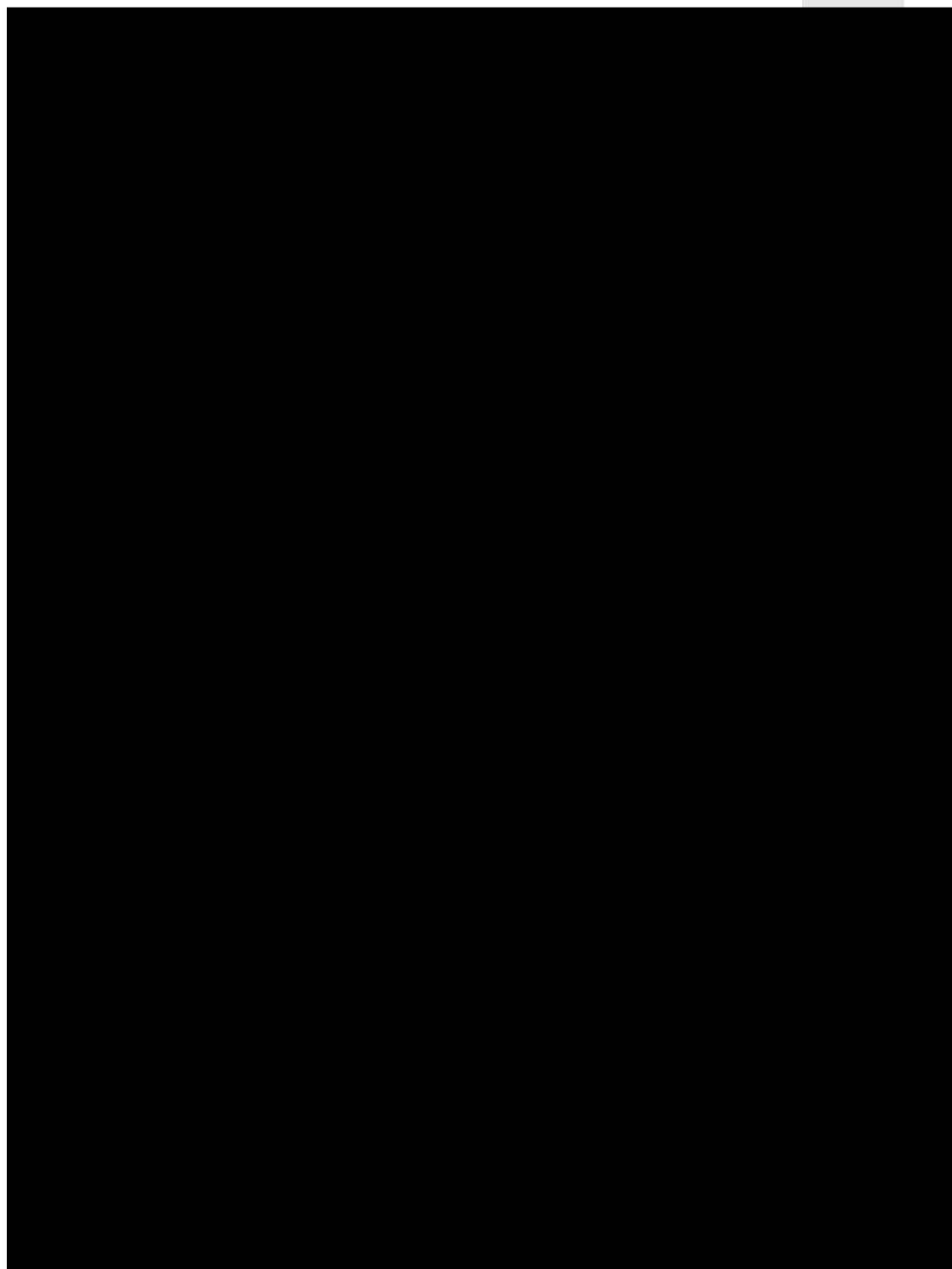
Section 6.7(1)
Carcinogenicity -Rat
Annex Point IIA6.7
IUCLID 5.7/1

2 year dietary combined toxicity/ carcinogenicity study in rats

5.1 Materials and methods

5.2 Results and discussion

5.3 Conclusion

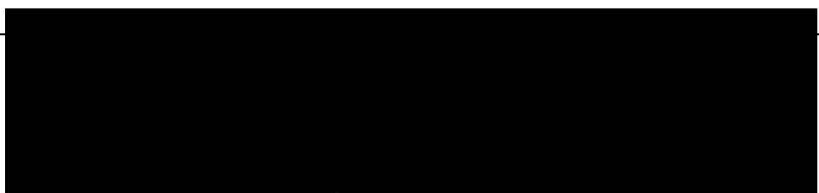


Section 6.7(1)
Carcinogenicity -Rat

2 year dietary combined toxicity/ carcinogenicity study in rats

Annex Point II A6.7

IUCLID 5.7/1



The no-effect-level was [redacted] for both sexes, the overall achieved dosages, for rats receiving [redacted] were 47 mg/kg/day for males and 56 mg/kg/day for females (animals assigned to the Lifespan Study).

5.3.1 Reliability



5.3.2 Deficiencies



Section 6.7(1)
Carcinogenicity -Rat
Annex Point IIA6.7
IUCLID 5.7/1

2 year dietary combined toxicity/ carcinogenicity study in rats

Date

Materials and Methods

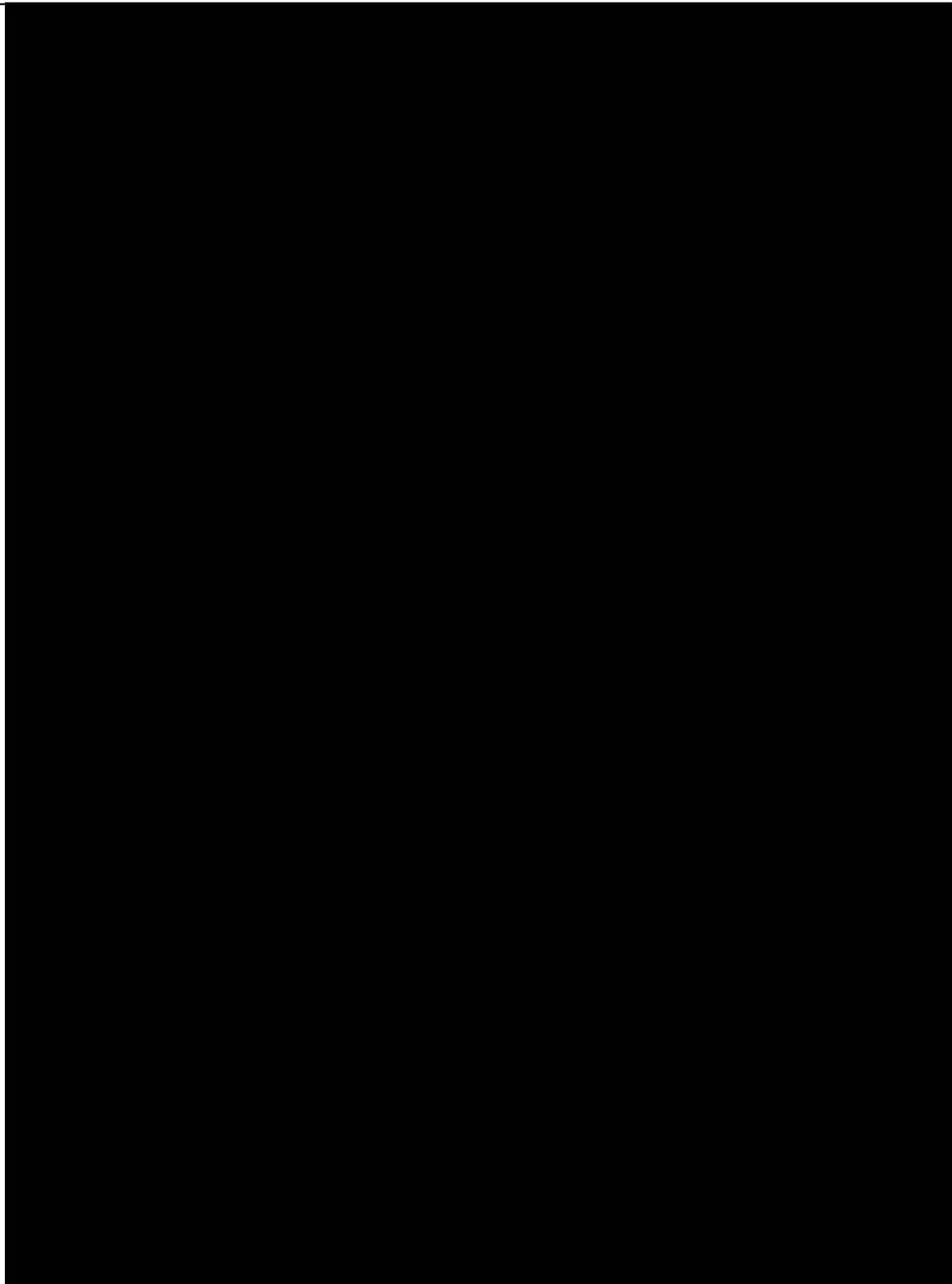
Results and discussion

Conclusion

Reliability

Acceptability

Remarks



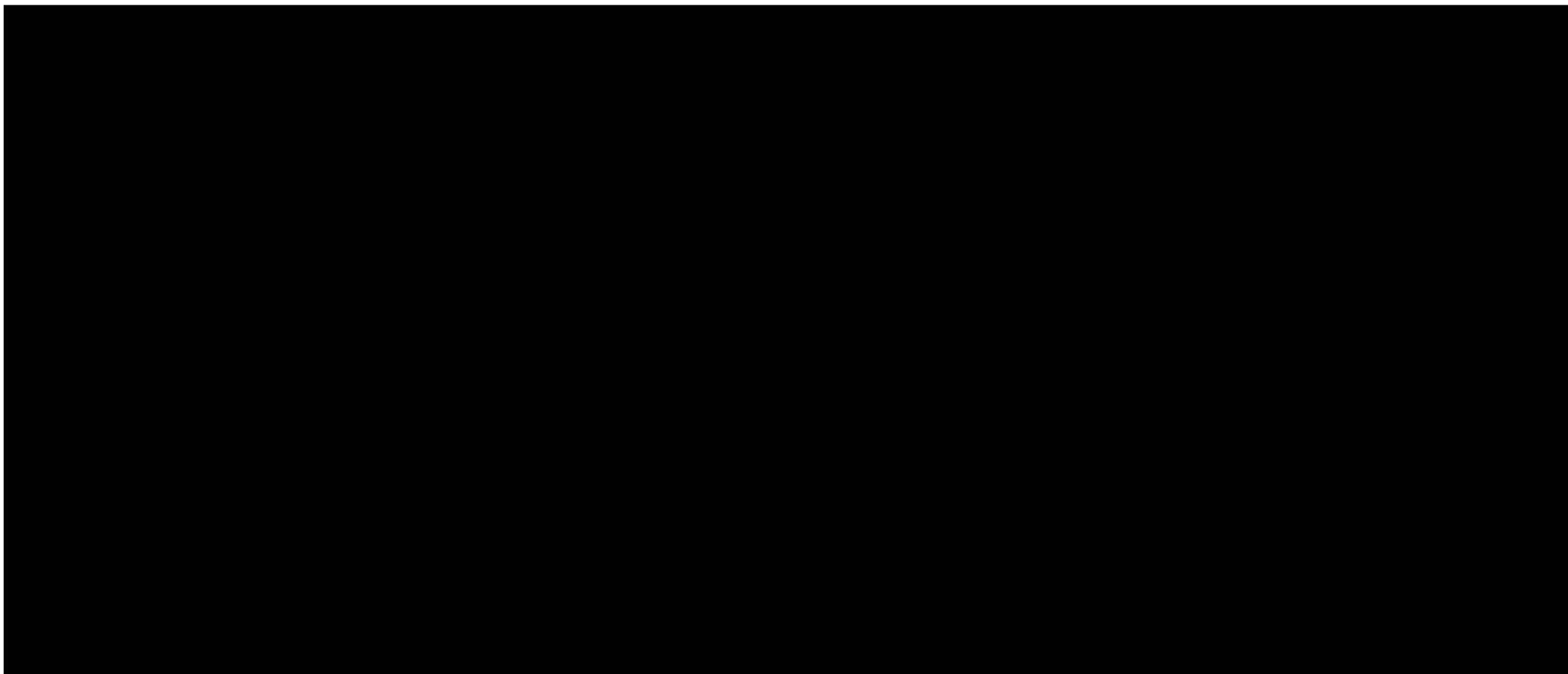
Section 6.7(1)
Carcinogenicity -Rat

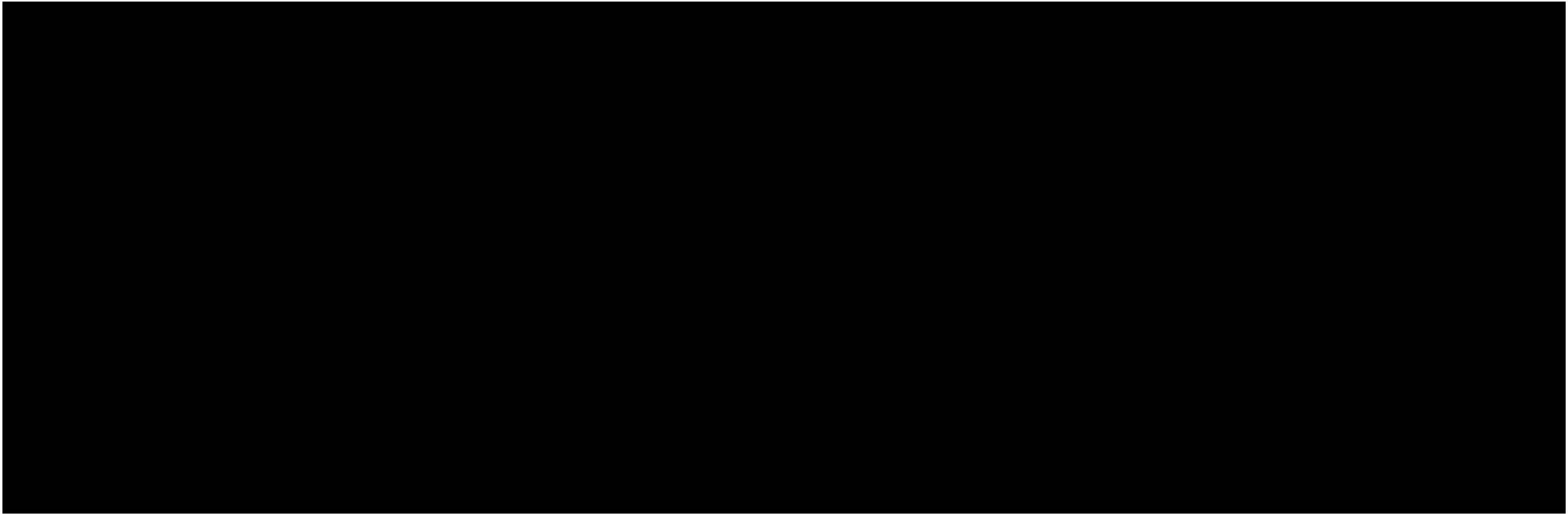
2 year dietary combined toxicity/ carcinogenicity study in rats

Annex Point IIA6.7

IUCLID 5.7/1

	COMMENTS FROM ...
Date	<i>Give date of comments submitted</i>
Materials and Methods	<i>Discuss additional relevant discrepancies referring to the (sub)heading numbers and to applicant's summary and conclusion. Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Results and discussion	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Conclusion	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Reliability	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Acceptability	<i>Discuss if deviating from view of rapporteur member state</i>
Remarks	





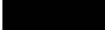

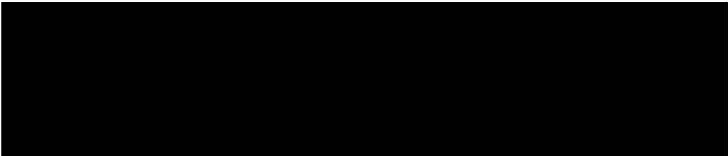
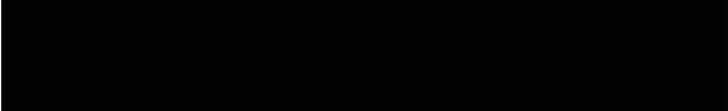


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2 year dietary combined toxicity/ carcinogenicity study in mice

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	30	REFERENCE	
1.1	Reference		
1.2	Data protection	Yes	
1.2.1	Data owner	Sumitomo Chemicals Co., Ltd.	
1.2.2	Companies with letter of access	Sumitomo Chemical (UK) PLC.	
1.2.3	Criteria for data protection	Data submitted to the MS after 13 May 2000 on existing a.s. for the purpose of its entry into Annex I.	
		2	GUIDELINES AND QUALITY ASSURANCE
2.1	Guideline study	No claims of guideline compliance are made in the study report. However, this study appears to comply with the requirements of OECD Test Guideline 453 (adopted 12 May 1981).	
2.2	GLP		
2.3	Deviations		
		3	MATERIALS AND METHODS
3.1	Test material	 d-Phenothrin).	
3.1.1	Lot/Batch number		
3.1.2	Specification		

Official use only

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Carcinogenicity -Mice**Annex Point IIA6.7****2 year dietary combined toxicity/ carcinogenicity study in mice****IUCLID 5.7/2**

3.1.2.1 Description

3.1.2.2 Purity

3.1.2.3 Stability

3.2 Test Animals

3.2.1 Species

Mouse

3.2.2 Strain

3.2.3 Source

3.2.4 Sex

3.2.5 Age/weight at
study initiation3.2.6 Number of animal
per group

3.2.6.1 at interim sacrifice

3.2.6.2 at terminal
sacrifice

3.2.7 Control animals

Yes. See point 3.2.6.



**3.3 Administration/
Exposure**

Oral

3.3.1 Duration of
treatment

26, 53 or 78 weeks (Toxicity Study); 104 weeks (Lifetime Study).

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Carcinogenicity -Mice****Annex Point II A6.7****2 year dietary combined toxicity/ carcinogenicity study in mice****IUCLID 5.7/2**

3.3.2	Interim sacrifice(s)	After 26, 52, 78 weeks (Toxicity Study).
3.3.3	Final sacrifice	After 104 weeks (Lifespan Study).
3.3.4	Frequency of exposure	Daily
3.3.5	Post exposure period	None
3.3.6	Type	Oral Via the diet.
3.3.7	Concentration	 Achieved dosage in mg/kg bw/day are presented in the report (Table 6) for each group and each interval (see point 3.4.2). Overall achieved concentrations are not presented in the study report.
3.3.8	Vehicle	
3.3.9	Concentration in vehicle	See 3.3.7 for concentrations of test material in the diet.
3.3.10	Total volume applied	Not applicable.
3.3.11	Controls	Plain diet.

x

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3.4 Examinations

3.4.1 Body weight

3.4.2 Food consumption

3.4.3 Water
consumption

3.4.4 Clinical signs

3.4.5 Macroscopic
investigation

3.4.6 Ophthalmoscopic
examination

3.4.7 Haematology

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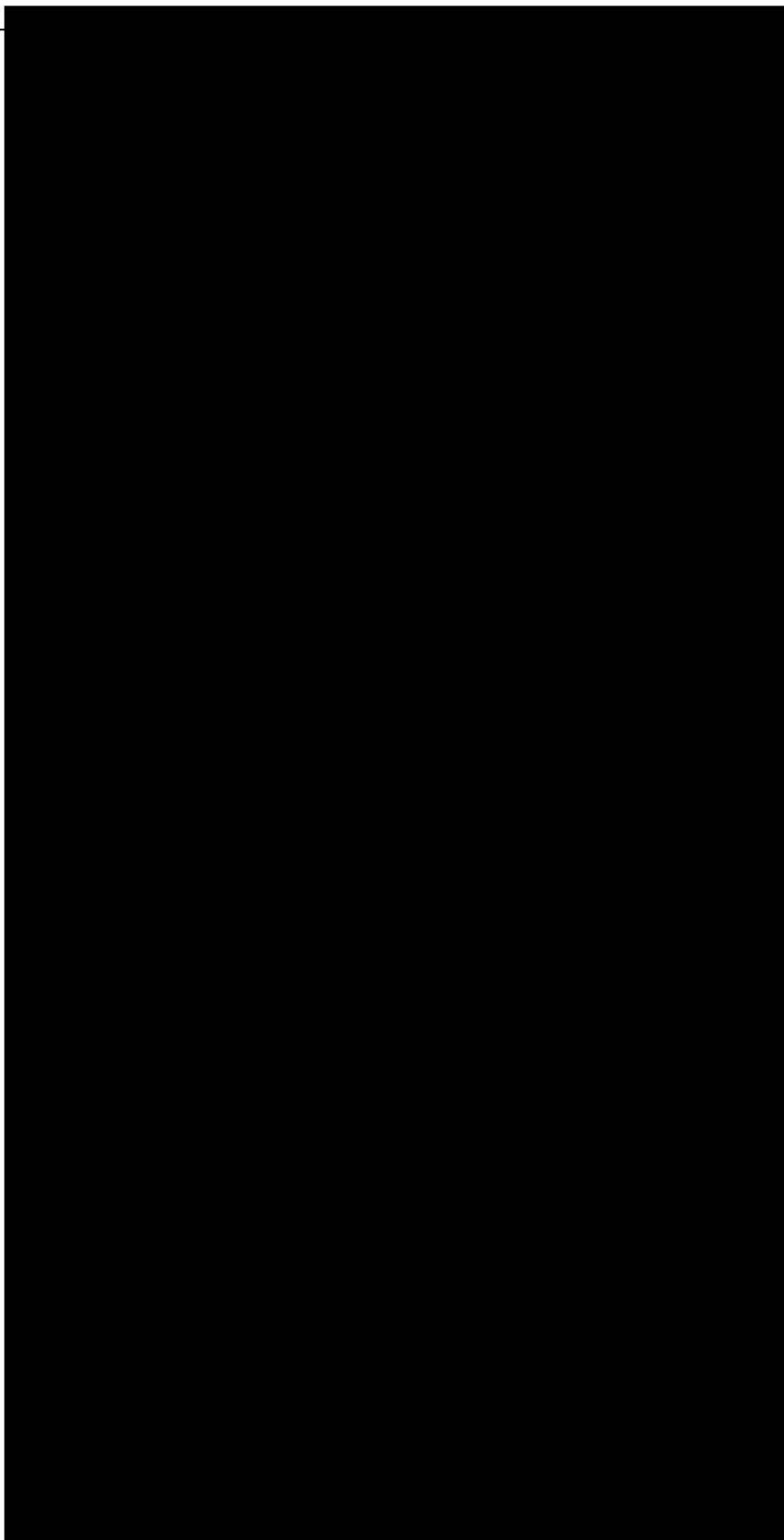
3.4.8 Clinical Chemistry

3.4.9 Urinalysis

3.4.10 Pathology

3.4.10.1 Organ Weights

3.4.11 Histopathology



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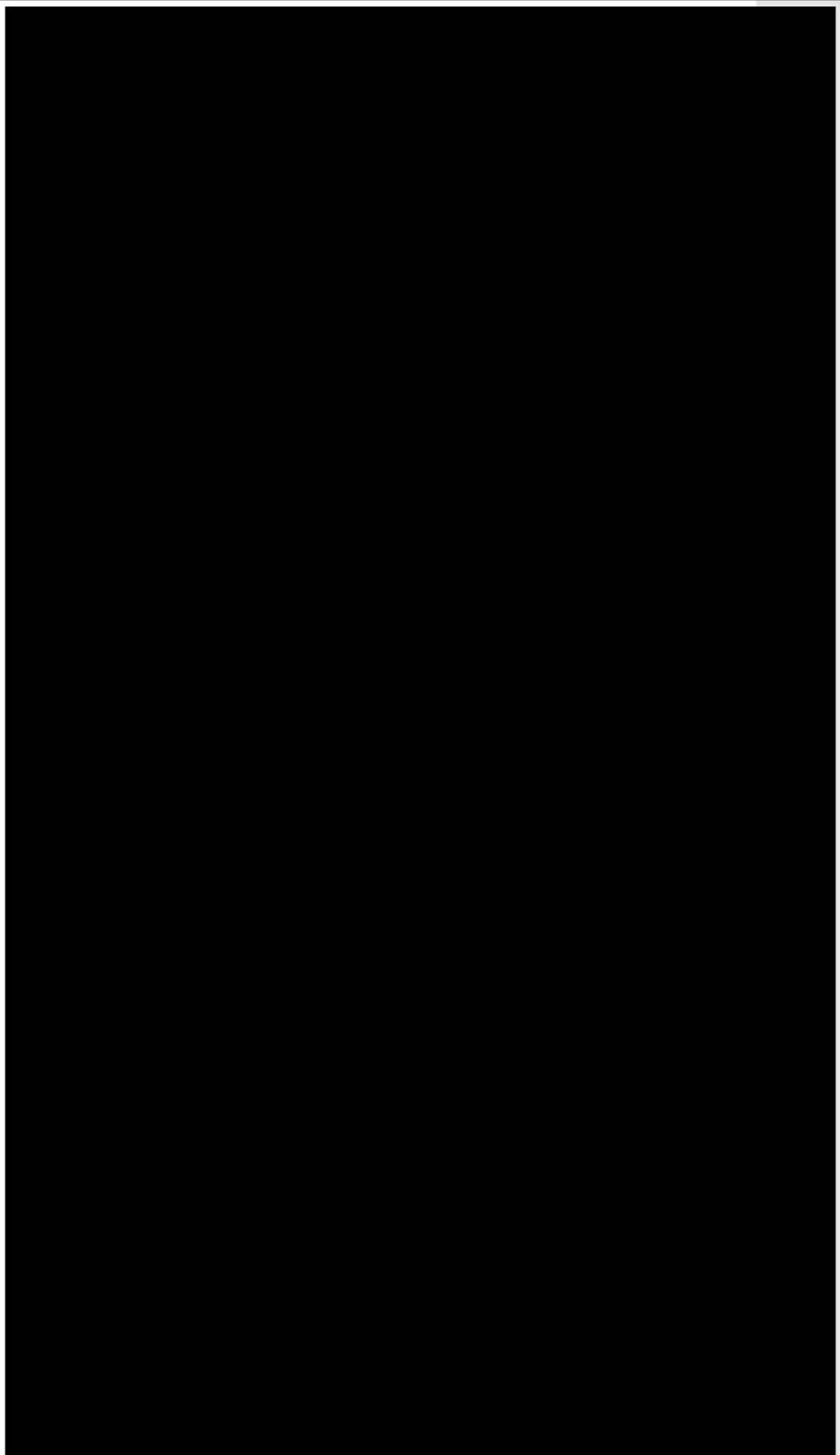
3.4.12 Other examinations

3.5 Statistics

3.6 Further remarks

4.1 Body weight

4.2 Food consumption



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4.3 Water consumption

4.4 Clinical signs

4.5 Macroscopic investigations

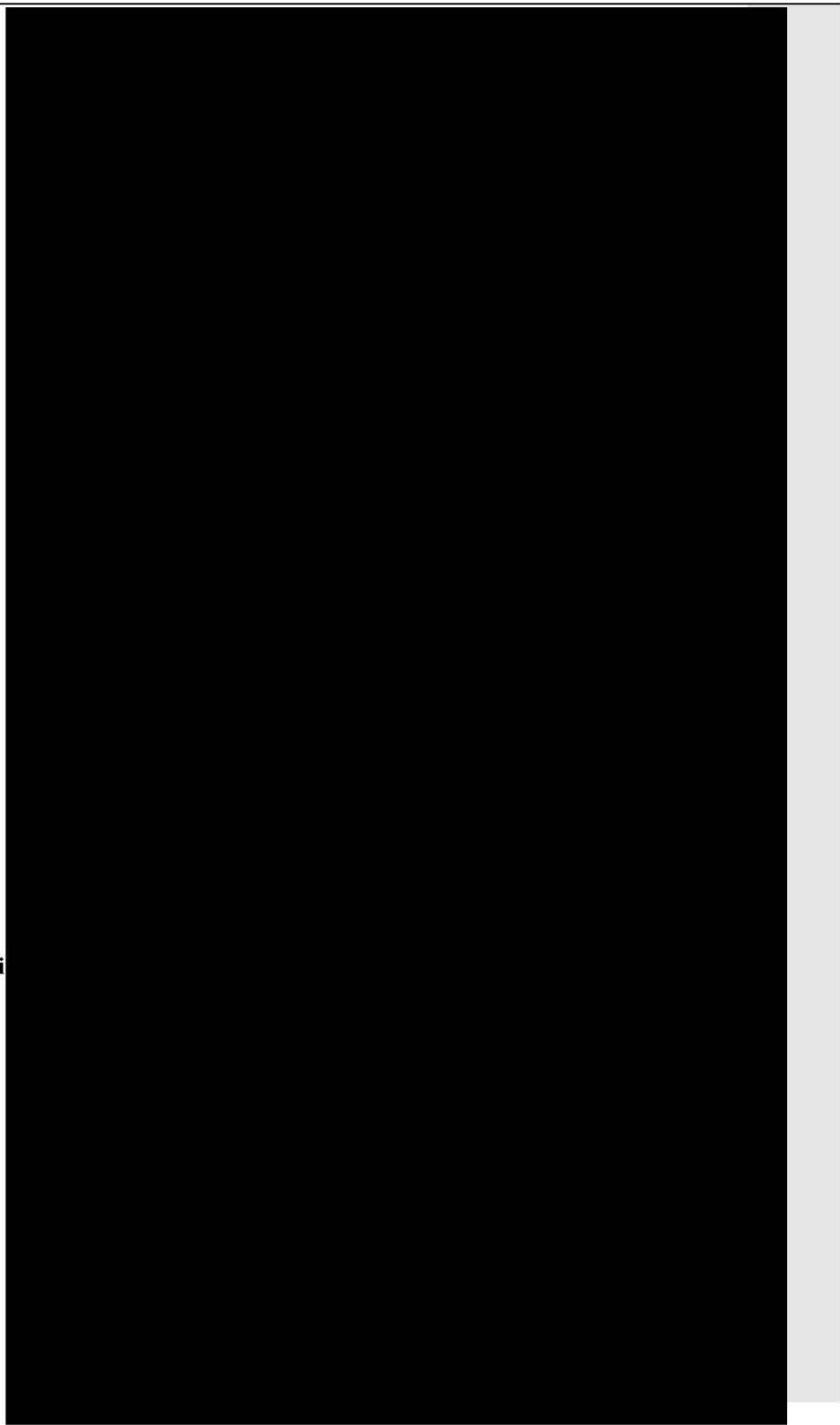
4.6 Ophthalmoscopic examination

4.7 Haematology

4.8 Clinical Chemistry

4.9 Urinalysis

4.10 Pathology



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Carcinogenicity -Mice

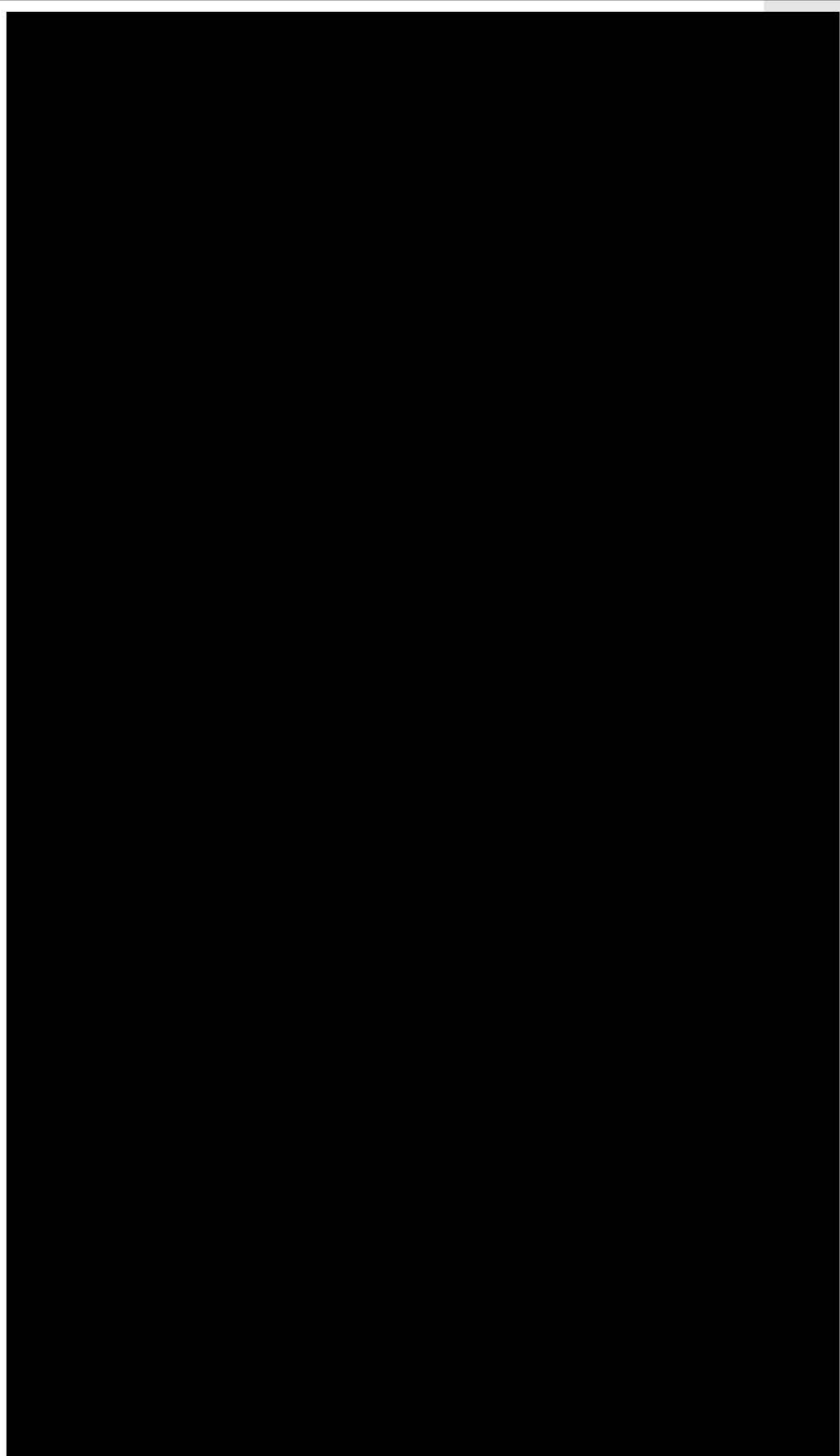
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30.1 Organ Weights

30.2 Histopathology



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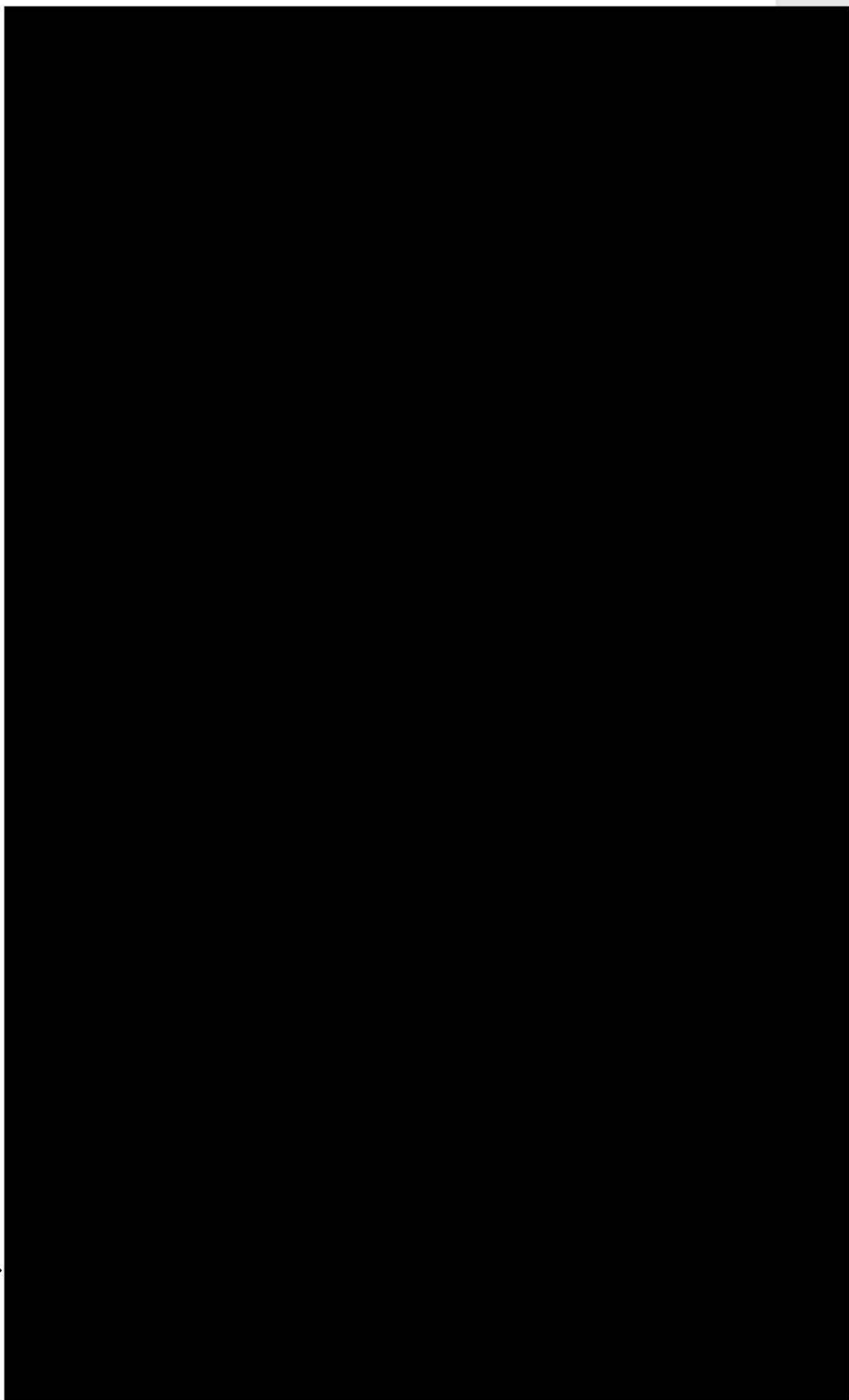


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4.11 Other examinations

4.12 Time to tumour

4.13 Other

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Carcinogenicity -Mice**

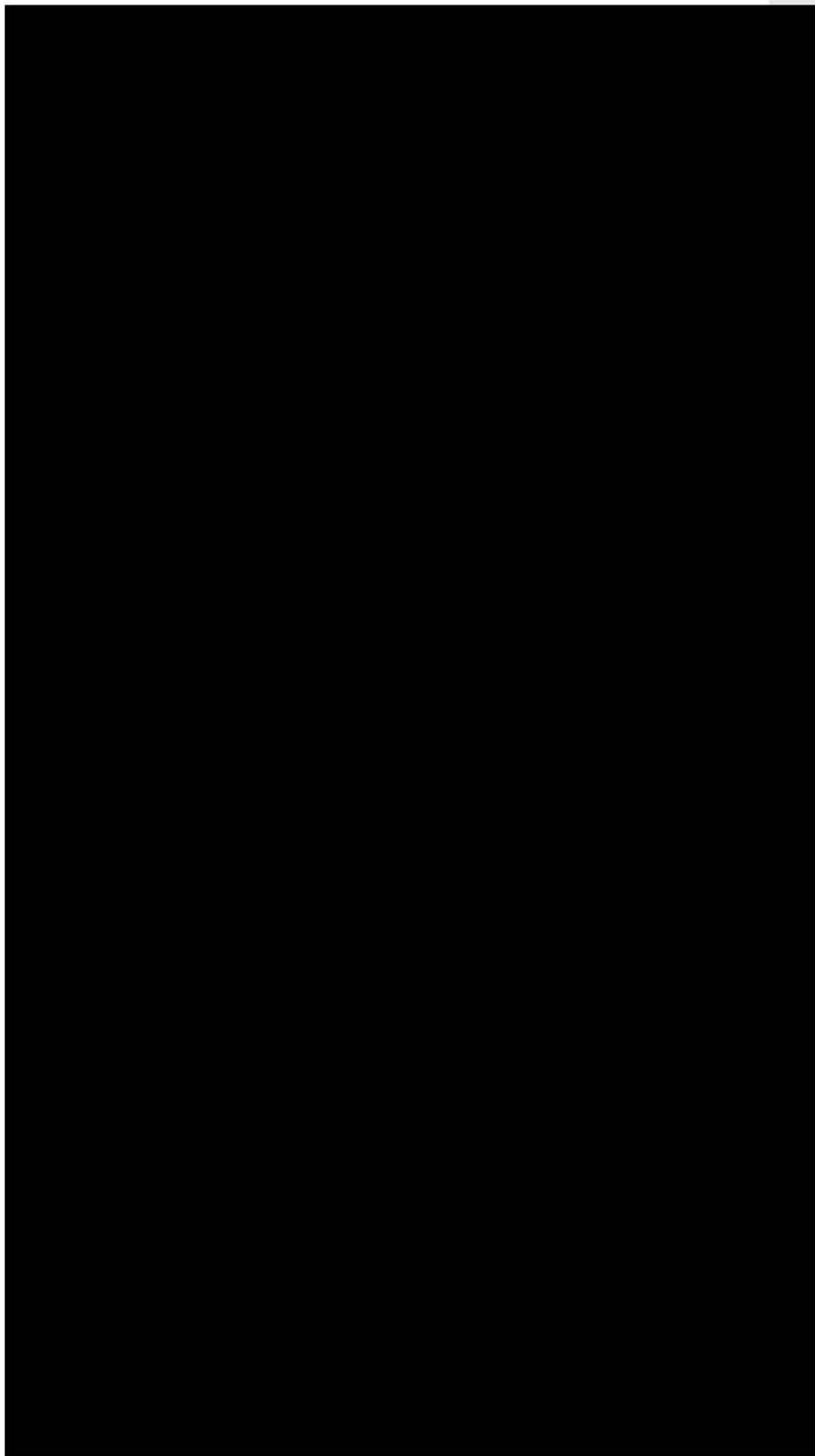
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5 APPLICANT'S SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

5.1 Materials and methods



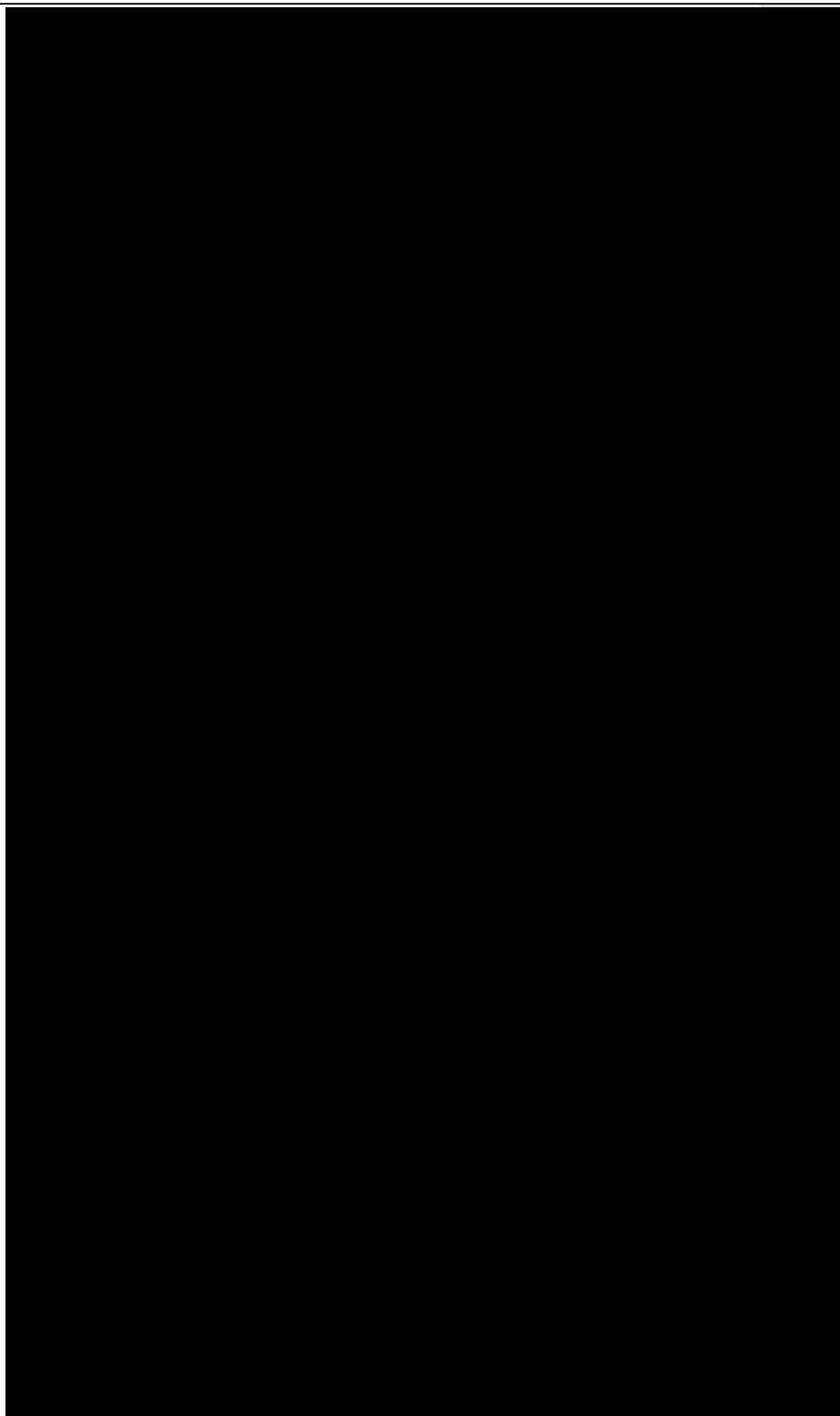
5.2 Results and discussion

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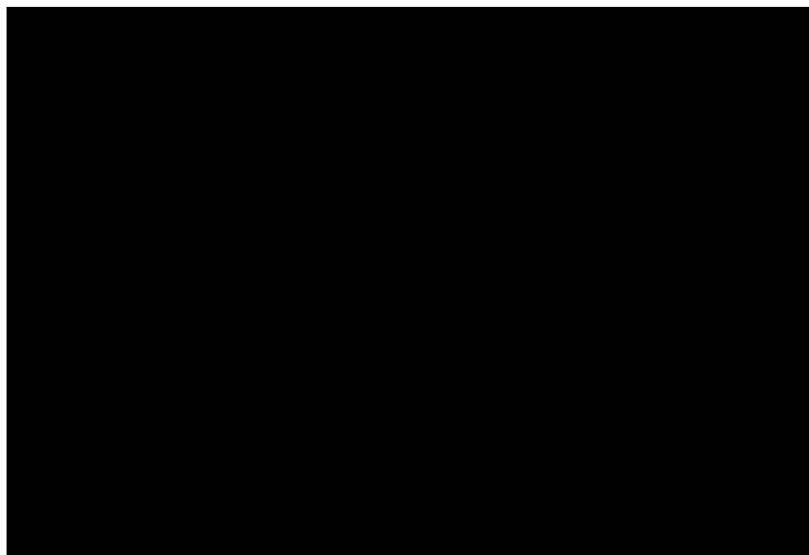
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5.3 Conclusion



It is concluded that in the study, the no-effect level was at least [redacted] in males (equivalent to ca. 40 mg/kg bw/day) and [redacted] in females (equivalent to 164 mg/kg bw/day).

5.3.1 Reliability [redacted]

5.3.2 Deficiencies [redacted]

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Date

Materials and Methods

Results and discussion

Conclusion

Reliability

Acceptability

Remarks

